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SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

HARRIMAN ALASKA SERIES

VOLUME XIV

Monograph of the Shallow-water Starfishes of the North Pacific Coast from the Arctic Ocean to California

(WITH 110 PLATES)

BY

ADDISON EMERY VERRILL
Professor Emeritus of Yale University

PART 2. PLATES



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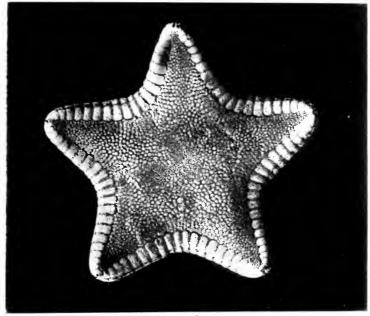
Shallow-water Starfishes of the North Pacific Coast from the Arctic Ocean to California

PLATES I-CX WITH EXPLANATIONS

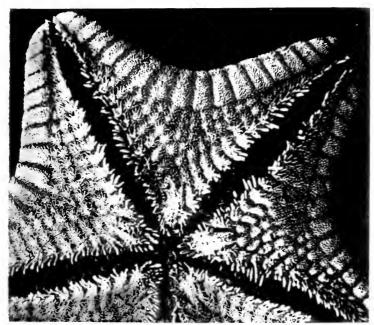
PLATE I.

Fig. 1. Glyphaster anomalus (Fisher). Dorsal side; \times 2. Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; \times 4. Alaska, Harriman Expedition.

1



2



1.2. GLYPHASTER ANOMALUS (Fisher)

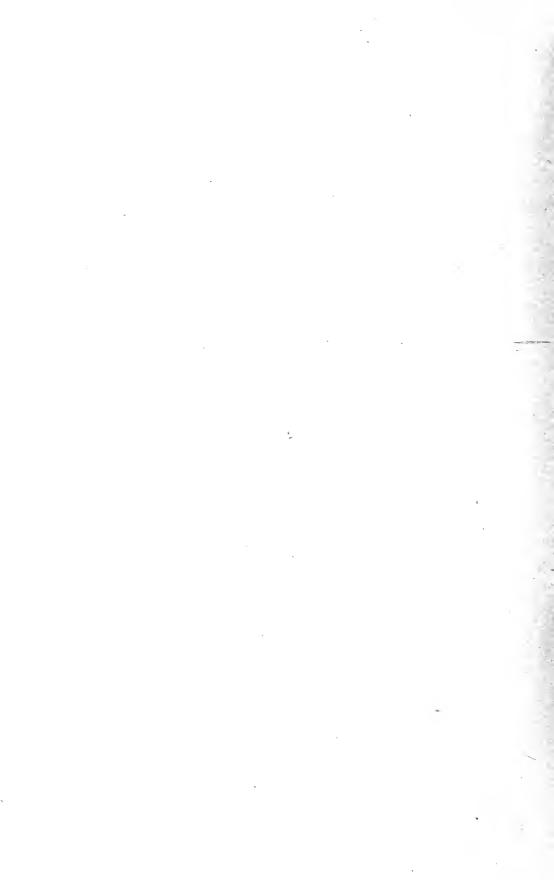
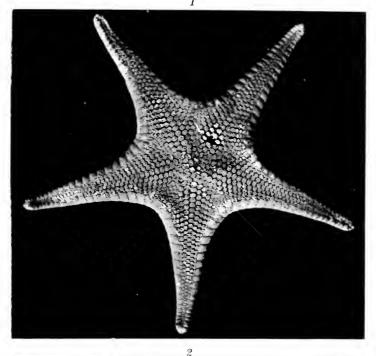
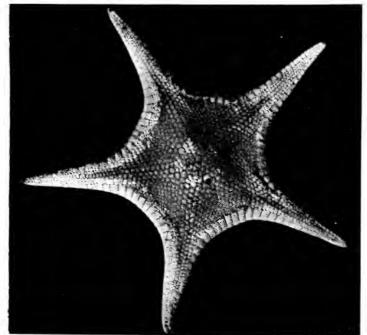


PLATE II.

Fig. 1. Mediaster æqualis Stimpson. Dorsal side; about natural size.

Fig. 2. Mediaster bairdii Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; about natural size.





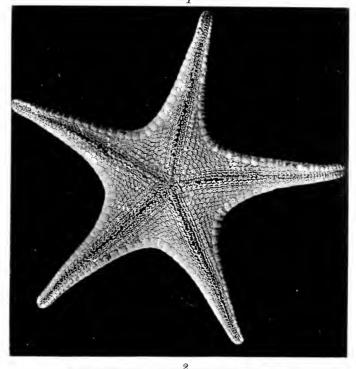
1. Mediaster æqualis Stimpson 2. Mediaster bairdii Verrill. Type

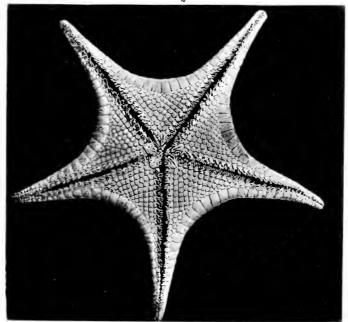




PLATE III.

Fig. 1. Mediaster æqualis Stimpson. Ventral side; about natural size. Fig. 2. Mediaster bairdii Verrill. Type. Ventral side; about natural size.





1. Mediaster æqualis Stimpson

2. Mediaster bairdii Verrill. Type



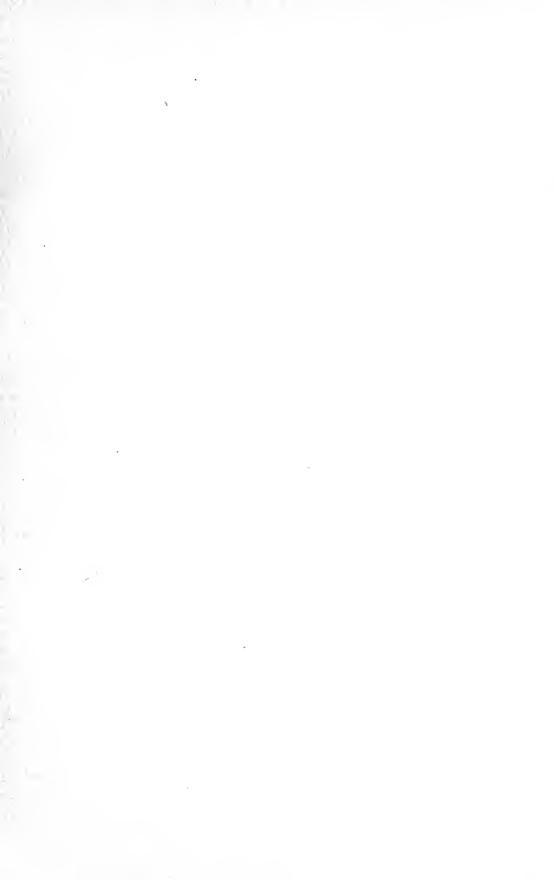


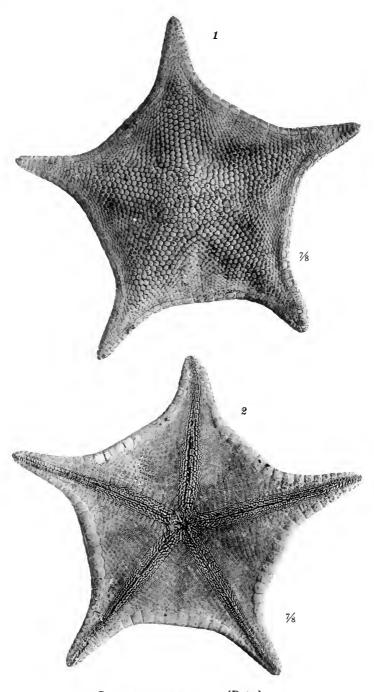
PLATE IV.

Fig. 1. Ceramaster granularis (Retz.) Verrill. Dorsal side; about 3% natural size. West Atlantic. Station 2506.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Ventral side; about 1/8 natural size.

(10)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE IV



I, 2. CERAMASTER GRANULARIS (Retz.)

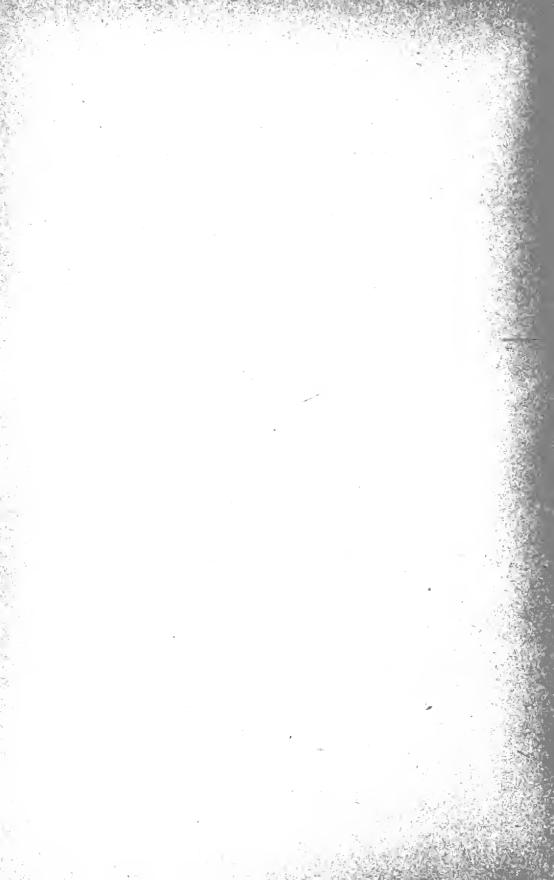
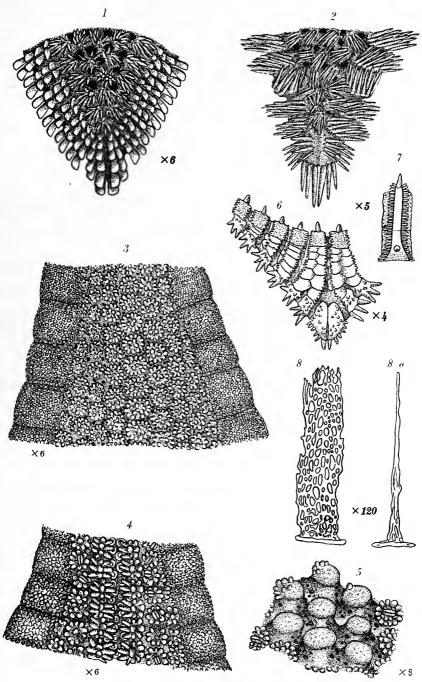




PLATE V.

- Fig. 1. Henricia leviuscula, var. spatulifera Verrill. Type. One of the actinal interradial areas, jaws, and proximal adambulacral spines; × 6. Monterey. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. Crossaster papposus (Linn.) M. & Trosch. An interradial area and jaw; enlarged.
- Figs. 3, 4. Mediaster aqualis Stimpson. Portions of dorsal and actinal sides of a ray; × 6.
- Fig. 5. The same. Portion of dorsal side of a ray with spinules removed, showing plates and papular areas; × 8.
- Fig. 6. Ctenodiscus crispatus (Retz.) D. & Kor. Portion of an interradial area, inferomarginal plates, and jaws; after Ludwig, from a Bering Sea specimen; × 4.
- Fig. 7. The same. Front view of upper and under marginal plates; × 5.

 From the same.
- Figs. 8, 8a. The same. One of the fasciolar spinules, side and profile views; × 120. From the same.



I. HENRICIA LEVIUSCULA, var. SPATULIFERA Verrill. Type

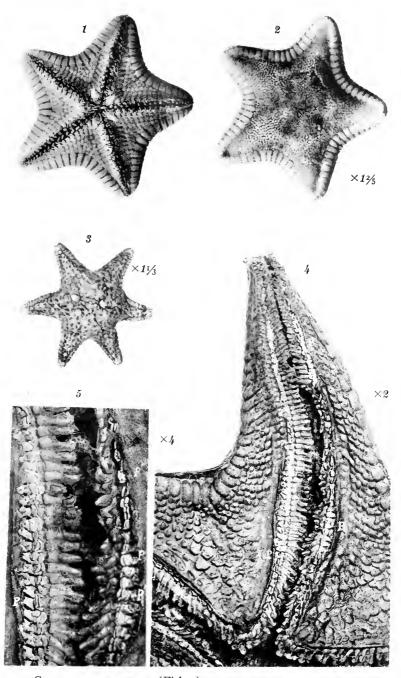
- 2. Crossaster papposus (Linn.)
- 3, 4, 5. MEDIASTER ÆQUALIS Stimpson
- 6, 7, 8. CTENODISCUS CRISPATUS (Retz.)



PLATE VI.

- Fig. 1. Glyphaster anomalus (Fisher) Verrill. Actinal side; × 13/5. British Columbia.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; × 1%.
- Fig. 3. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube) Perrier. A young specimen, six-rayed. Dorsal side; × 11/3.
- Fig. 4. The same, adult. Details of ventral side; P, P, pedicellariæ; X 2.
- Fig. 5. The same specimen. Portion more enlarged. P, P, bivalved pedicellariæ; P', P', trivalved pedicellariæ; × 4.

(14)



I, 2. GLYPHASTER ANOMALUS (Fisher)

- 3. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube). A young six-rayed specimen
- 4, 5. The same, adult. Details of ventral side



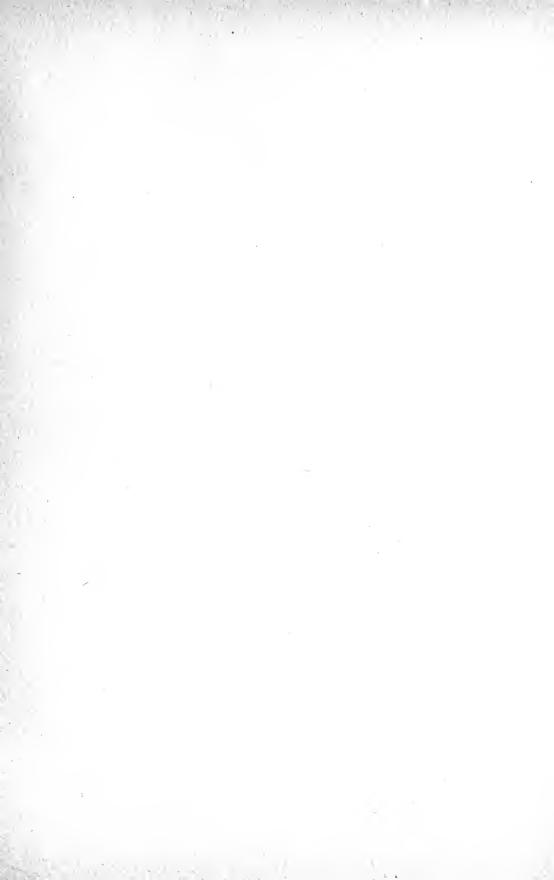


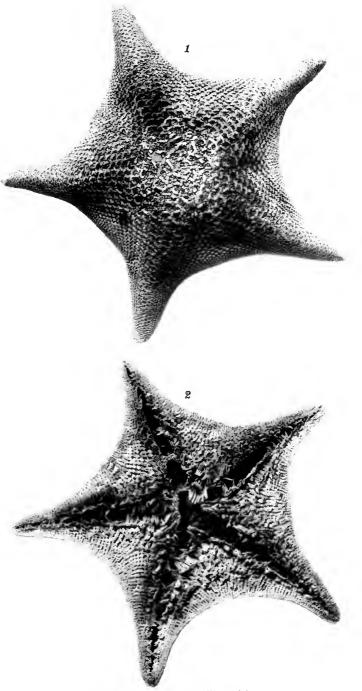
PLATE VII.

Fig. 1. Patiria miniata (Brandt) Verrill. Dorsal side; about 3/4 natural size.

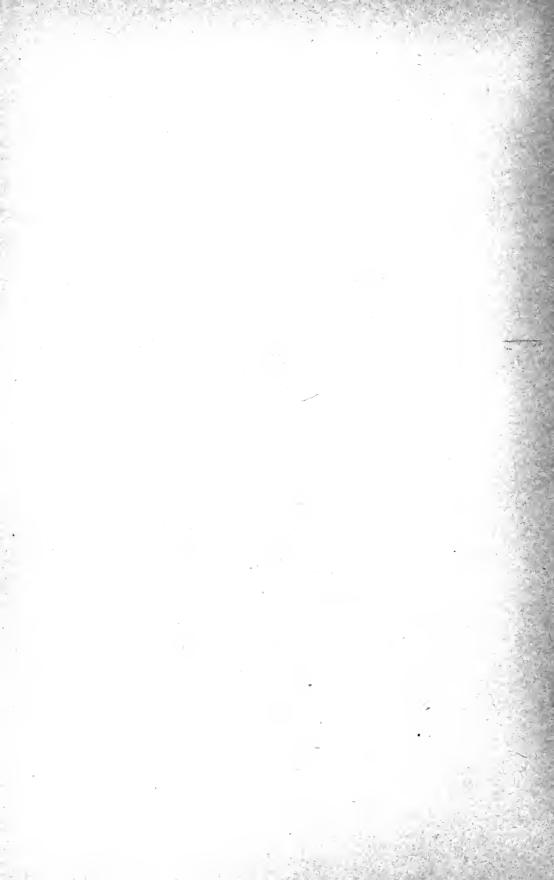
Fig. 2. The same specimen. Ventral side. Yale Mus.

(16)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE VII



I, 2. PATIRIA MINIATA (Brandt)



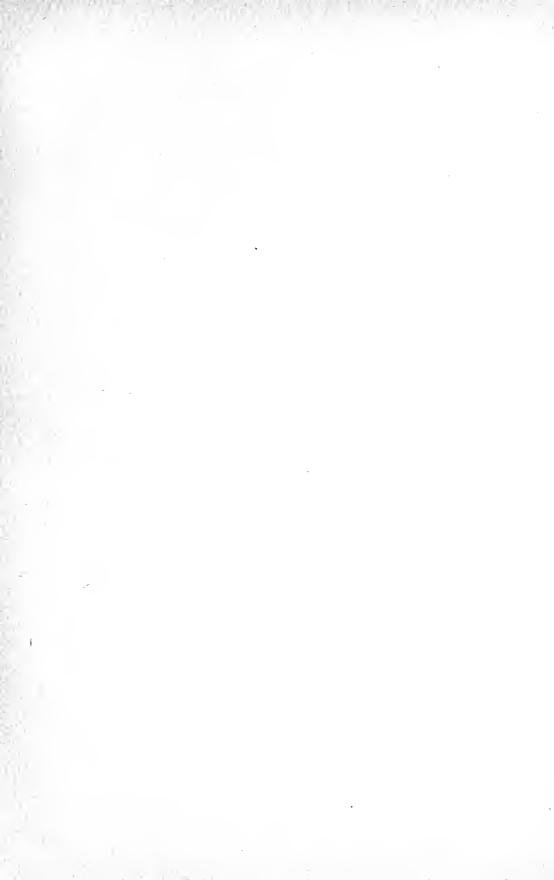


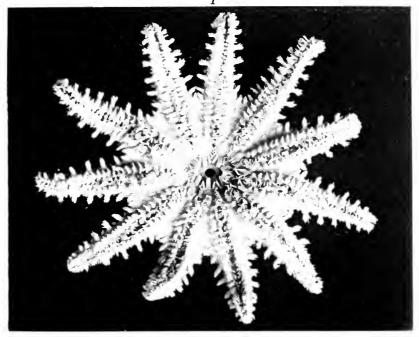
PLATE VIII.

Fig. 1. Crossaster papposus (Linn.) M. & Troschel. A young specimen, in alcohol. Ventral side; × 134.

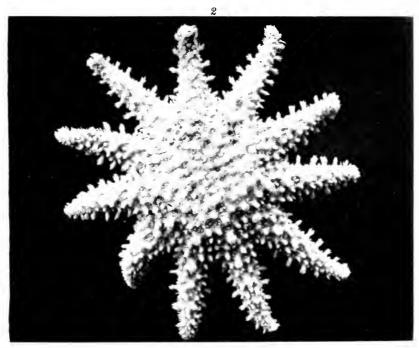
Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; × 1%. Berg Bay. Yale Mus.

(18)

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×13/4



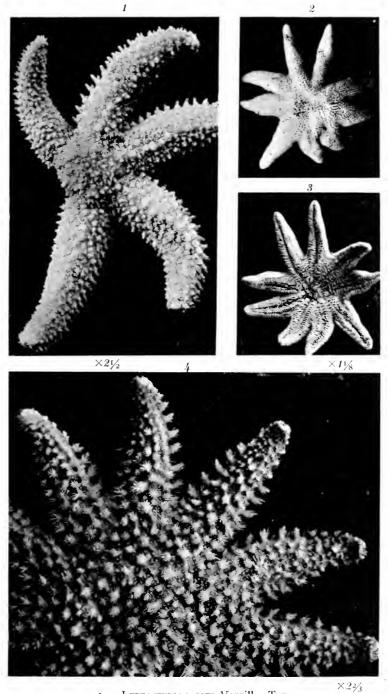
1, 2. Crossaster papposus (Linn.)



PLATE IX.

- Fig. 1. Leptasterias coei Verrill. Type. In alcohol; $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$. Alaska, Harriman Expedition. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. Solaster endeca (Linn.) Forbes. Young. Dorsal side; X 11/4. Harriman Expedition.
- Fig. 3. The same specimen. Ventral side; X 11/8. Juneau, 20 fathoms.
- Fig. 4. Crossaster papposus (Linn.) M. & Troschel. Details of dorsal side of a young specimen in alcohol; × 23/3. Berg Bay, Harriman Expedition. Yale Mus.

(20)



1. Leptasterias coei Verrill. Type

2, 3. Solaster endeca (Linn.)

4. Crossaster papposus (Linn.)



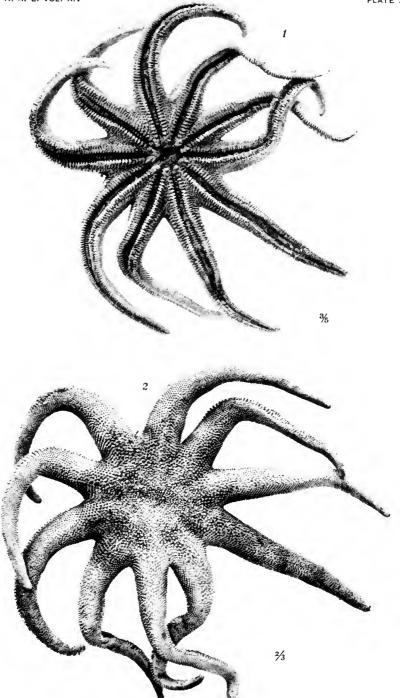


PLATE X.

Fig. 1. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Type. Actinal side; about % natural size. British Columbia. No. 5136. Yale Mus.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; about 3/3 natural size.

(22)



1, 2. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Type. No. 5407, Yale Mus.

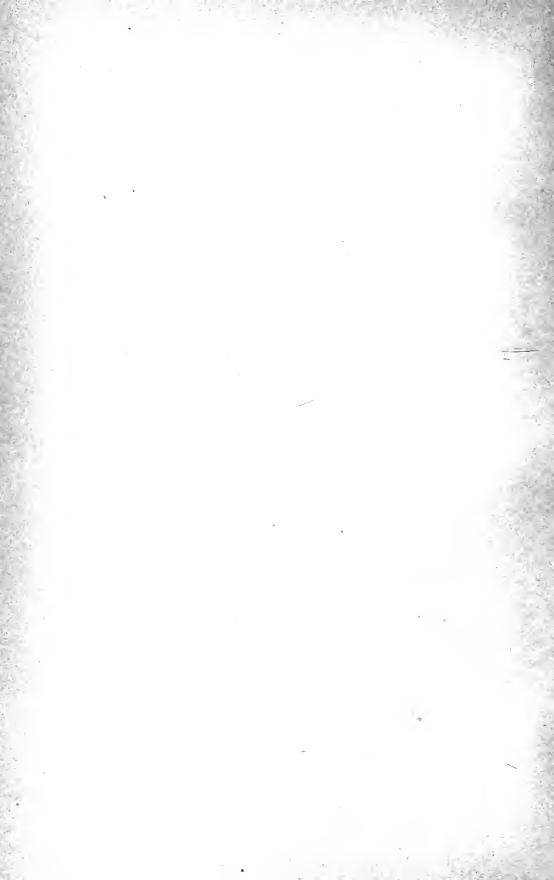


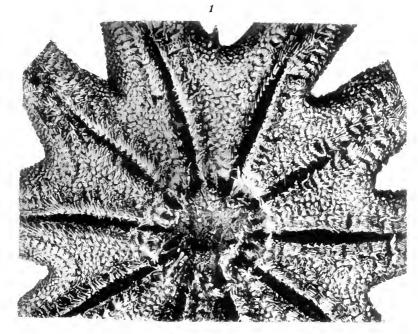


PLATE XI.

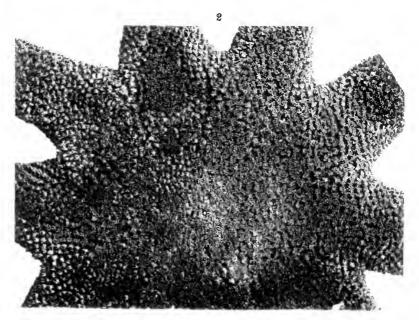
Fig. 1. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Cotype. Details of actinal side; \times 146. Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; \times 146.

(24)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XI



×14/5



1, 2. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Cotype

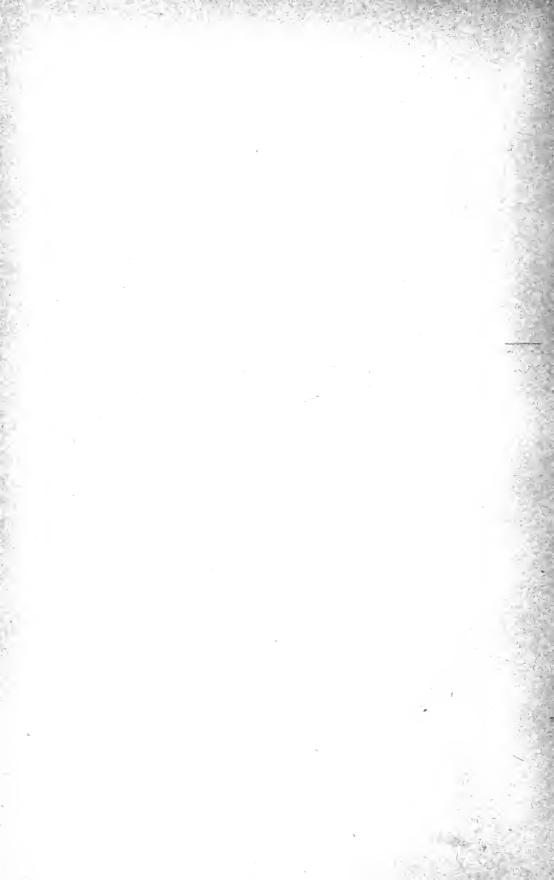


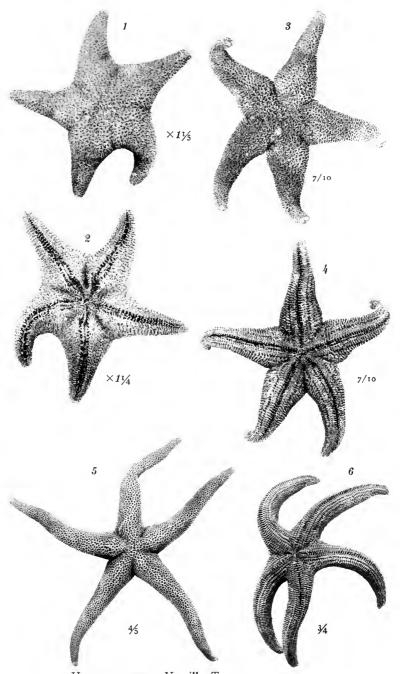


PLATE XII.

- Fig. 1. Henricia tumida Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; X 11/6. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$.
- Fig. 3. Henricia tumida borealis Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; about 7/10 natural size Dutch Harbor. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 4. The same specimen. Actinal side; 7/10 natural size.
- Fig. 5. Henricia leviuscula (Stimpson). Typical form. Dorsal side; % natural size.
- Fig. 6. Henricia leviuscula (Stimpson), var. dyscrita Fisher. Actinal side; 3/4 natural size.

(26)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XII



- 1, 2. HENRICIA TUMIDA Verrill. Type
- 3, 4. HENRICIA TUMIDA BOREALIS Verrill. Type
- 5. HENRICIA LEVIUSCULA (Stimpson)
- 6. HENRICIA LEVIUSCULA (Stimpson), var. DYSCRITA Fisher

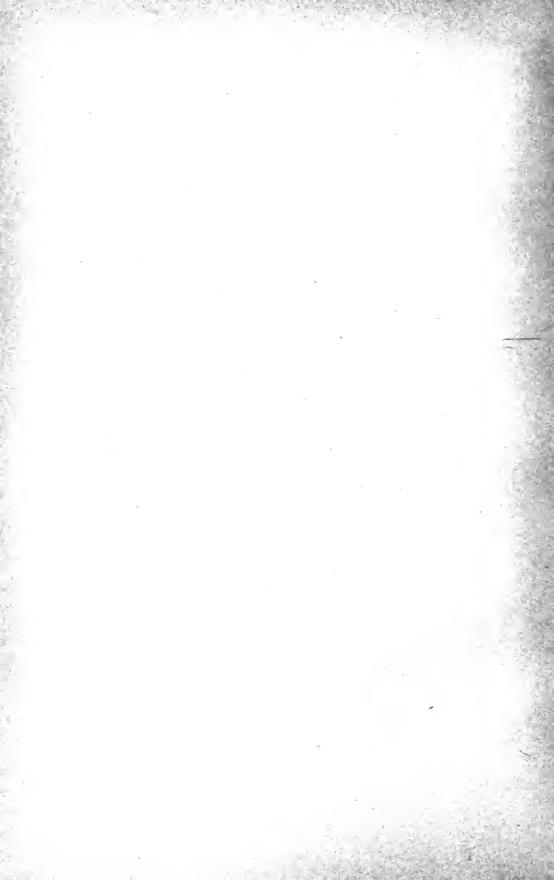




PLATE XIII.

Fig. 1. Henricia leviuscula (Stimpson). Details of dorsal side of the typical form; \times 134. Yale Mus.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Ventral side; with spines partly removed; × 134. Yale Mus.

(28)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XIII

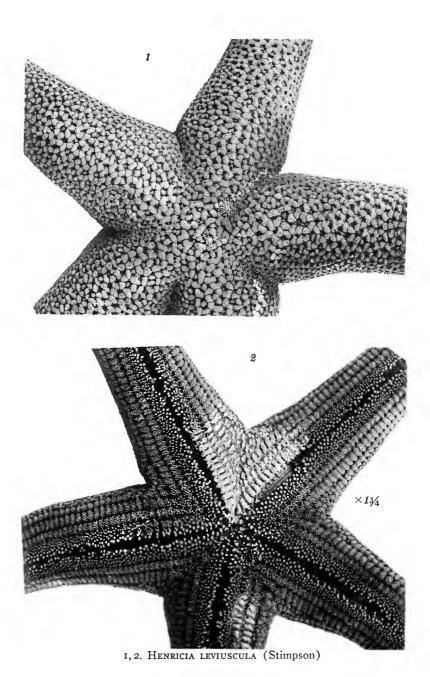


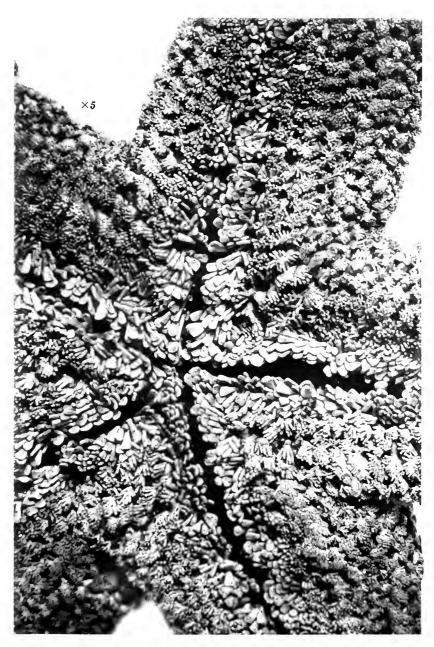


PLATE XIV.

Fig. 1. Henricia leviuscula, var. spatulifera Verrill. Type. Details of ventral side; \times 5. Monterey, Calif. Yale Mus., No. 2238.

(30)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XIV



1. Henricia Leviuscula, var. spatulifera Verrill. Type





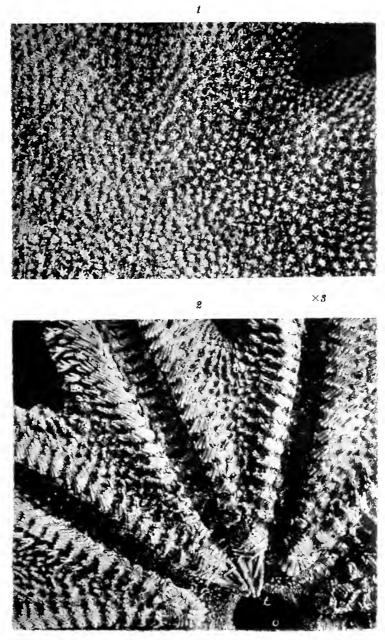
PLATE XV.

Fig. 1. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Type. Same specimen as on pl. x (No. 5407, Yale Mus.). Details of dorsal side of disk; X 3. Yale Mus.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Details of actinal side; O, mouth; t, peroral spines; \times 3.

(32)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XV



1, 2. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Typc. No. 5407, Yale Mus.



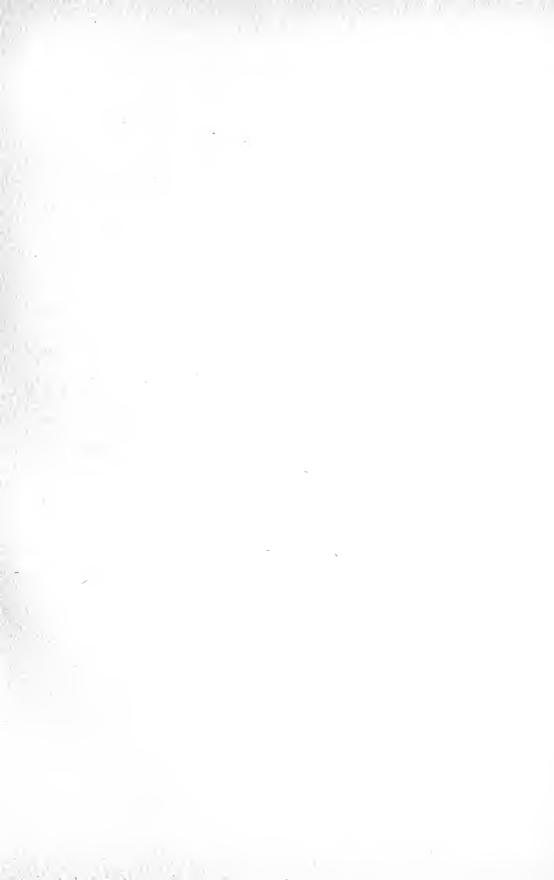
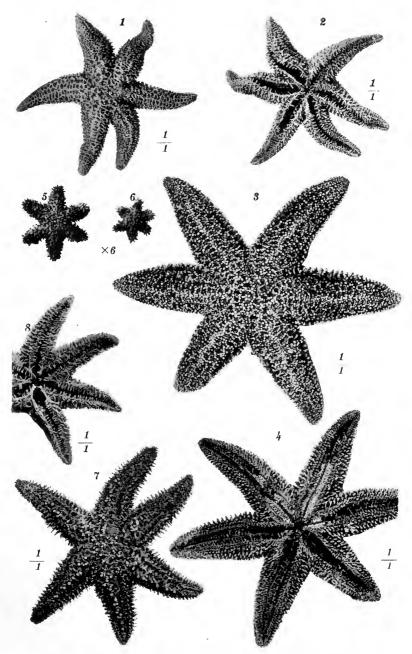


PLATE XVI.

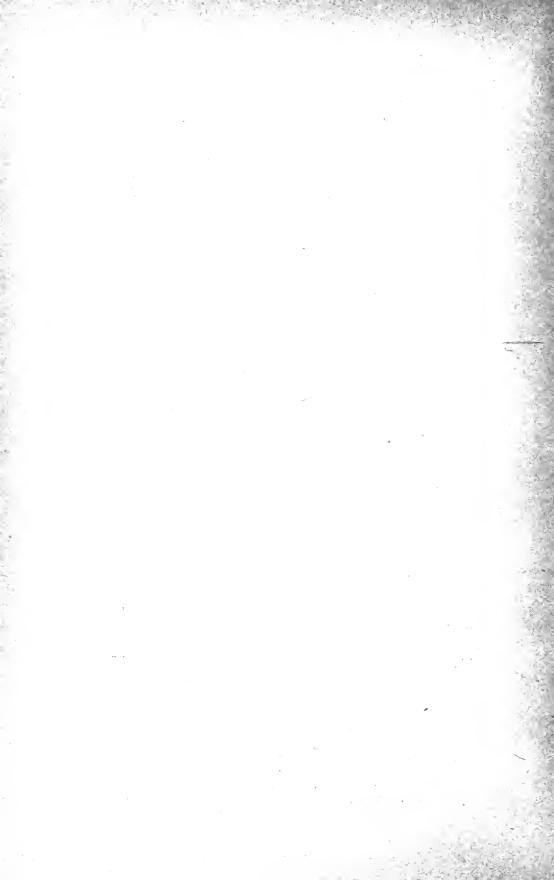
- Fig. 1. Leptasterias epichlora alaskensis, var. carinella Verrill. Young. Dorsal side; natural size.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; natural size. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 3. The same, var. siderea Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; about natural size.
- Fig. 4. The same specimen. Actinal side; about natural size. Yale Mus.
- Figs. 5-6. The same. Very young stages; much enlarged (X about 6). Yale Mus.
- Fig. 7. Leptasterias dispar Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; about natural size. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 8. Leptasterias æqualis (Stimpson), var. Ventral side; about natural size.

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XVI



I, 2. LEPTASTERIAS EPICHLORA ALASKENSIS, VAT. CARINELLA Verrill

- 3-6. The same, var. SIDEREA Verrill. Type
- Leptasterias dispar Verrill. Type
 Leptasterias æqualis (Stimpson), var.



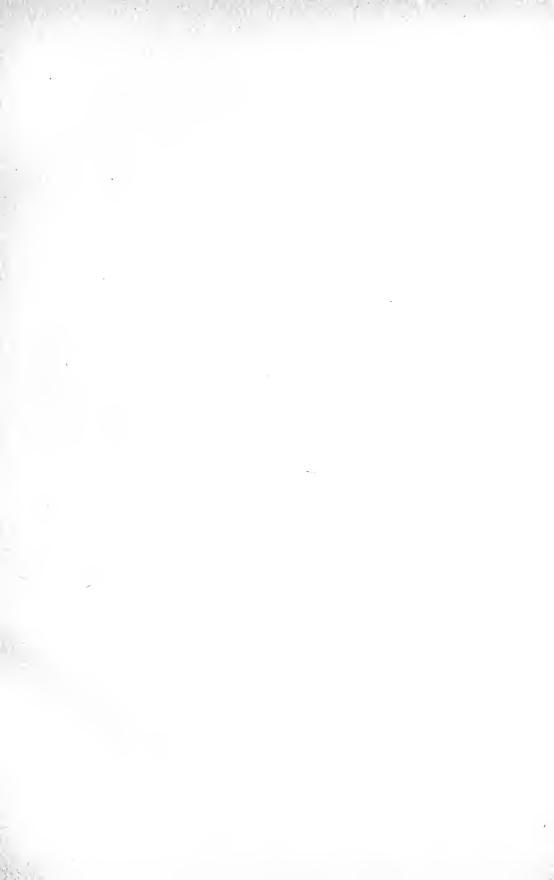
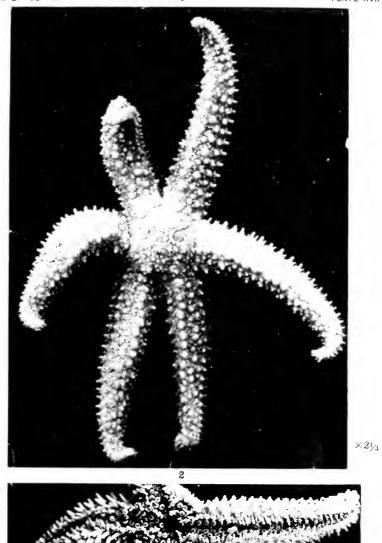


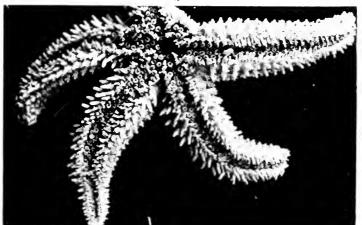
PLATE XVII.

Fig. 1. Leptasterias coei Verrill. Type. In alcohol. Dorsal side; × 21/4. Berg Bay. Yale Mus.

Fig. 2. The same. Cotype. Specimen with shorter rays from Berg Bay. Actinal view; $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$. Yale Mus.

(36)





×21/4

1, 2. Leptasterias coei Verrill. Type. Berg Bay. Yale Mus.

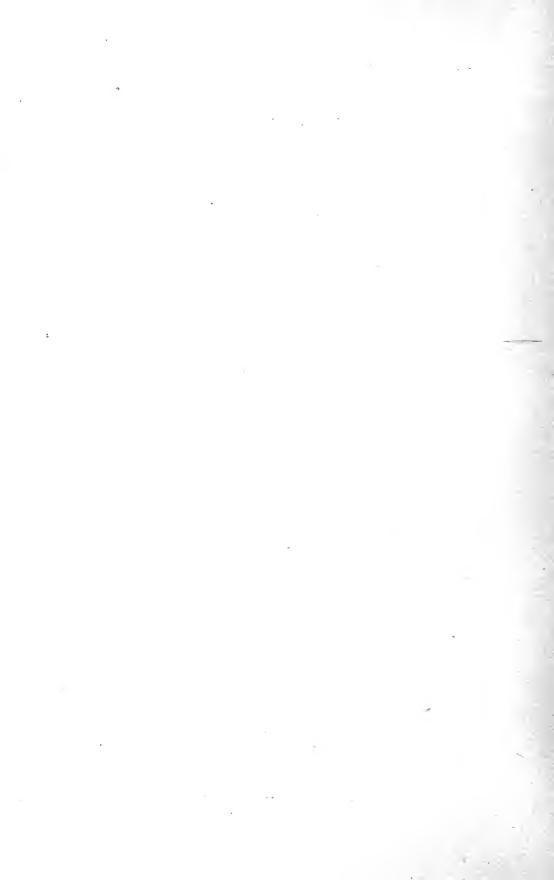
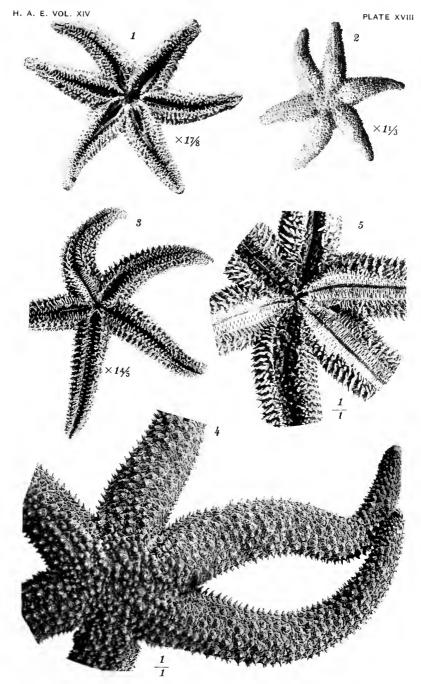


PLATE XVIII.

- Fig. 1. Leptasterias æqualis (Stimpson). Typical form, from Monterey Bay. Actinal side; × 17%.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; X 11/3.
- Fig. 3. Leptasterias leptalea Verrill. Type. Ventral side; X 1%. Sitka. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 4. Orthasterias merriami Verrill, sp. nov. Type. Dorsal side; about natural size.
- Fig. 5. The same specimen. Details. Actinal side; natural size. Juneau. Univ. of Calif.

(38)



1, 2. Leptasterias æqualis (Stimpson) 3. Leptasterias leptalea Verrill. Type 4, 5. Orthasterias merriami Verrill. Type

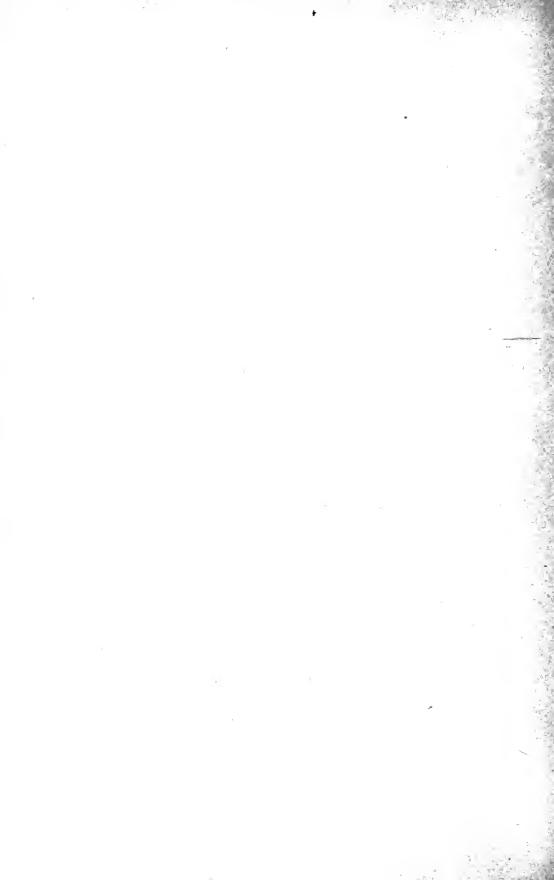




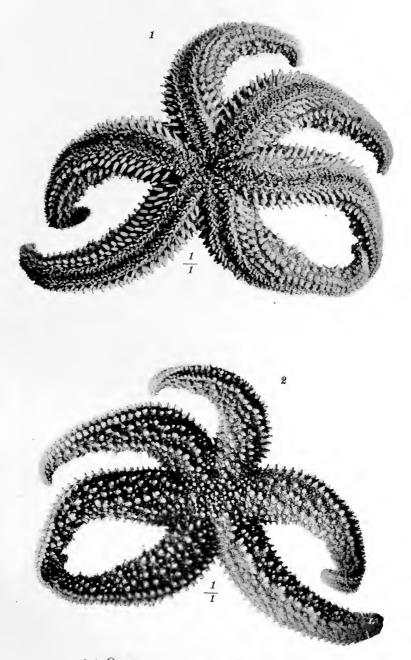
PLATE XIX.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias merriami Verrill. Type. In alcohol. Actinal side; natural size. Glacier Bay.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side. Yale Mus.

(40)

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I, 2. ORTHASTERIAS MERRIAMI Verrill. Cotype



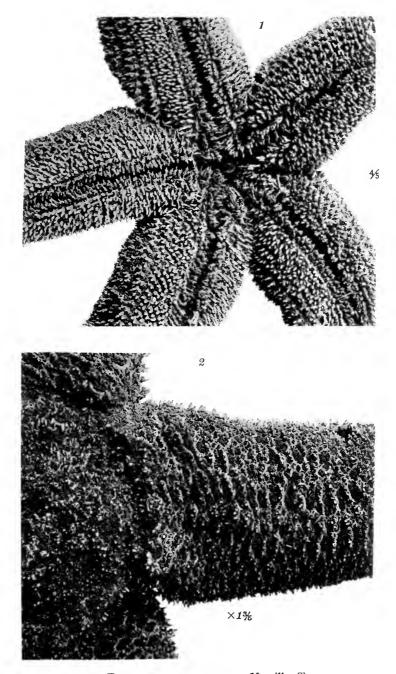


PLATE XX.

Fig. 1. Evasterias acanthostoma Verrill. Type. Actinal side; % natural size. Fig. 2. The same specimen. Portion of dorsal side; × 13/5. Popof Is., Alaska. Professor Ritter. Univ. Calif.

(42)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XX



1, 2. Evasterias acanthostoma Verrill. Type

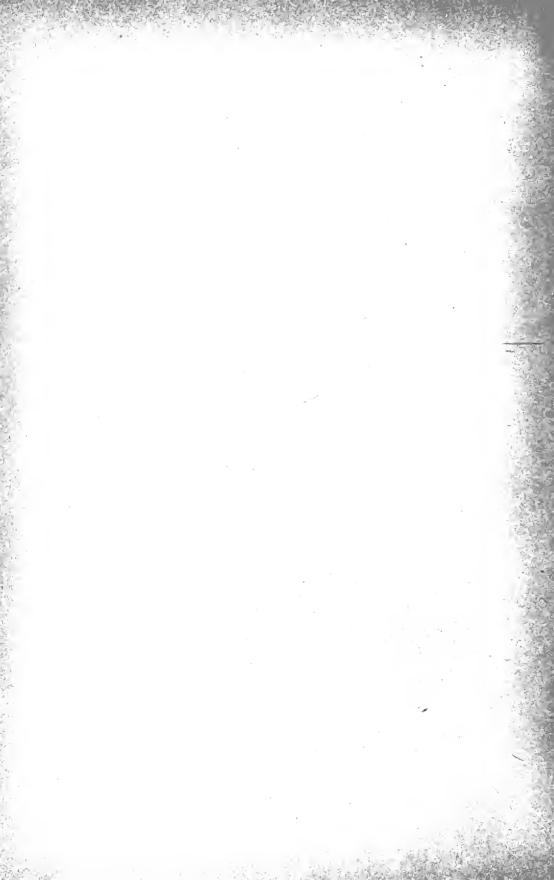
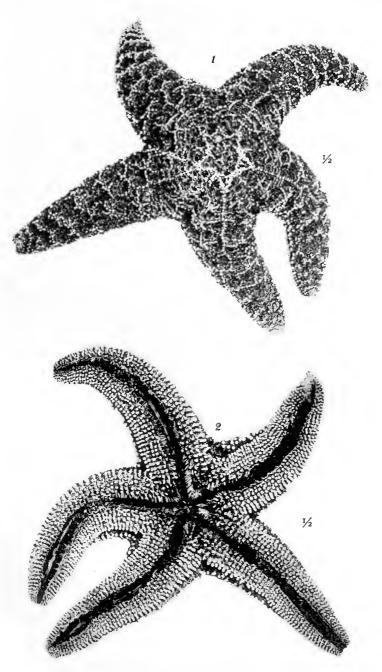




PLATE XXI.

Fig. 1. Pisaster ochraceus (Brandt). Dorsal side; about ½ natural size. Fig. 2. The same. Actinal side; ½ natural size.

(44)



I, 2. PISASTER OCHRACEUS (Brandt)

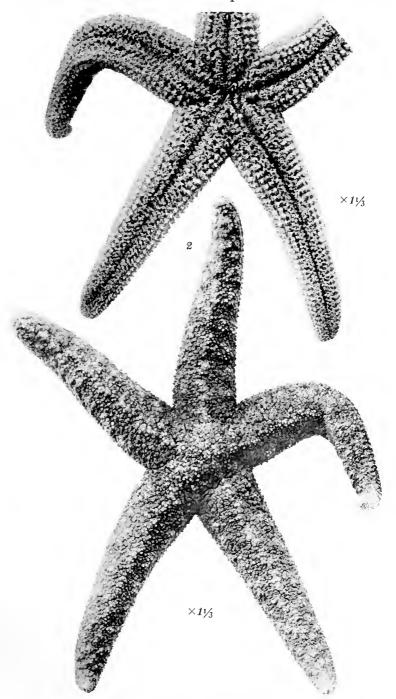


PLATE XXII.

Fig. 1. Evasterias troschelii (Stimpson). Typical form, in alcohol. Actinal side; \times 1½.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; X 11/3. Sitka. Yale Mus.

(46)



1, 2. Evasterias troschelii (Stimpson)



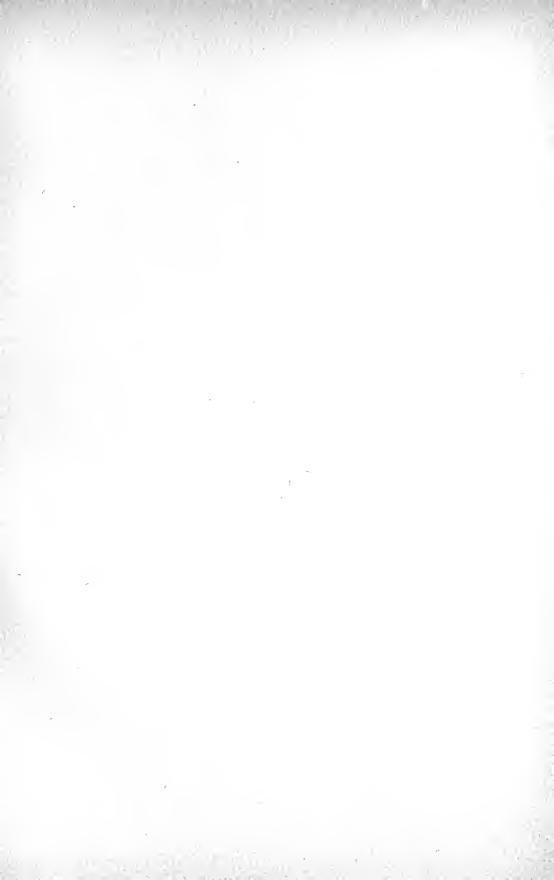
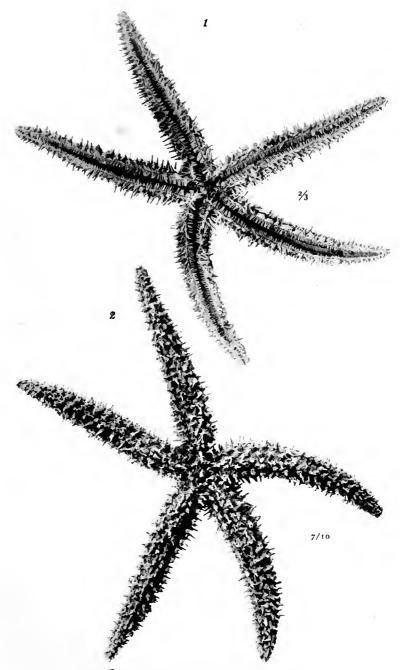


PLATE XXIII.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias dawsoni Verrill. Type. Ventral side; ¾ natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side; 7/10 natural size. British Columbia,
Canadian Geol. Survey.

(48)



1, 2. Orthasterias dawsoni Verrill. Type



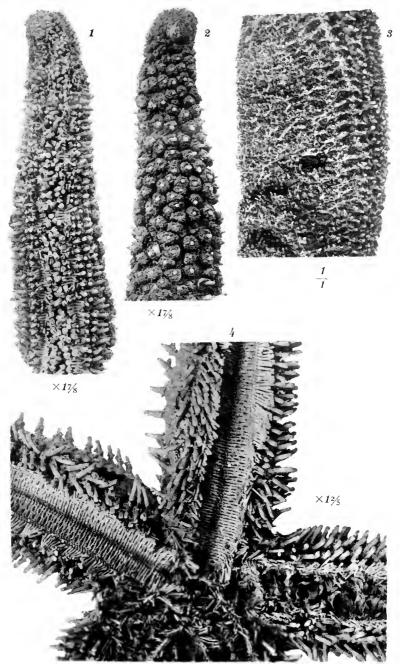


PLATE XXIV.

- Fig. 1. Orthosterias columbiana Verrill. Type. In alcohol. Actinal side of a ray; × 176.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side of a ray; X 17%. Yale Mus. Same specimen as pl. xix.
- Fig. 3. Evasterias acanthostoma Verrill. Type. Part of a ray (dry), side view; about natural size. Univ. Calif.
- Fig. 4. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Details of actinal side; X 1%. Yakutat, Alaska. Yale Mus.

(50)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXIV



1, 2. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Type

- 3. Evasterias acanthostoma Verrill. Type
- 4. ORTHASTERIAS COLUMBIANA Verrill

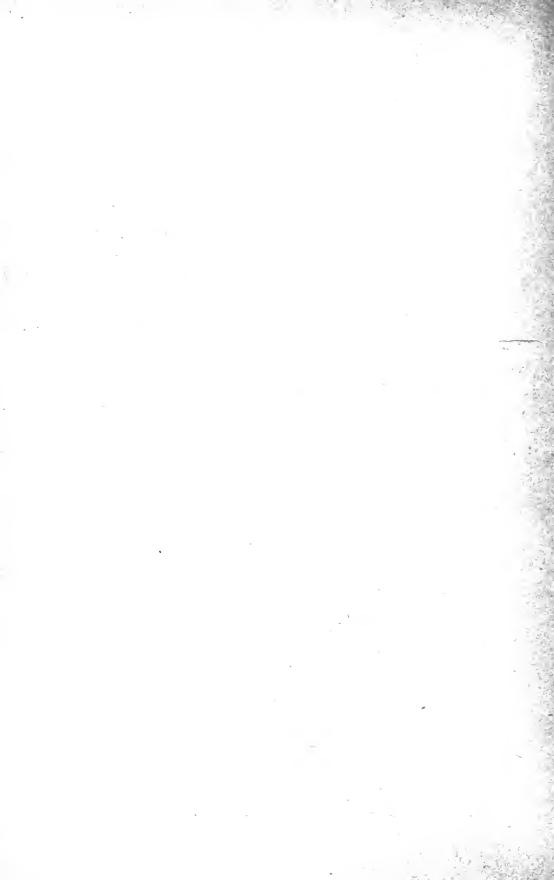
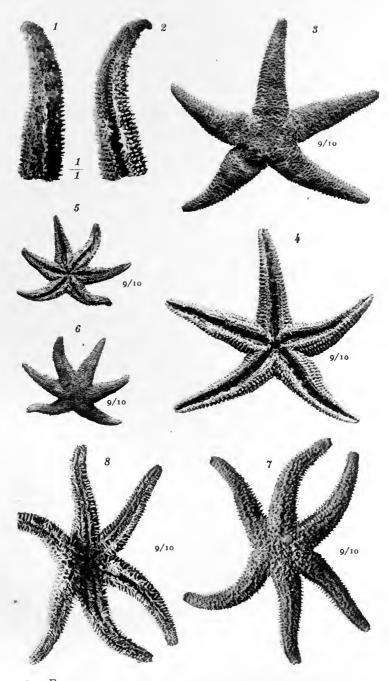




PLATE XXV.

- Fig. 1. Evasterias troschelii. Type of Stimpson. Part of a ray, dorsal side; about 9/10 natural size.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Ventral side. U. S. Nat. Mus.
- Figs. 3, 4. Ctenasterias cribraria (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson. Dorsal and ventral sides; about 9/10 natural size.
- Figs. 5, 6. Leptasterias æqualis (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson. Ventral side; about 9/10 natural size. U. S. Nat. Mus.
- Figs. 7, 8. Leptasterias hexactis (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson. Ventral side; about 9/10 natural size. U. S. Nat. Mus.

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I, 2. EVASTERIAS TROSCHELII (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson

- 3, 4. CTENASTERIAS CRIBRARIA (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson 5, 6. LEPTASTERIAS ÆQUALIS (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson 7, 8. LEPTASTERIAS HEXACTIS (Stimpson). Type of Stimpson



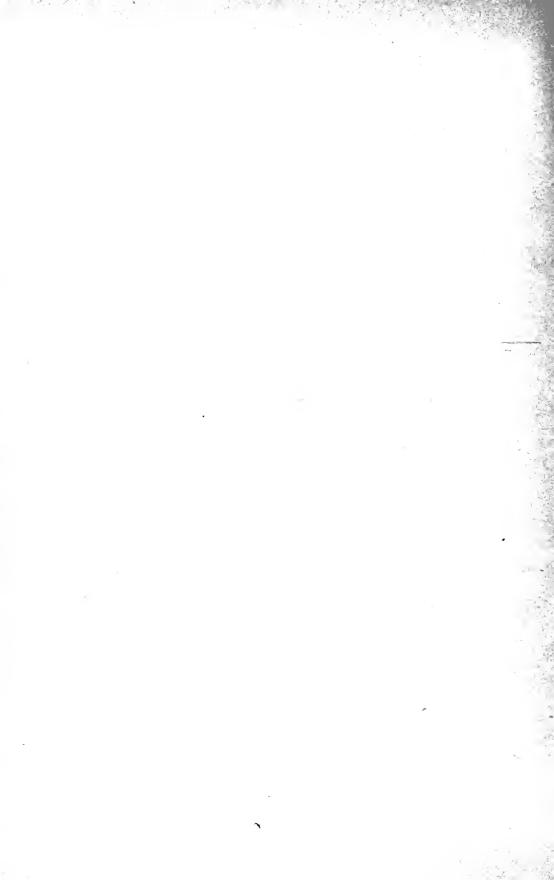
PLATE XXVI.

- Fig. 1. Evasterias troschelii Stimpson. Typical form from Sitka. Dorsal side; about ½ natural size.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Details of actinal side; \times 1%. Yakutat. Yale Mus.

(54)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXVI 1/2

1. 2. Evasterias troschelii (Stimpson)



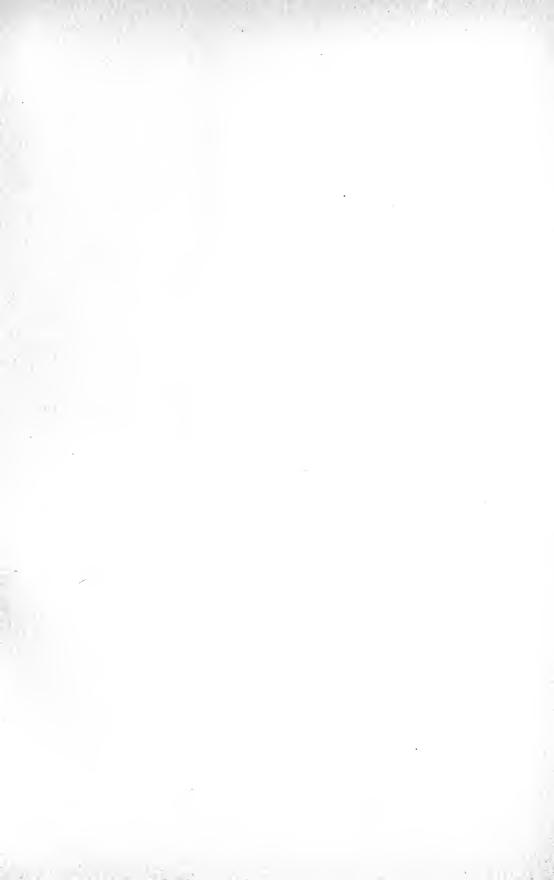


PLATE XXVII.

- Fig. 1. Asterias acervata Stimpson. Type. Dorsal side; about % natural size. U. S. Nat. Mus.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Ventral side; about % natural size.

(56)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV



1. ASTERIAS ACERVATA Stimpson. Type

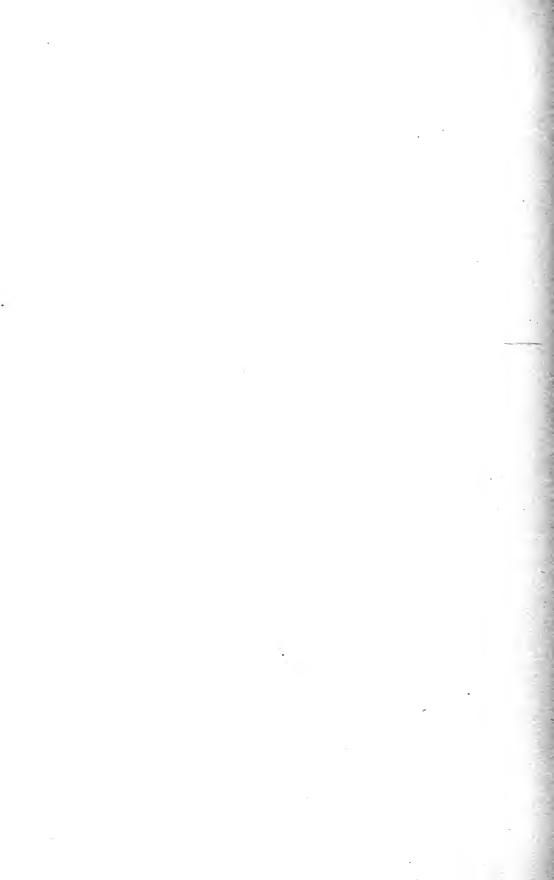


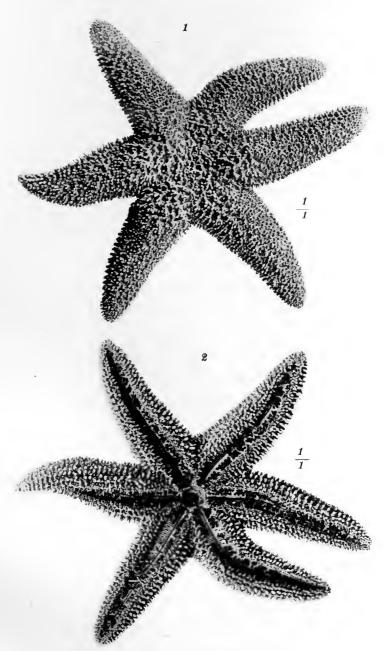


PLATE XXVIII.

- Fig. 1. Leptasterias epichlora alaskensis Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; natural size.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Ventral side; natural size. Yale Mus.

(58)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV



I, 2. Leptasterias epichlora alaskensis Verrill. Type

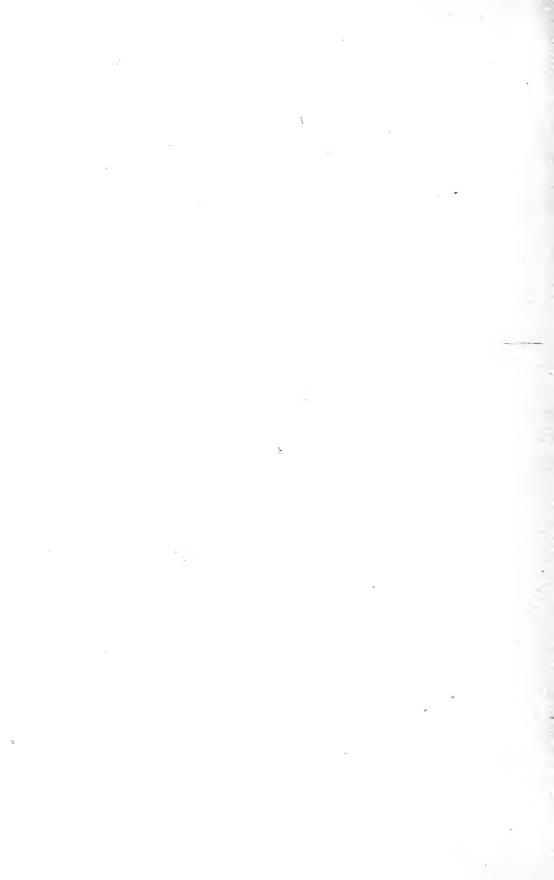
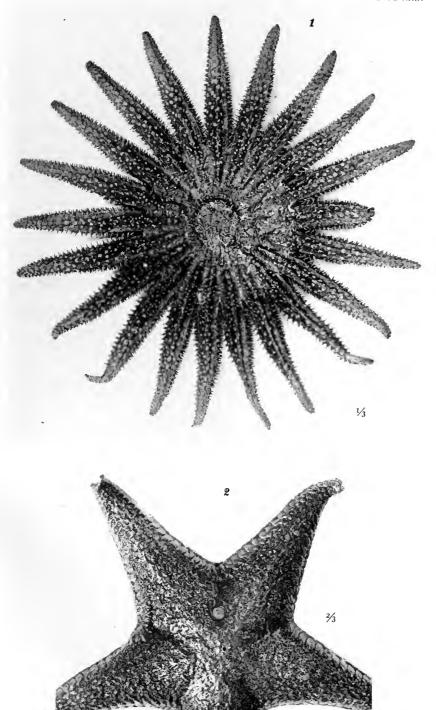




PLATE XXIX.

- Fig. 1. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt) Stimpson. Actinal side; about 1/3 natural size. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube) Perrier. Dorsal side; 3/3 natural size. Yale Mus.

(60)



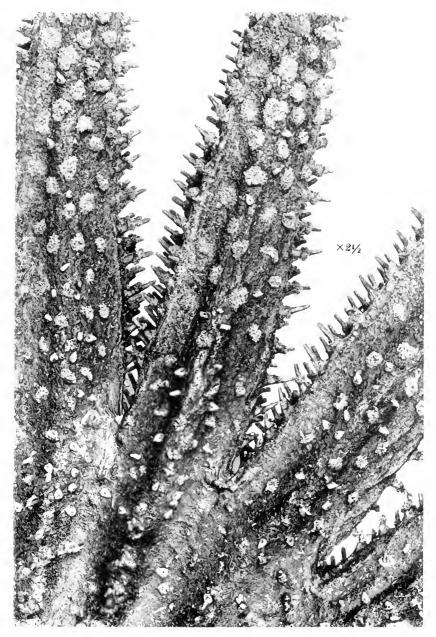
1. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt)
2. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube)

PLATE XXX.

Fig. 1. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt) Stimpson. Same specimen as pl. xxix, fig. 1. Details of dorsal side; $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$.

(62)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXX



Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt)

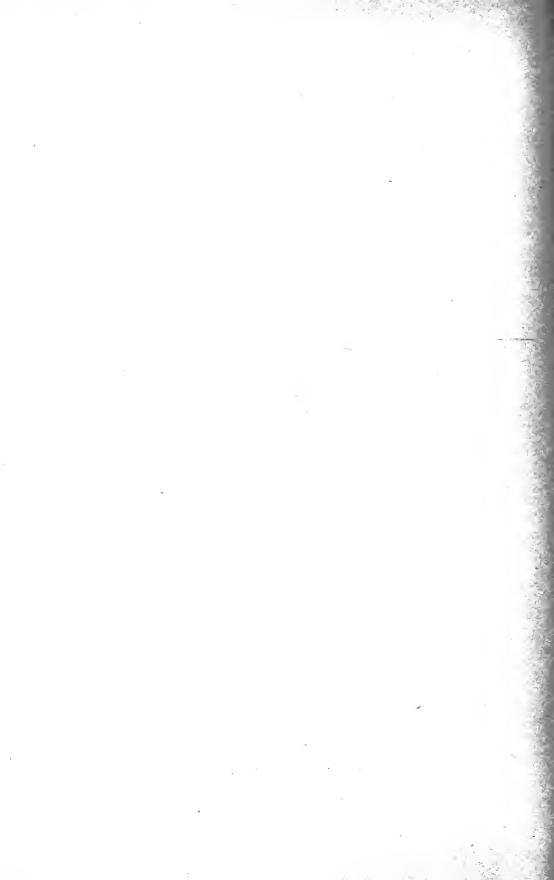




PLATE XXXI.

- Fig. 1. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt). Young, in alcohol. Dorsal side; × about 5.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side. These figures show the interbudding of new rays, symmetrically to a median plane indicated by the arrows; a, a', last-formed rays; b, b', previous or first pair of interpolated rays, one on either side of a primary odd ray.

(64)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXXI



I, 2. Pycnopodia Helianthoides (Brandt). Young, in alcohol

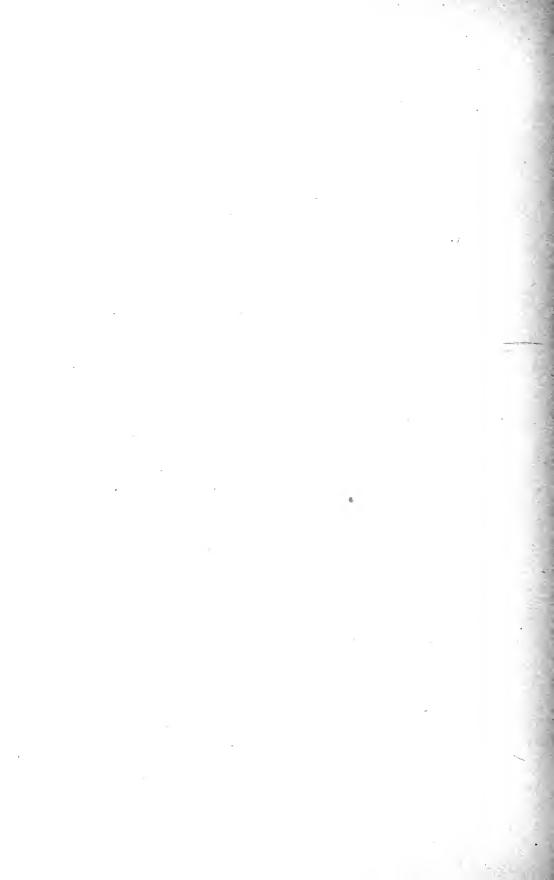




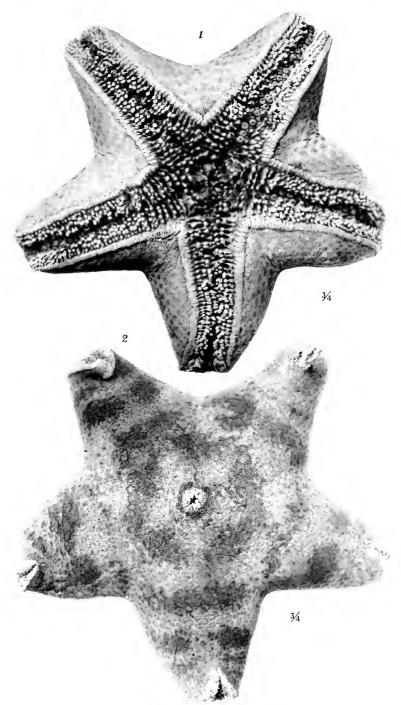
PLATE XXXII.

Fig. 1. Pteraster tesselatus Ives. Ventral side of an alcoholic specimen; about 34 natural size.

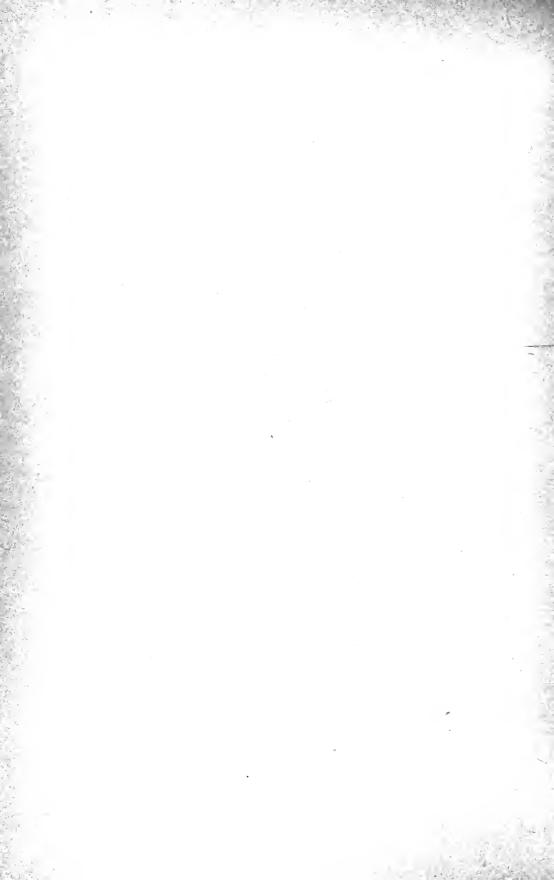
Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side. Yale Mus.

(66)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXXII



PTERASTER TESSELATUS Ives



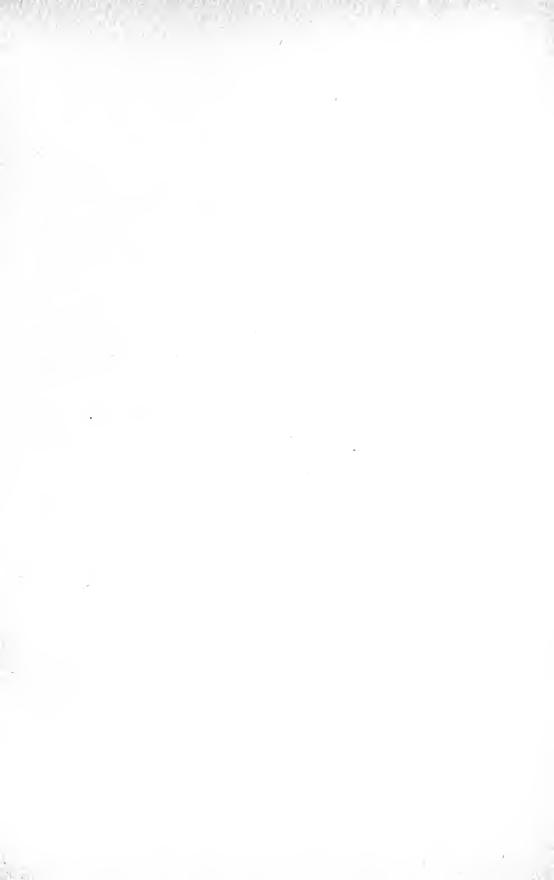
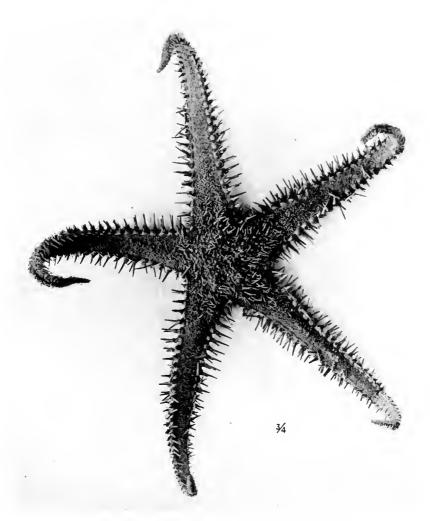


PLATE XXXIII.

Fig. 1. Luidiaster dawsoni (Verrill) Ludwig. Type. Dorsal side; about 34 natural size. Canadian Geol. Survey.

(68)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXXIII



Luidiaster dawsoni (Verrill) Ludwig. Type

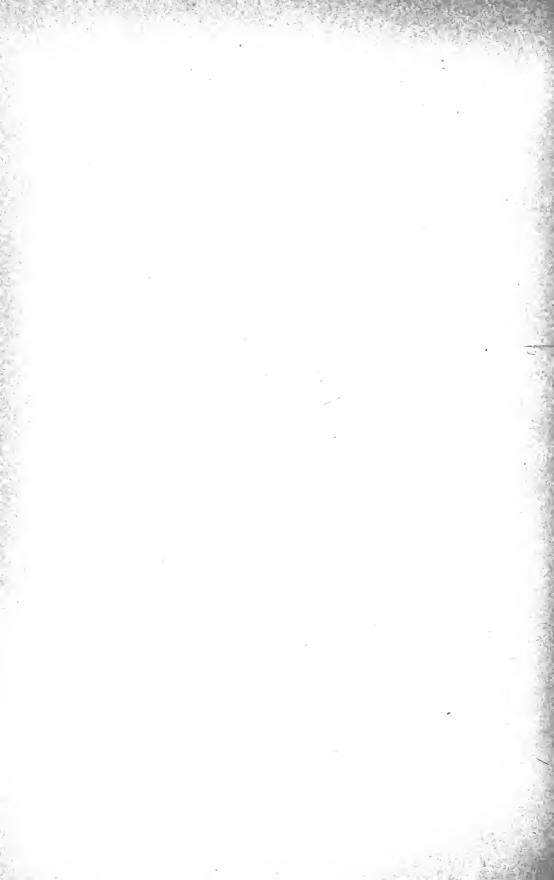


PLATE XXXIV.

Fig. 1. The same specimen as pl. xxxIII. Details of lower side of disk; P, P, P, pectinate or fasciolated pedicellariæ; \times about 6.

(70)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXXIV



Luidiaster dawsoni (Verrill) Ludwig. Type. Details

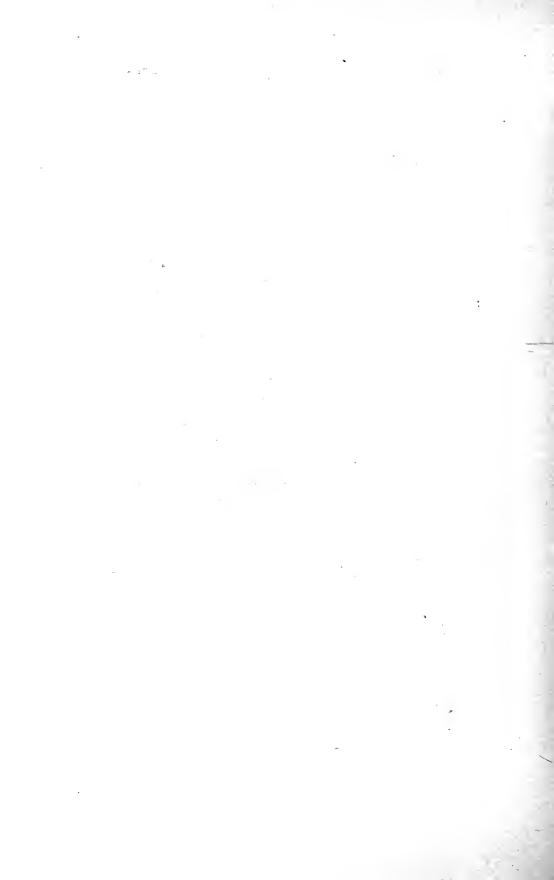
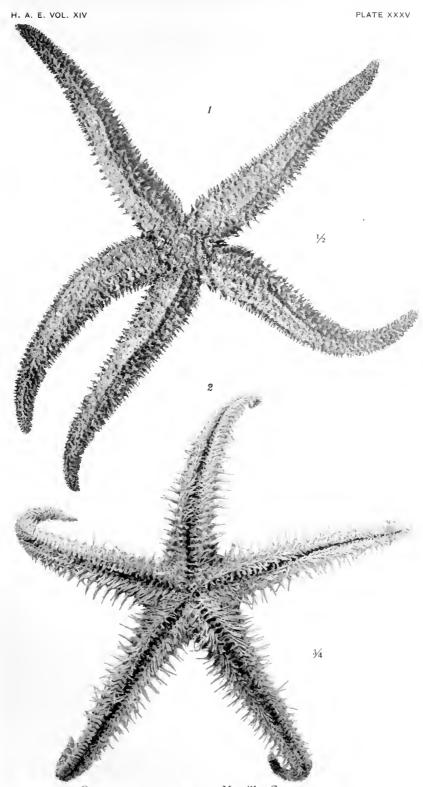




PLATE XXXV.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Type. Same specimen as pl. xxiv, fig. 4. Dorsal side; ½ natural size. Yakutat. Yale Mus.

Fig. 2. Luidiaster dawsoni (Verrill) Ludwig. Type. Same specimen as pls. xxxIII and xxxIV. About 3/4 natural size. Geol. Surv. Canada.



1. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Cotype 2. Luidiaster dawsoni (Verrill) Ludwig. Type



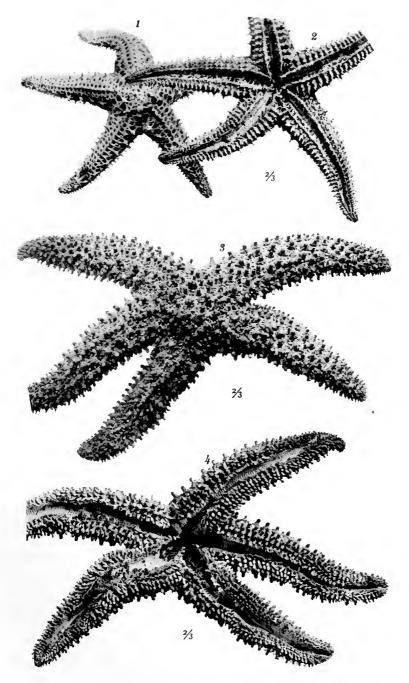


PLATE XXXVI.

- Fig. 1. Pisaster paucispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type of Stimpson. Dorsal view; about 3/3 natural size.
- Fig. 2. The same. Actinal view; about 3/3 natural size. U. S. Nat. Mus.
- Fig. 3. Pisaster capitatus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type of Stimpson. Dorsal view; 3/3 natural size.
- Fig. 4. The same specimen. Actinal view; 2/3 natural size.

(74)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXXVI



1, 2. Pisaster paucispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type of Stimpson 3, 4. Pisaster capitatus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type of Stimpson





PLATE XXXVII.

Fig. 1. Pisaster giganteus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type of Stimpson. Dorsal view; about ½ natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal view. U. S. Nat. Mus.

(76)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XXXVII



1, 2. PISASTER GIGANTEUS (Stimpson) Verrill. Type of Stimpson

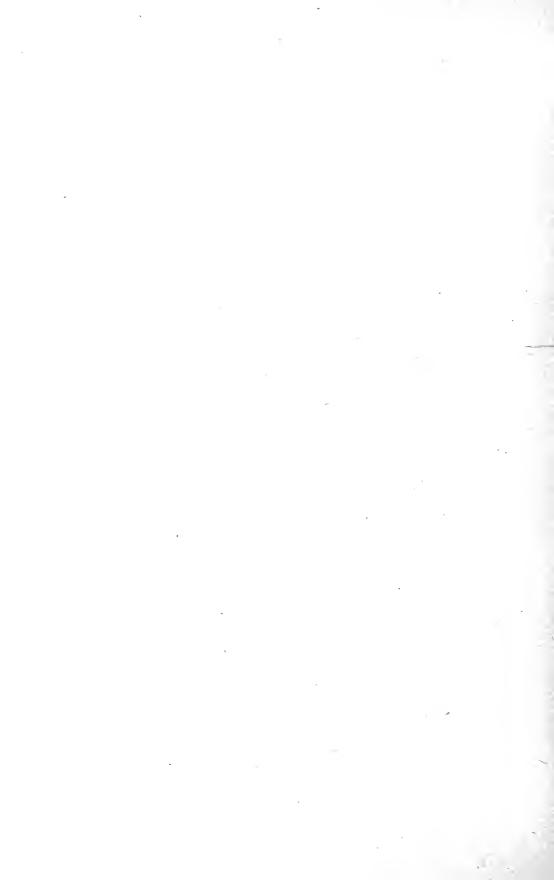
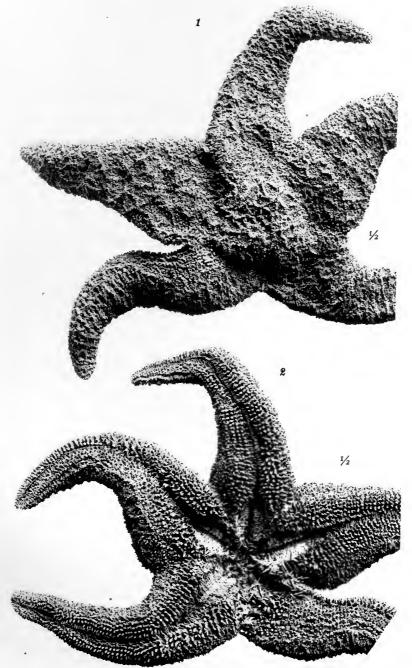


PLATE XXXVIII.

Fig. 1. Pisaster confertus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; about ½ natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal view. U. S. Nat. Mus.

(78)



1, 2. PISASTER CONFERTUS (Stimpson) Verrill. Type



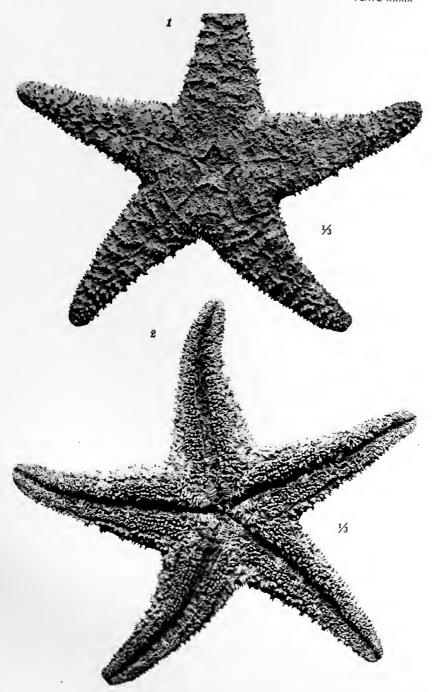


PLATE XXXIX.

Fig. 1. Pisaster fissispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; about ½ natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal view. U. S. Nat. Mus.

(8o)



I, 2. PISASTER FISSISPINUS (Stimpson) Verrill. Type

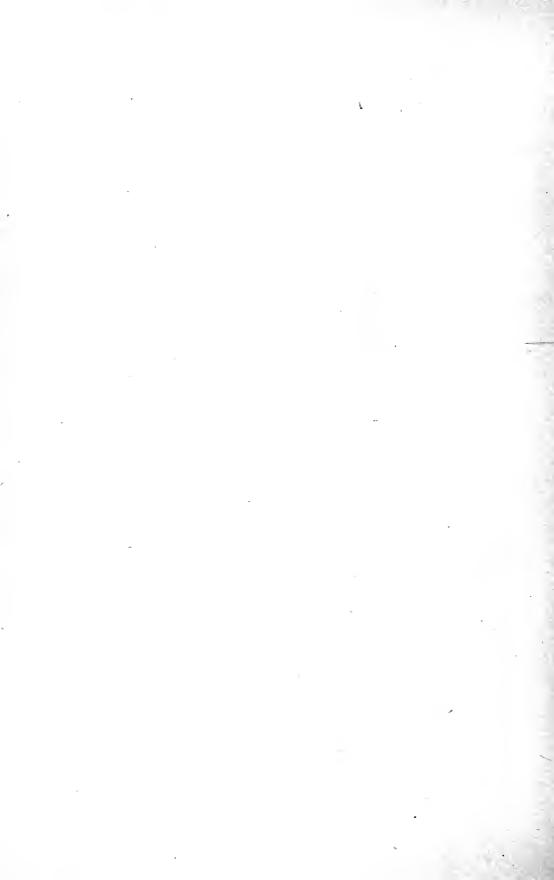


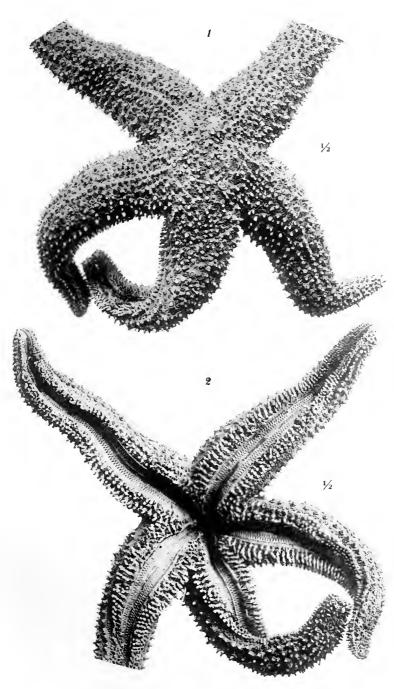


PLATE XL.

Fig. 1. Pisaster lütkenii (Stimpson) Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; about ½ natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal view. U. S. Nat. Mus.

(82)



1, 2. Pisaster lütkenii (Stimpson) Verrill. Type

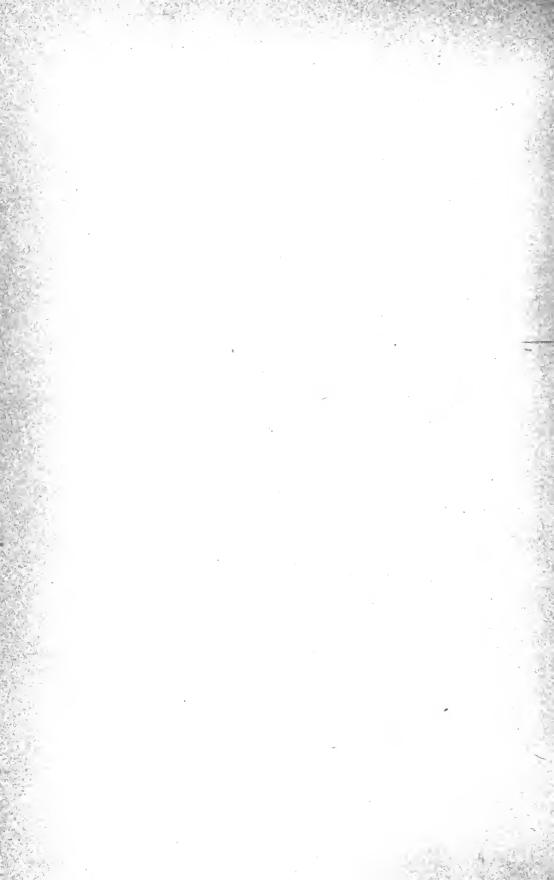


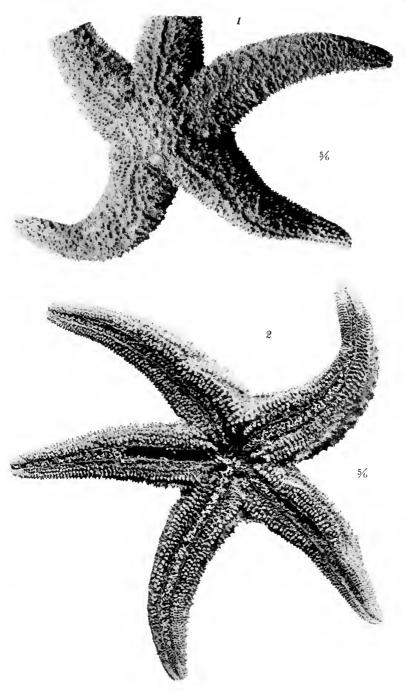


PLATE XLI.

Fig. 1. Pisaster brevispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; about 5% natural size. U. S. Nat. Mus.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal view; 3/6 natural size.

(84)



1, 2. Pisaster Brevispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Type

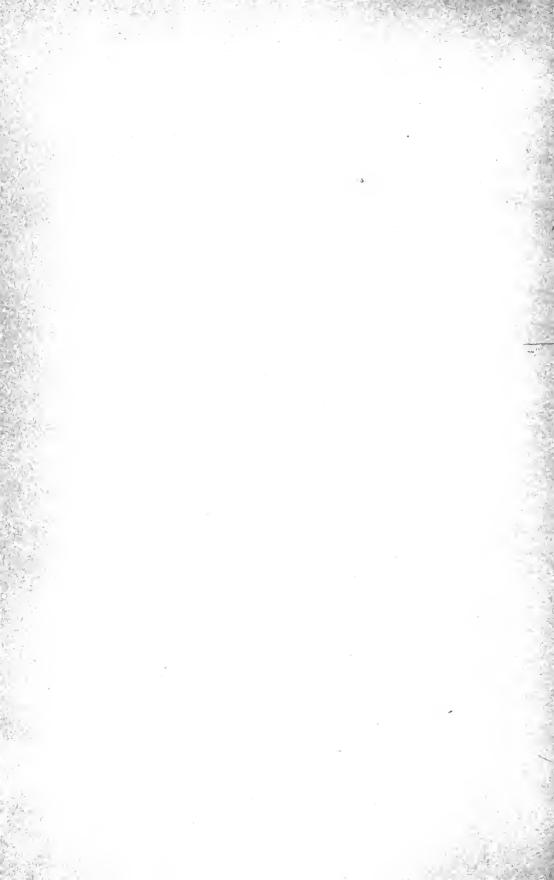


PLATE XLII.

Pisaster papulosus Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; about 7/10 natural size.

(86)



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

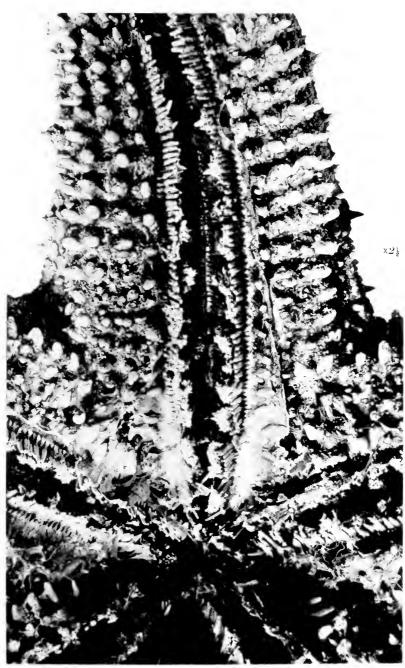




PLATE XLIII.

Pisaster papulosus Verrill. Actinal side of type; × 21/2.

(88)



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

PISASTER PAPULOSUS VER. Type





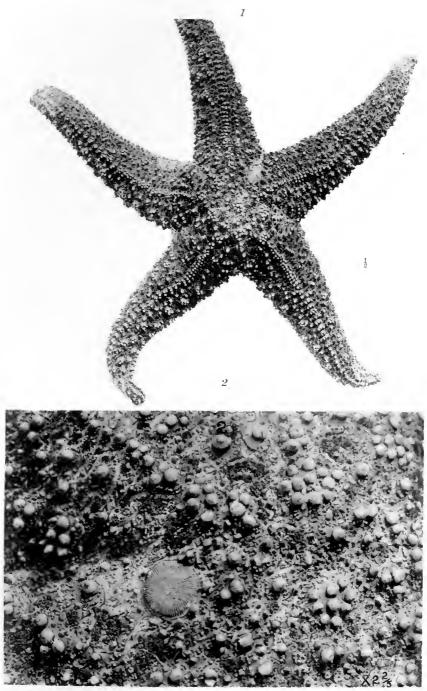
PLATE XLIV.

Fig. 1. Pisaster brevispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Dorsal view; about ½ natural size. No. 1820, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal view of a part of the disk, including the madreporic plate; $\times 2\%$.

(90)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XLIV



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1.2. PISASTER BREVISPINUS (St.) VER.



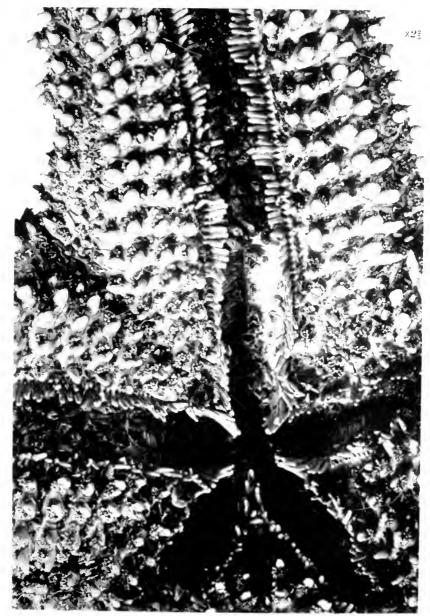


PLATE XLV.

Pisaster brevispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Actinal side; × 23/5. No. 1820, Mus, Comp. Zoölogy.

(92)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV , FLATE XLV



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

PISASTER BREVISPINUS (ST.) VER.



PLATE XLVI.

Fig. 1. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Profile view of adambulacral, marginal, and adjacent spines; a, a, adambulacral spines, actinal series; a', a', furrow series; b, peractinals; m, m, inferomarginals; m', supramarginals; d, dorso-lateral spines and plates.

Fig. 1a. The same specimen. A group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ and papular

pores; X about 9.

Fig. 1b. The same specimen. Dorsal pseudopaxillæ from base of ray, vertical and side views; × 17.

Fig. 1c. The same specimen. A dorsal, dermal, bivalve pedicellaria from near the edge of a papular pore; X 150.

Fig. 2. Solaster galaxides Verrill. Type. Profile view of actinal side; a, a, plates; × about 7. Lettering as in fig. 1.

Fig. 2a. The same. A group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ from another specimen; × about 17. No. 1897, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

Fig. 3. Solaster constellatus Verrill. Type. × about 7. Lettering as in fig. 1.

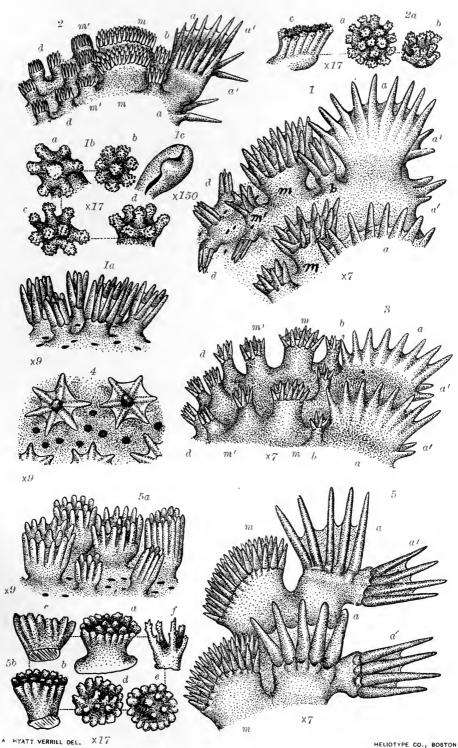
Fig. 4. The same specimen. A group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ and papular pores, seen from above; X about 9.

Fig. 5. Solaster dawsoni Verrill. Type. Profile view of adambulacral and inferomarginal plates and spines from middle part of a ray. Lettering as in fig. 1.

Fig. 5a. The same specimen. A group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ and papular pores; × 9.

Fig. 5b. The same. Dorsal pseudopaxillæ from the type specimen, vertical and side views; × 17.

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XLVI



1-IC. SOLASTER STIMPSONI VER. Details 2.2a. S. GALAXIDES VER. Details. Type 3.4. S. CONSTELLATUS VER. Details. Type 5-5b. S. DAWSONI VER. Details

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

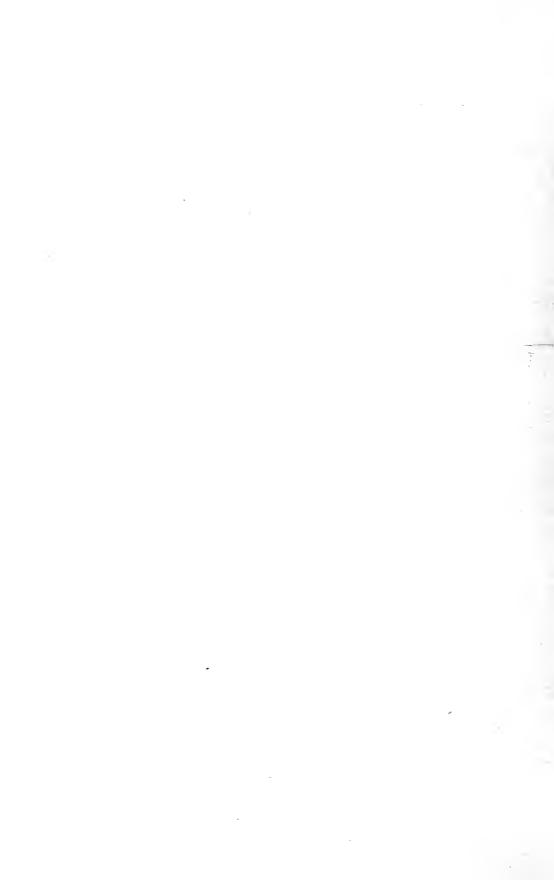


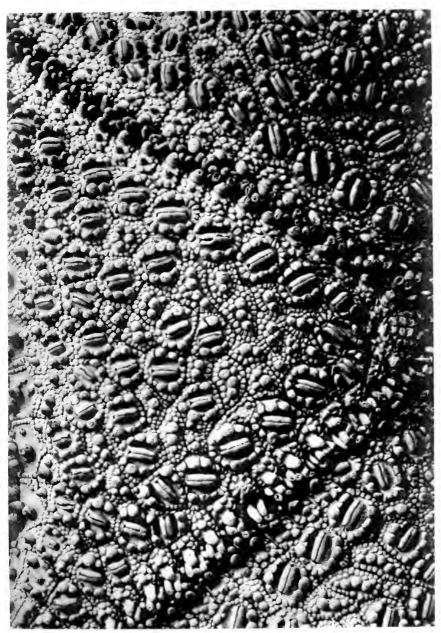


PLATE XLVII.

Fig. 1. Hippasteria phrygiana (Parel.) Agassiz. Photograph of under side of an Atlantic specimen; enlarged.

(96)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XLVII



HIPPASTERIA PHRYGIANA (Parel.) Agassiz photograph of under side of an Atlantic specimen enlarged

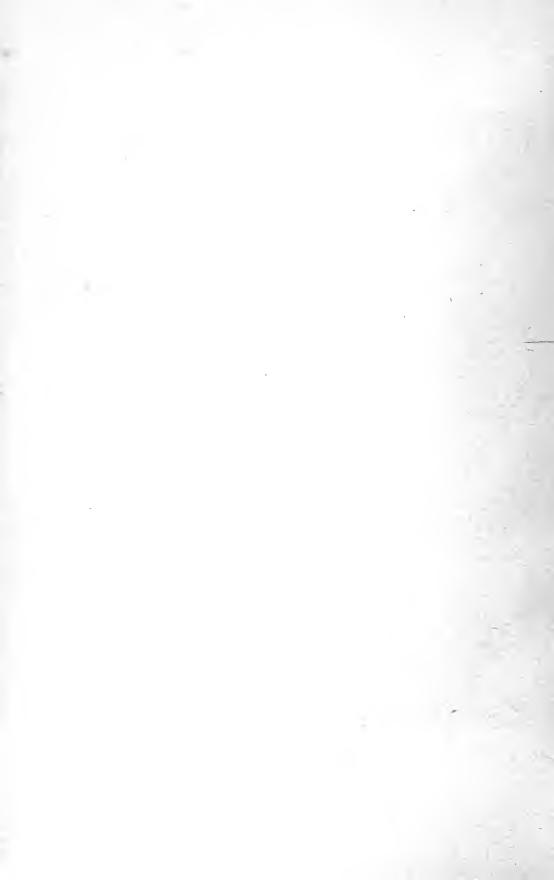
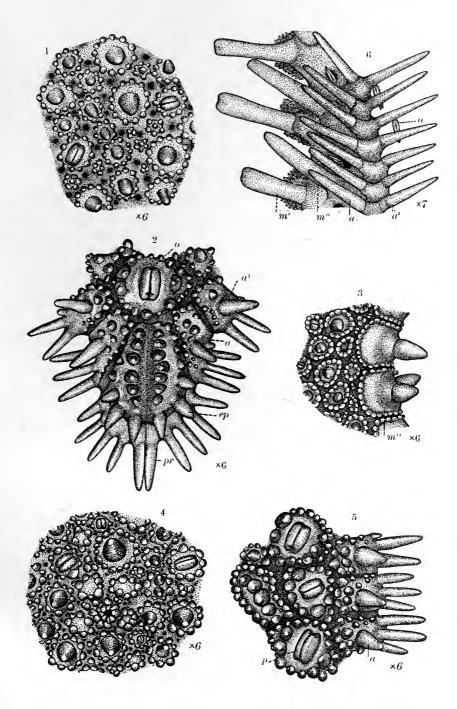




PLATE XLVIII.

- Fig. 1. Hippasteria phrygiana (Parel.) Agassiz. Part of the dorsal surface of a New England specimen (314); × 6.
- Fig. 2. The same. One of the jaws and adoral plates; a, a', first and second adambulacral plates; ep, epioral spines; pr, apical peroral spines; o, large valvular pedicellaria on first actinal interradial plate; × 6.
- Fig. 3. The same. Two inferomarginal plates (m'') and adjacent interactinals; \times 6.
- Fig. 4. The same. Central part of disk, showing dorsal "anal" or nephridial pore; × 6.
- Fig. 5. The same. Three adambulacral plates and spines (a) and adjacent interactinal plates, each bearing a large valvular pedicellaria; × 6.
- Fig. 6. Orthasterias tanneri Verrill. a, outer, and a', inner adambulacral spines; m', supramarginals, and m", inferomarginals; o, one of the large, acute major pedicellariæ; × 7. From off the Atlantic coast. No. 5524. Yale Mus.



A. H. VERRILL, FROM NATURE.

HELIOTYPE CO.

1-5. HIPPASTERIA PHRYGIANA (Parel.) Agassiz

6. ORTHASTERIAS TANNERI Verrill

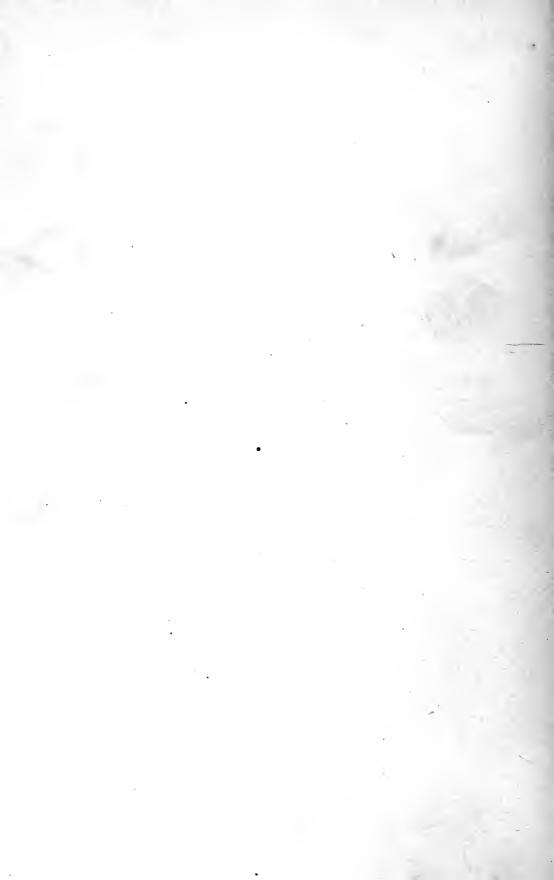




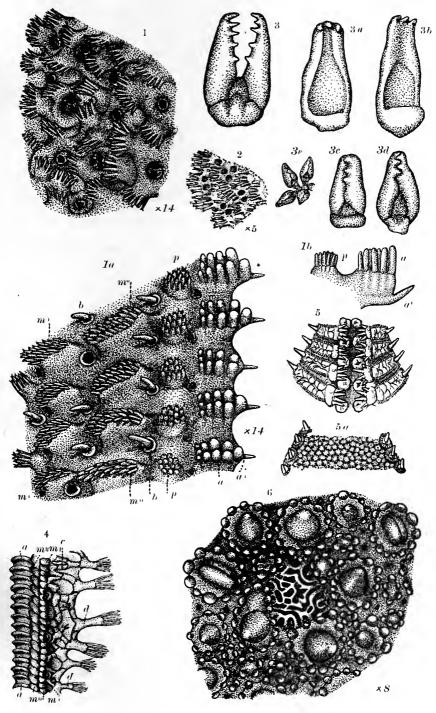
PLATE XLIX.

- Fig. 1. Henricia sanguinolenta, var. pectinata Verrill. Type. From an Atlantic specimen. Part of the dorsal surface; X 14.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen. Part of under surface and side of a ray;
 a, adambulacral spines; a', inner or groove-spine; p, p, peractinal row of pseudopaxillæ; m', m', supramarginals;
 m", m", inferomarginals; b, b, papulæ; × 14.
- Fig. 1b. The same. Profile view of one interambulacral and one peractinal group of spines; X 14.
- Fig. 2. Henricia sanguinolenta (Müll.) Bell. Young. Atlantic specimen.

 Altered from Duncan and Sladen, × 5.
- Figs. 3-3e. Major or forficulate pedicellariæ of *Pisaster ochraceus*, much enlarged; 3, profile view of one of the larger erect, unguiculate, lateral kind; 3a, 3b, interior surface of valves; 3c, 3d, two of the smaller forms; 3e, a small group of the small pedicellate forms found on the margin of the adambulacral plates.
- Fig. 4. Crossaster papposus (Linn.) M. & Tr. Part of the skeleton of a ray, of an Arctic specimen, after Danielssen and Koren; a, a, adambulacral plates; m', m', superomarginals; m", m", inferomarginals; c, connective ossicle; d, dorsal plates and pseudopaxillæ; enlarged.
- Fig. 5. Ctenodiscus crispatus (Retz.) D. & Kor. From an Atlantic specimen, after Müller and Troschel. Under side of base of a
- Fig. 5a. The same. Part of the dorsal surface. X about 2.
- Fig. 6. Hippasteria phrygiana. Part of disk, showing madreporic plate; × 8.

(100)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV



A. H. VERRILL, FROM NATURE.

HELIOTYPE CO.

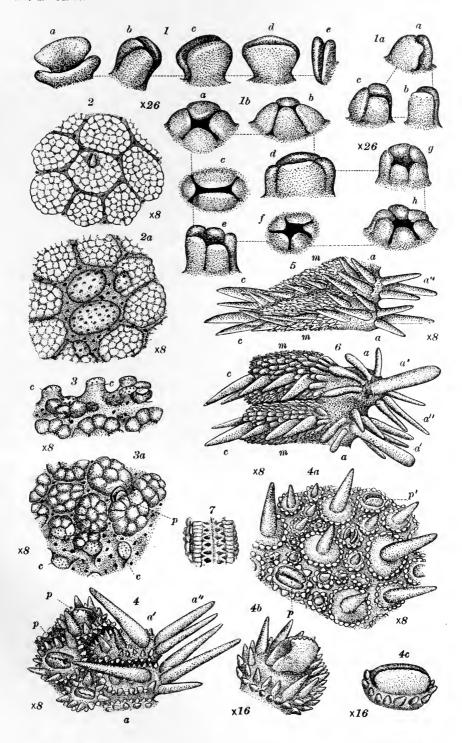
- 1-1a. HENRICIA SANGUINOLENTA, VAR. PECTINATA Verrill
- 2. HENRICIA SANGUINOLENTA (Müll.) Bell
- 3-3e. PISASTER OCHRACEUS (Brandt)
- 4. Crossaster papposus (Linn.) M. & Tr.
- 5-5a. Ctenodiscus crispatus (Retz.) D. & Kor.

HIPPASTERIA PHRYGIANA (Parel.) Agassiz



PLATE L.

- Fig. 1. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube) Perrier. a, c, pedicellariæ, mostly bivalved, from actinal side; × 26.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen. a-c, bivalved and trivalved pedicellariæ from the actinal side; × 26.
- Fig. 1b. The same specimen. a-f, four-valved and five-valved pedicellarize from the dorsal side; × 26.
- Fig. 2. Ceramaster granularis (Retz.) Verrill. Plates of the dorsal side covered with granules; the central one bears a bivalved pedicellaria; × 8.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen, with the granules removed from two of the plates; \times 8.
- Fig. 3. Tosiaster arcticus Verrill. Type. A group of dorsal plates, partially in profile; some of them (c, c) with the large granules removed; also showing papular pores; \times 8.
- Fig. 3a. The same specimen. A group of dorsal plates, some of them (c, c) with the granules removed; b, bivalved pedicellariæ; \times 8.
- Fig. 4. Hippasteria spinosa Verrill. Type. a', a' inner, and a, outer adambulacral spines; p, p', pedicellariæ of actinal plates; $\times 8$.
- Fig. 4a. The same specimen. A group of dorsal plates and spines; p, p, pedicellariæ; × 8.
- Fig. 4b. The same specimen. One of the dorsal plates with a pedicellaria; × about 16.
- Fig. 4c. The same. A dorsal pedicellaria of the broad form; X about 16.
- Fig. 5. Astropecten californicus Fisher. Actinal side; a', a', inner, and a, a, outer adambulacral spines; m, m, inferomarginal plates; c, c, inferomarginal spines; × 8.
- Fig. 6. Astropecten siderealis Verrill. Actinal side; a, a, outer adambulacral spines; a', central spine of the adambulacral plate; a'', furrow spines; c, c, inferomarginal spines; m, m, inferomarginal plates; × 8.
- Fig. 7. Stenasterias macropora Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray, with the spines removed; × 5.



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- 1-1b. DERMASTERIAS IMBRICATA (GRUBE)
- 2.2a. CERAMASTER GRANULARIS (M.)
- 3.3a. Tosiaster arcticus Ver.
- 4-4c. HIPPASTERIA SPINOSA VER.
- 5. ASTROPECTEN CALIFORNICUS F. 6. A. SIDEREALIS VER.
 - STENASTERIAS MACROPORA VER.

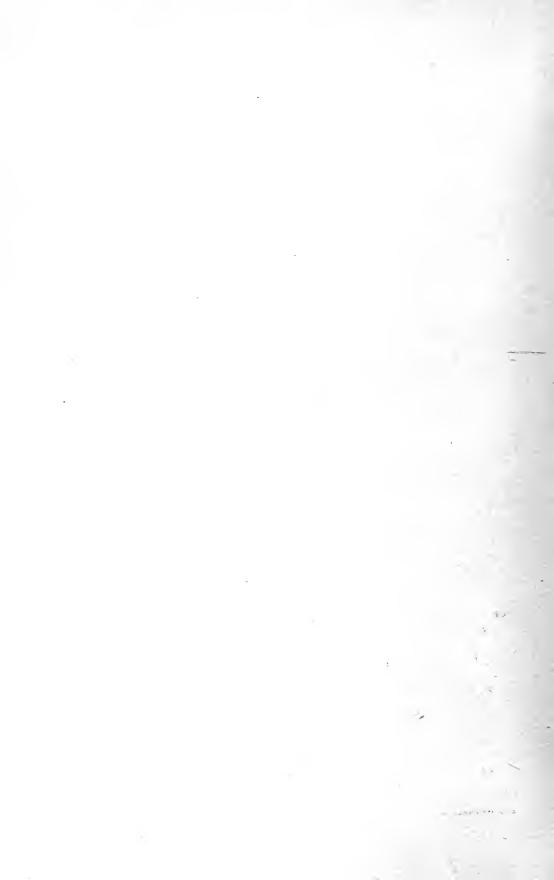




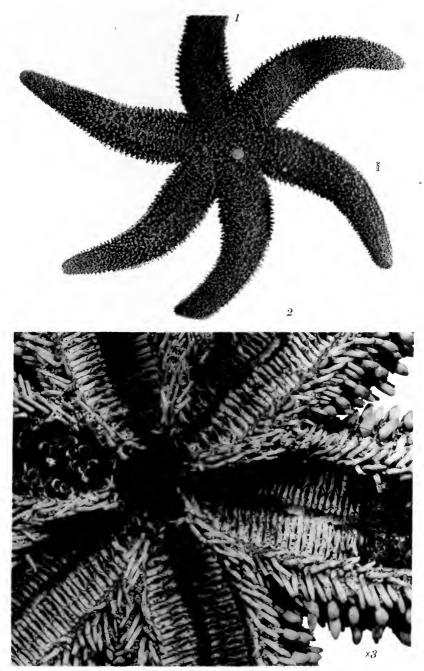
PLATE LI.

Fig. 1. Asterias katherinæ Gray. Dorsal view of No. 1181, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.; 3/3 natural size. Gulf of Georgia.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; $\times 3$.

(104)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LI



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1.2. ASTERIAS KATHERINAE GRAY





PLATE LII.

Asterias katherinæ Gray. Dorsal side of the same specimen shown on pl. LI; × 43%. Gulf of Georgia. No. 1181, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

(106)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

ASTERIAS KATHERINAE GRAY





PLATE LIII.

Fig. 1. Asterias victoriana Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; ¾ natural size. Fig. 2. Pisaster confertus (Stimpson) Verrill. × about 11/8.

(108)



1. ASTERIAS VICTORIANA VER. Type

2. Pisaster confertus (St.)

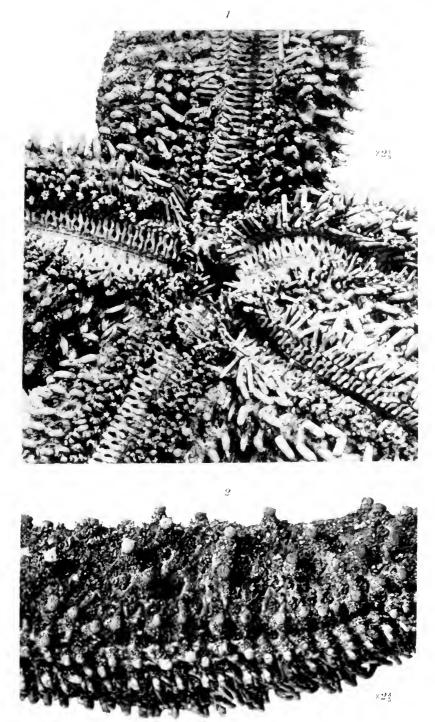


PLATE LIV.

Fig. 1. Asterias victoriana Verrill. Type. Actinal side; $\times 2\frac{1}{3}$. Fig. 2. The same specimen. Side view of a ray; $\times 2\frac{3}{3}$. Vancouver I.

(110)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1.2. Asterias victoriana Ver. Type





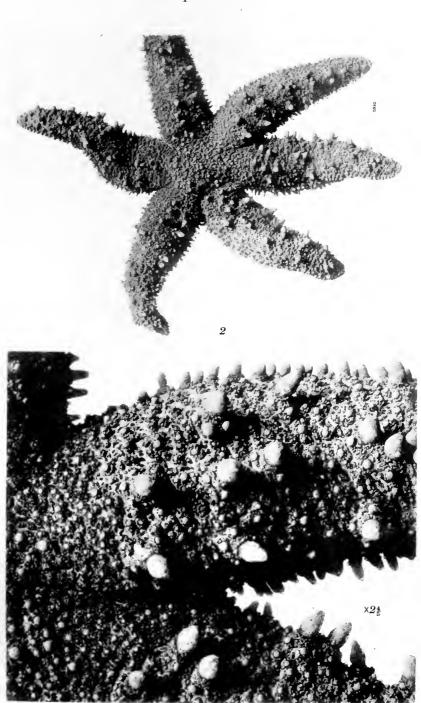
PLATE LV.

Fig. 1. Asterias polythela Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; about 3/3 natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Part of dorsal side; × 2%. No. 5820.

(112)

1



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1.2. ARTERIAS POLYTHELA VER. Type

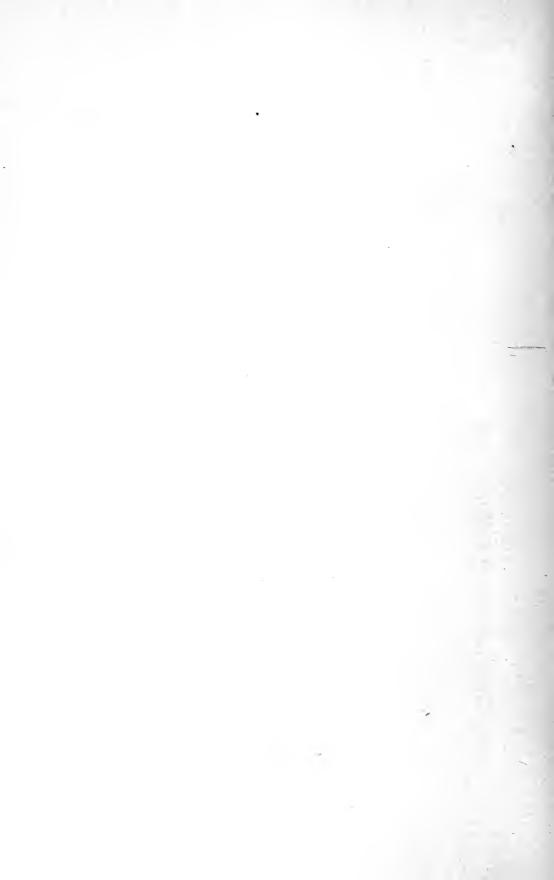




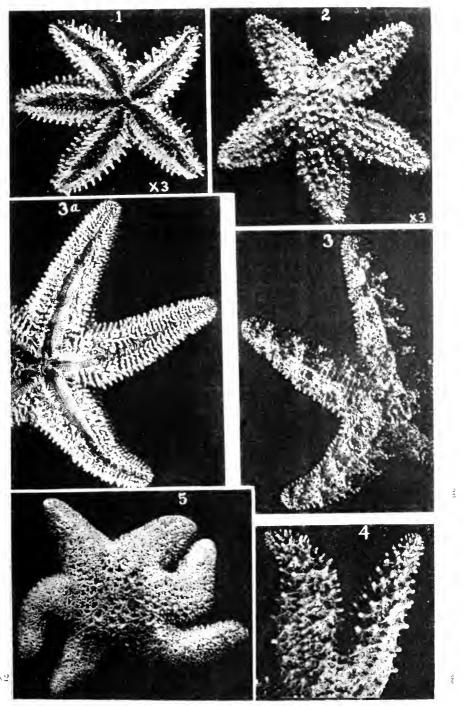
PLATE LVI.

- Figs. 1, 2. Leptasterias arctica (Murdoch) (?). Young. Actinal and dorsal views of specimens from Bering Sea; × 3. No. 16591, U. S. Nat. Mus.
- Figs. 3, 3a. Pisaster ochraceus, var. nodiferus Verrill. Dorsal and actinal views; about 3/3 natural size (nodosus on plate incorrect).
- Fig. 4. P. capitatus (Stimpson) Verrill. Dorsal side of two rays; about $\frac{2}{3}$ natural size.
- Fig. 5. Leptasterias aqualis (Stimpson), var. compacta Verrill. Type.

 Dorsal side; × 2. Yale Mus.

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M. A. E. ICL II. PLACE II



HELIOTYPE CO., SOSTON

- 1.2. Leptasterias arctica (Mur.) Young 3.3a. Pisaster ochraceus nodosus Ver.
- 4. PISASTER CAPITATUS (ST.)
 - LEPTASTERIAS AEQUALIS COMPACTA VER.





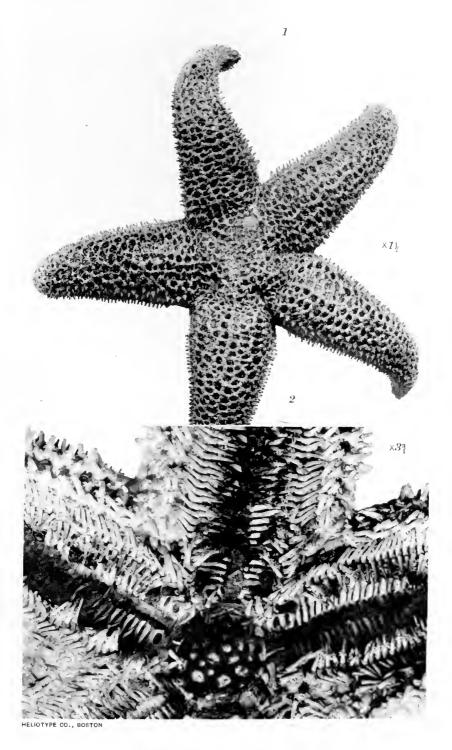
PLATE LVII.

Fig. 1. Parasterias albertensis Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; X 11/2.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; $\times 3\%$.

(116)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LVII



1.2. PARASTERIAS ALBERTENSIS VER. Type

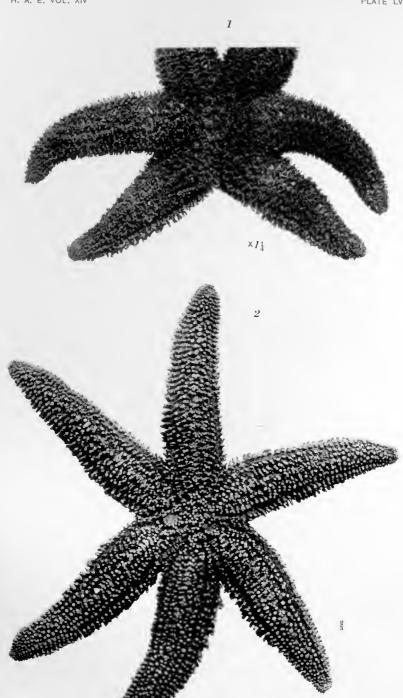


PLATE LVIII.

Fig. 1. Leptasterias epichlora, var. plena Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; × 11/4. Vancouver I.

Fig. 2. Asterias multiclava Verrill. Type. About 3/3 natural size.

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HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- 1. Leptasterias epichlora plena Ver. Type
- 2. Asterias multiclava Ver. Type

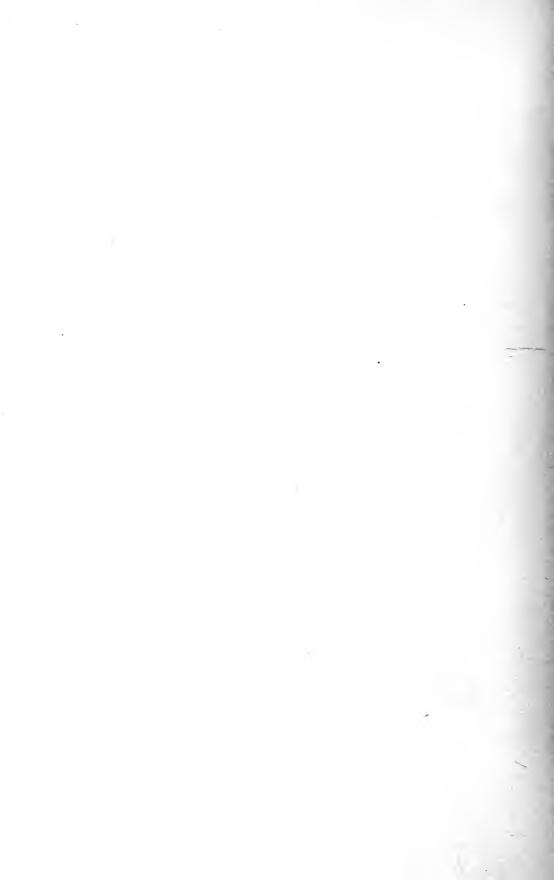


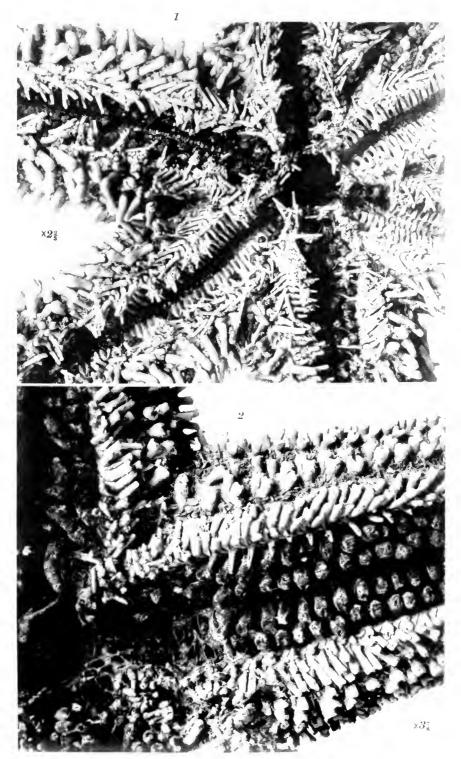


PLATE LIX.

- Fig. 1. Asterias multiclava Verrill. Type. Actinal side; × 23/3. Bering I. No. 15841, U. S. Nat. Mus.
- Fig. 2. Allasterias anomala Verrill. Type. Actinal side; × 378. Arctic Alaska (L. M. Turner, 1874). No. 3821, U. S. Nat. Mus.

(120)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LIX



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1. Asterias multiclava Ver. Type 2. Allasterias anomala Ver. Type



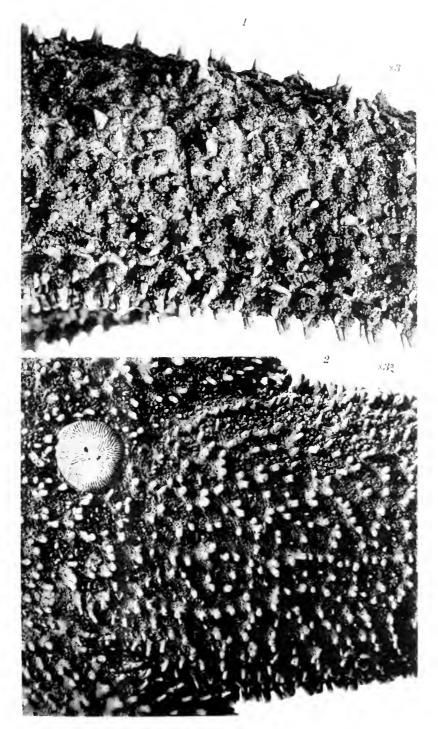


PLATE LX.

Fig. 1. Pisaster papulosus Verrill. Cotype. Side view of a ray, near base; × about 3. Vancouver I.

Fig. 2. Allasterias anomala Verrill. Type. Dorsal view; X 33%. St. Michael's I., Arctic Alaska (L. M. Turner). No. 3821, U. S. Nat. Mus.

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HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- I. PISASTER PAPULOSUS VER.
- 2. Allasterias anomala Ver. Type





PLATE LXI.

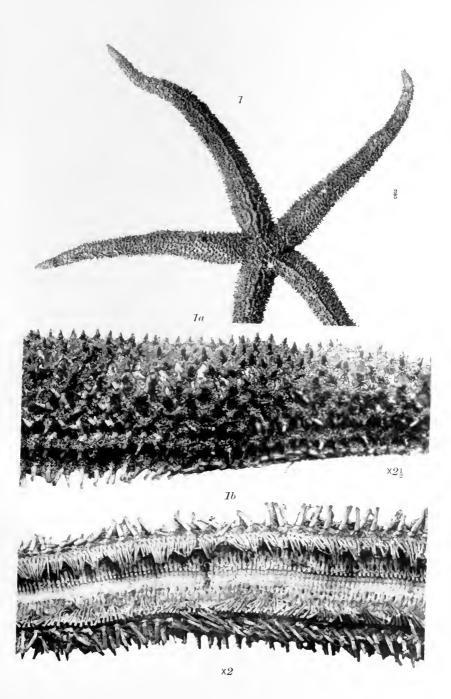
Fig. 1. Asterias nanimensis Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; about % naturalsize. Vancouver I. Canadian Geol. Survey.

Fig. 1a. The same specimen. Side view of a ray; $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Fig. 1b. The same specimen. Actinal side of a ray; $\times 2$.

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV . PLATE LXI



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1.1b. Asterias manimensis Ver. Type

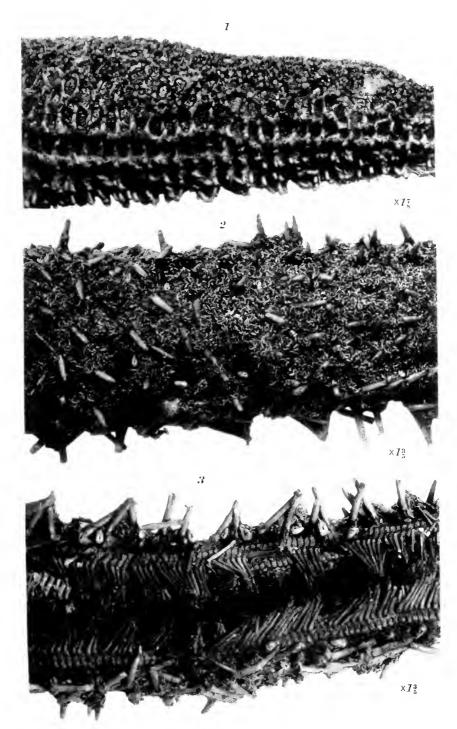


PLATE LXII.

- Fig. 1. Evasterias troschelii, var. alveolata Verrill. Type. Side view of a ray; \times 1%.
- Fig. 2. Orthasterias forreri forcipulata Verrill. Type. Dorsal view of a ray; X1%. Vancouver I.
- Fig. 3. The same specimen. Actinal side of a ray; X 1%.

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H. A. E. VOL, XIV PLATE LXII



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1. EVASTERIAS TROSCHELH ALVEOLATA VER. Type 2.3. Orthasterias forreri forcipulata Ver. Type

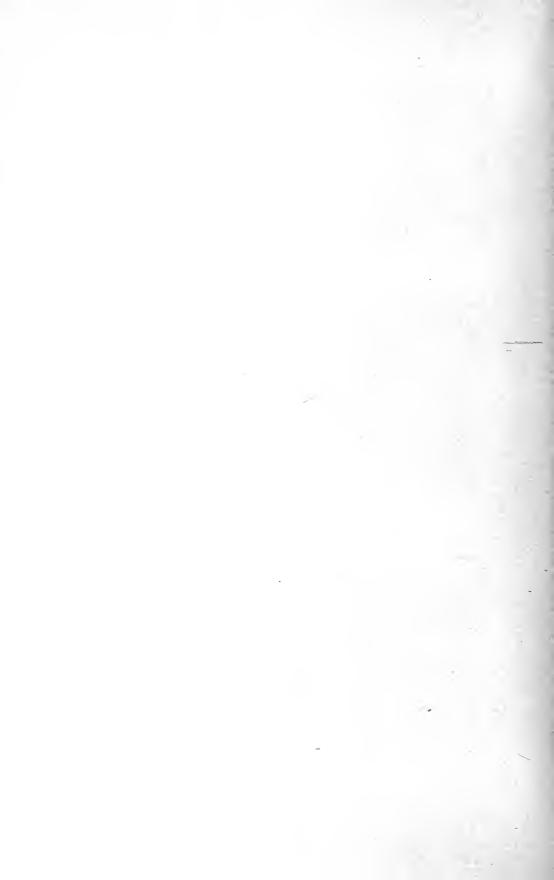




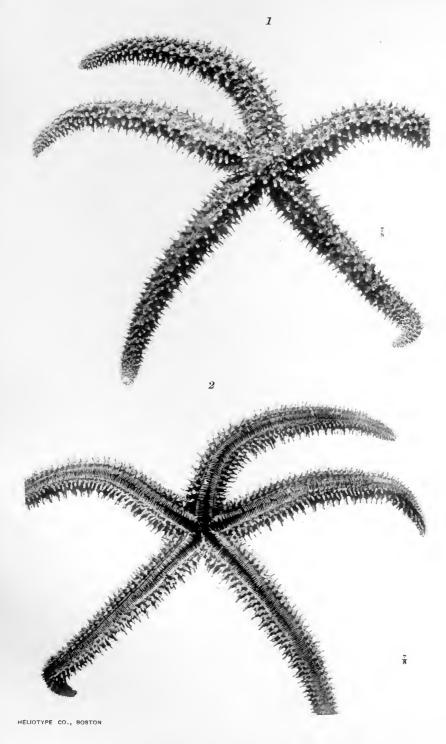
PLATE LXIII.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias biordinata Verrill. Type. About 1/8 natural size.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; 7/8 natural size.

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXIII



1.2. Orthasterias biordinata Ver. Type





PLATE LXIV.

- Fig. 1. Orthasterias leptolena Verrill. Type. Actinal side; about 7% natural size. Canadian Geol. Survey.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen. Dorsal side; 7/8 natural size.
- Fig. 2. The same. A young specimen. Actinal side; 9/10 natural size.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen. Dorsal side; 9/10 natural size. One ray is lost.

(130)

H. A. E. VOL, XIV PLATE LXIV







PLATE LXV.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias forreri (de Loriol) Verrill. Dorsal side; about 1/5 natural size. No. 1823, Mus. Comp. Zoölogy.

Fig. 2. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Young. Dorsal side; about natural size.

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HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- 1. Orthasterias forreri (Lor.)
- 2. O. COLUMBIANA VER. YOUNG



PLATE LXVI.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias forreri (Loriol) Verrill. Dorsal view of disk and base of ray; P, major pedicellaria; \times 3%. No. 1823. Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; \times 3%. No. 1823, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

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H, A. E. VOL. XIV



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1.2. Orthasterias forreri (Lor.)

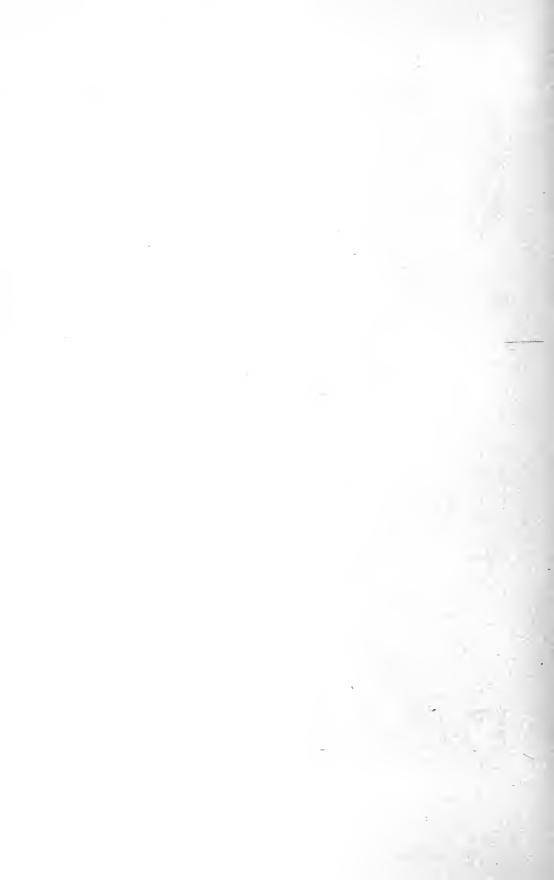
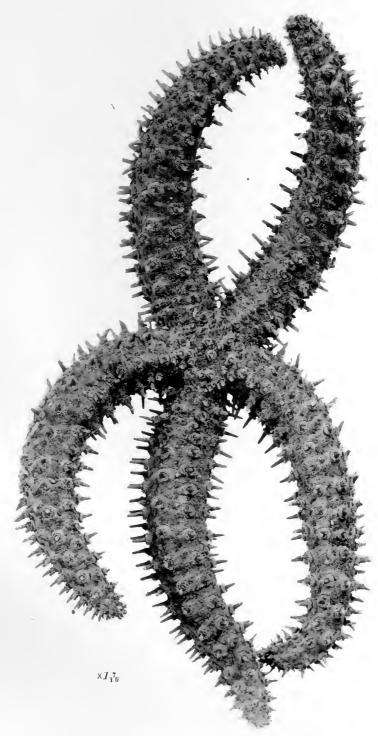




PLATE LXVII.

Orthasterias gonolena Verrill. Dorsal view; \times 1%. Off San Francisco. Yale Mus.

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HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

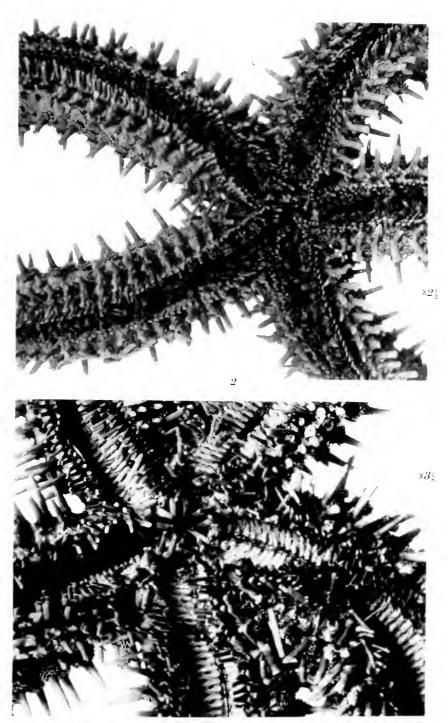




PLATE LXVIII.

Fig. 1. Orthasterias gonolena Verrill. Ventral view of the same specimen as in pl. LXVII; \times 2½. Fig. 2. Orthasterias californica Verrill. Type. Actinal side; \times 3½.

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HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- 1. Orthasterias gonolena Ver.
- 2. O. CALIFORNICA VER. Type



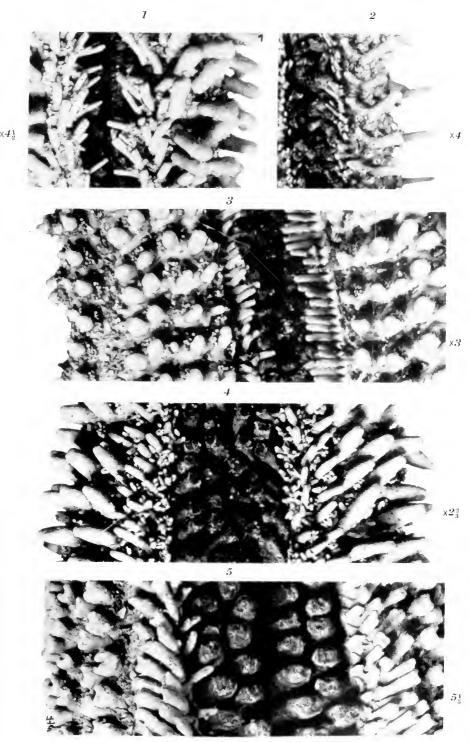


PLATE LXIX.

- Fig. 1. Asterias multiclava Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; × about 4½.
- Fig. 2. Orthasterias gonolena Verrill. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; ×4.
- Fig. 3. Pisaster brevispinus (Stimpson) Verrill. Portion of actinal side of a ray; × 3.
- Fig. 4. Asterias victoriana Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; $\times 2\frac{2}{3}$.
- Fig. 5. Allasterias anomala Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; \times 5½. St. Michael, Alaska (L. M. Turner, 1874).

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXIX



HELIOTYFE CO., BOSTON

- 1. Asterias multiclava Ver. Type
- 2. Orthasterias gonolena Ver.
- 3. Pisaster brevispinus (St.)
- 4. Asterias victoriana Ver.
- 5. Allasterias anomala Ver. Type

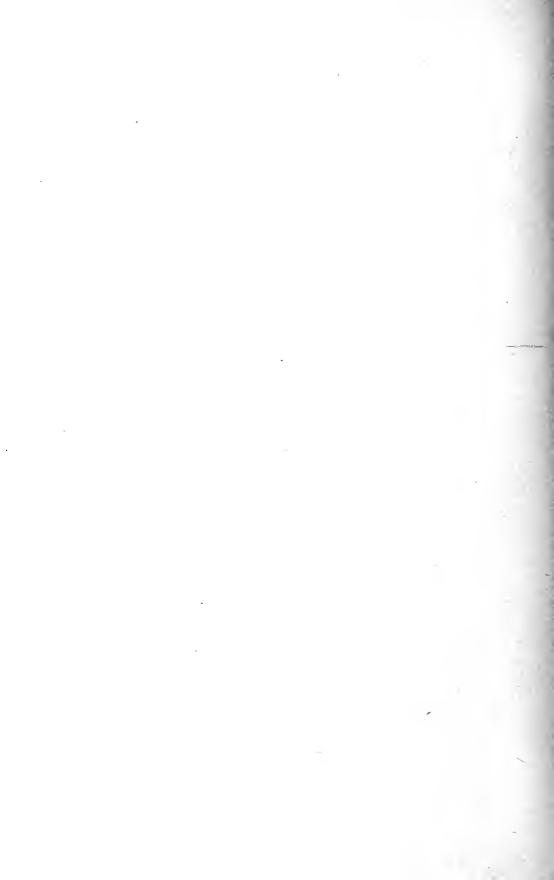
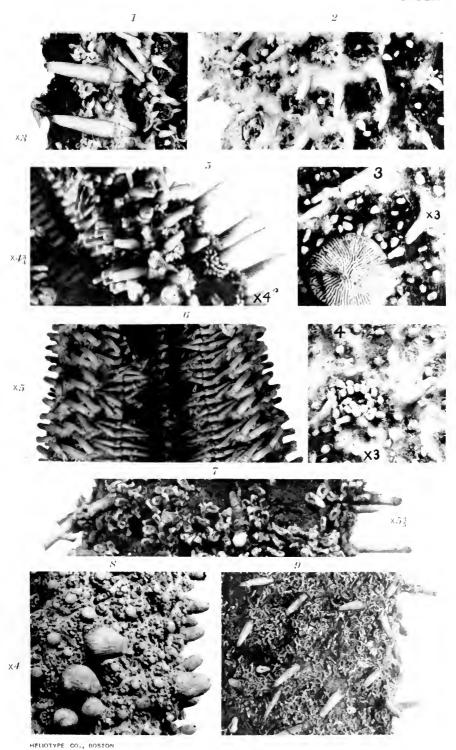


PLATE LXX.

- Fig. 1. Urasterias linckii (Müller and Troschel) Verrill. Portion of the actinal side of a ray of a North Atlantic specimen; × 3.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Portion of the dorsal side of a ray; $\times 3$.
- Fig. 3. The same specimen. Madreporite with surrounding pedicellariæ and spines; \times 3.
- Fig. 4. The same specimen. Nephridial pore or so-called "anal pore" and surrounding pedicellariæ; × 3.
- Fig. 5. Orthasterias californica Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; × 4¾.
- Fig. 6. Parasterias albertensis Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; \times 5. British Columbia. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 7. Orthasterias forreri (Loriol) Verrill. Type. Portion of the dorsal side of a ray, showing the very large minor pedicellariæ; × 5%.
- Fig. 8. Asterias polythela Verrill. Type. Portion of the dorsal side of a ray; \times 4. Arctic America; Steamer Corwin. No. 15820.
- Fig. 9. Orthasterias forreri forcipulata Verrill. Type. Portion of the side of a ray; × 2.

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H. A. E. VOL, XIV



- 1-4. Urasterias linckii (M. & Tr.) Atlantic
- 5. ORTHASTERIAS CALIFORNICA VER. Type
- 6. Parasterias albertensis Ver. Type
- 7. Orthasterias forreri (Lor.)
- 8. Asterias polythela Ver. Type
- 9. Orthasterias forreri forcipulata Ver. Type





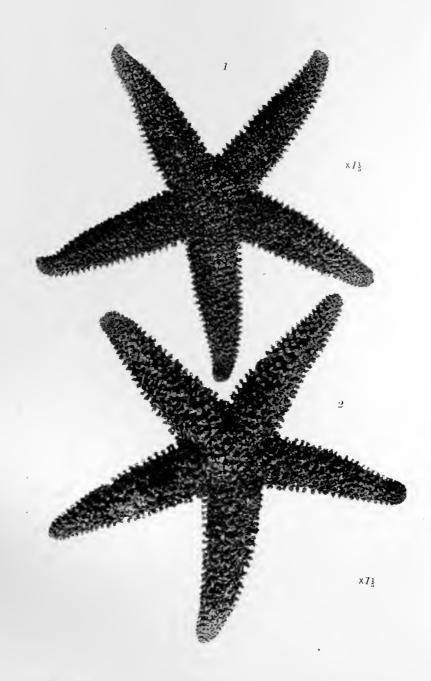
PLATE LXXI.

Fig. 1. Leptasterias arctica (Murdoch) Verrill. Dorsal side; × 11/5. No. 1428, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

Fig. 2. L. arctica (Murdoch). Dorsal side; X 11/6. Same number. Both from Alaska.

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXI



HELIOTYPE CO., SOSTON

1.2. LEPTASTERIAS ARCTICA (MUR.)

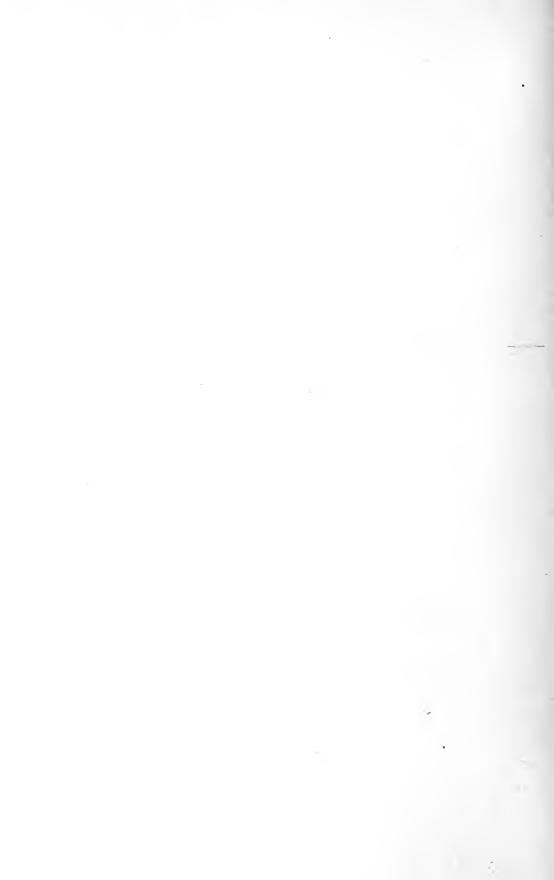




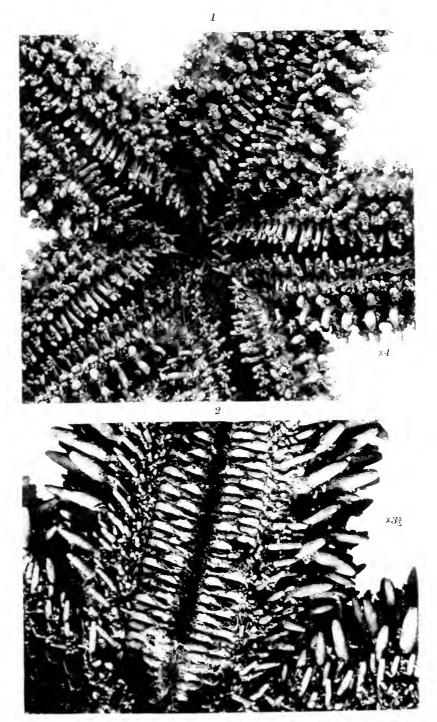
PLATE LXXII.

Fig. 1. Leptasterias arctica (Murdoch). Actinal side; × 4. Alaska. No. 1428. Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

Fig. 2. Asterias polythela Verrill. Type. Actinal side; × 3%. Arctic Alaska, Steamer Corwin. No. 15820.

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXII



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- 1. LEPTASTERIAS ARCTICA (MUR.)
- 2. ASTERIAS POLYTHELA VER. Type





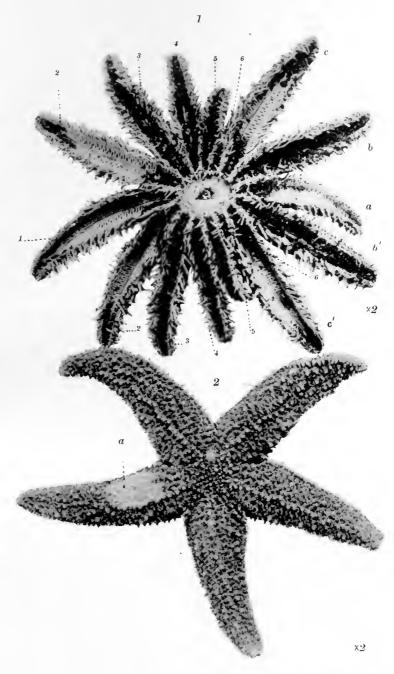
PLATE LXXIII.

Fig. 1. Pycnopodia helianthoides. Young, with sixteen rays, showing regular normal mode of interpolation of new rays; 1, odd anterior primary ray; 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, successive pairs of interpolated rays; a, odd posterior primary ray; b, b' and c, c' second and third pairs of primary posterior rays; × 2.

Fig. 2. Leptasterias inequalis Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; a, ossicles, with

spines removed; \times 2.

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HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

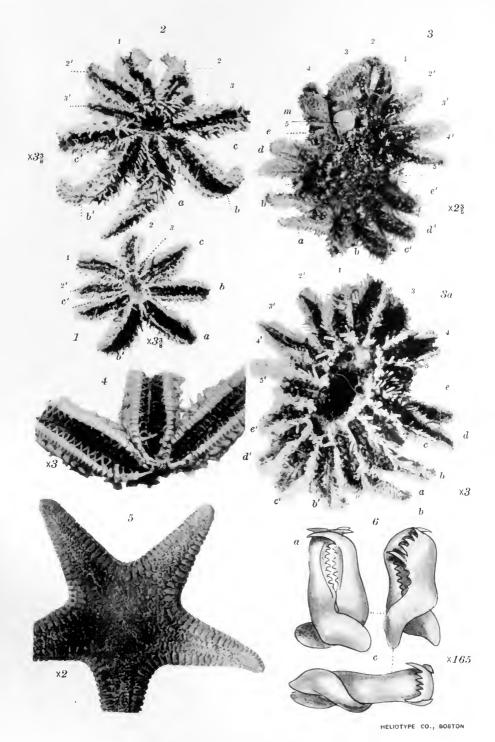
- 1. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Br.) Young
- 2. Leptasterias inequalis Ver. Type



PLATE LXXIV.

- Fig. 1. Pycnopodia helianthoides. Very young, with nine rays; 1, odd anterior primary ray; 2, 2', first pair of interpolated rays; 3, small budding ray of second pair; 3', position in which the mate to No. 3 should appear, but no rudiment of it is visible externally; a, odd posterior primary ray; b, b' and c, c', second and third pairs of posterior primary rays; × 33%. From Dutch Harbor, Alaska.
- Fig. 2. The same. A somewhat larger specimen with ten rays, in normal order; \times 3%. Lettering as in fig. 1. From Kadiak.
- Fig. 3. The same. A somewhat larger, abnormal, oblong young specimen with eighteen rays, not all in regular order (see page 200); m, madreporic plate of abnormal size; \times 2%. Lettering of rays as in fig. 2, with the addition of pairs 4 and 5 anteriorly, and d, d' and e, e' posteriorly. The last two pairs are abnormal; c is an abnormal budding ray. From Kadiak, Alaska.
- Fig. 3a. The same specimen. Actinal side; \times 3. Lettering as in fig. 3.
- Fig. 4. Stenasterias macropora Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side with the spines removed; × 3.
- Fig. 5. Leptychaster pacificus Fisher. Dorsal view; X about 2.
- Fig. 6. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt). Minor pedicellariæ; a, b, c, side and profile views; × 165.

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXIV



1-3a. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Br.) Young

- 4. STENASTERIAS MACROPORA VER.
- 5. LEPTYCHASTER PACIFICUS FISHER
- 6. P. HELIANTHOIDES (BR.)





PLATE LXXV.

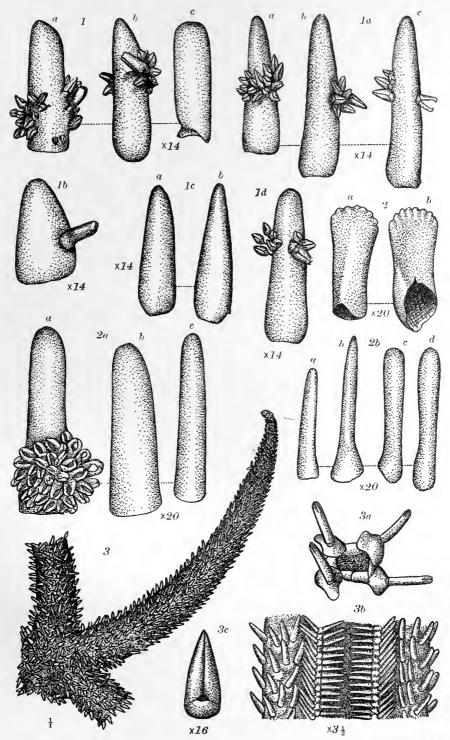
Figs. 1-1d. Orthasterias merriami Verrill. Spines and pedicellariæ from No. 1181; 1, a, b, c, and 1c, ordinary dorsal spines; 1a, a, b, c, marginal spines; 1c, adambulacral spines; 1b, a stout dorsal with a major pedicellaria attached; 1d, inferomarginal; X 14; No. 1181, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.

Figs. 2-2b. Orthasterias dawsoni Verrill. Type. Spines and pedicellariæ, $\times 20$; z, a, b, large valves of major pedicellariæ; 2a, dorsal spines; a, with wreath of minor pedicellariæ; b, c, pedicellariæ removed; 2b, adambulacral spines; a, b, from inner row; c, d, from outer row.

Figs. 3-3c. Orthasterias koehleri (de Loriol) Verrill. Type. After de Loriol; 3, part of dorsal side, about natural size; 3a, four dorsal ossicles and spines; 3b, portion of actinal side, × 3½; 3c, a major pedicellaria; × 16.

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

1-1d. Asterias katherinae Gray 2-2b. O. dawsoni Ver. Type 3-3c. O. koehleri (Lor.) Type

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON



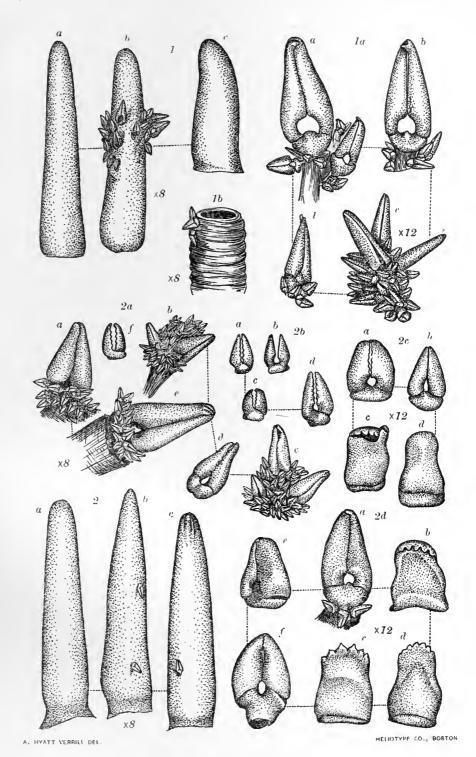


PLATE LXXVI.

- Figs. 1-1b. Pisaster brevispinus (Stimpson). Spines and pedicellariæ of No. 1301, Mus. Comp. Zoöl., Gulf of Georgia, ×8; a, b, c, dorsal spines; 1a, b, c, pedicelled clusters of adambulacral pedicellariæ, from inner edge and within the groove, consisting of both major and minor kinds, of various sizes, attached to a common pedicel; 1b, tip of a sucker-foot with pedicellariæ attached.
- Figs. 2-2d. Pisaster papulosus Verrill. Type. 2, a, b, c, marginal spines; 2a, a-e, clusters of adambulacral or furrow pedicellariæ attached to a common pedicel and containing both sorts; f, a minor pedicellaria much enlarged; 2b, a-d, minor pedicellariæ more enlarged; 2c, a-d; and 2d, b-f, dorsal and lateral large dermal major pedicellariæ of several forms; 2d, a, is an adambulacral group.

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PLATE LXXVI



1-1b. Pisaster papulosus Ver. Var. 2-2d. P. papulosus Ver. Type





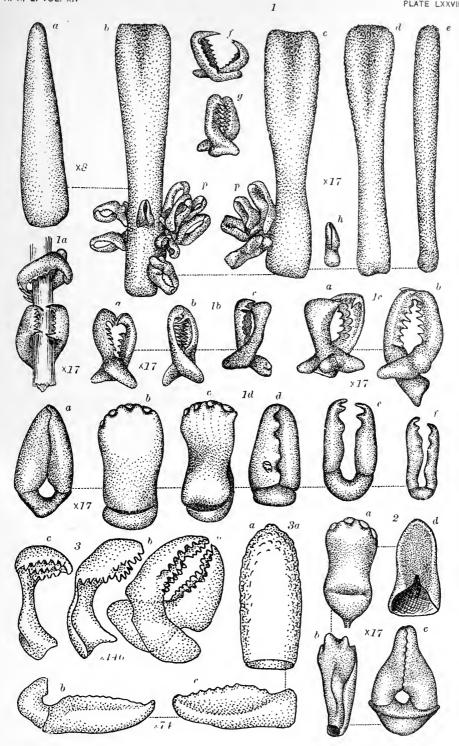
PLATE LXXVII.

Figs. 1-1d. Orthasterias forreri (Loriol) Verrill. Spines and pedicellariæ; 1, a, dorsal spine with pedicellariæ removed, ×8; 1, b, lower marginal; c, upper marginal; d, outer adambulacral; e, inner adambulacral spine; ×17; f, g, h, some of the detached minor pedicellariæ; 1a, two of the minor pedicellariæ grasping a fiber of hemp from the tangles; 1b, 1c, dermal minor pedicellariæ from the dorsal side, ×17; 1d, a-f, dermal major pedicellariæ from dorsal and lateral areas.

Fig. 2. Orthasterias leptolena Verrill. Type. Major pedicellariæ; a-d, four varieties from the dorsal and lateral areas; × 17.

Fig. 3. Allasterias forficulosa Verrill. Minor pedicellariæ; a, with valves united; b, c, detached valves; × 146.

Fig. 3a. The same; a, b, c, detached valves of major pedicellariæ; $\times 74$.



A HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPI CO , BOSTON

1-1d Orthasterias (Stylasterias) forreri (Lor.)

2. O. LEPTOLENA VER. Type

3-3a. Allasterias anomala Ver. Type

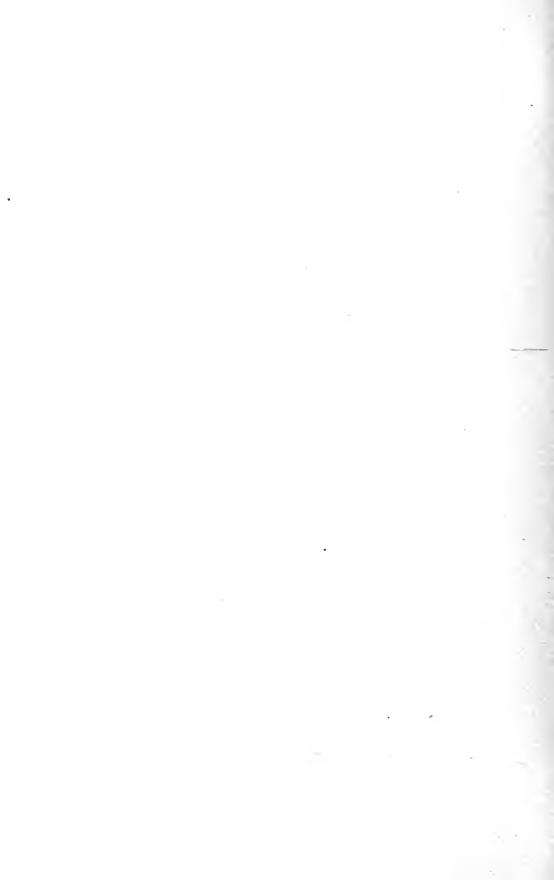
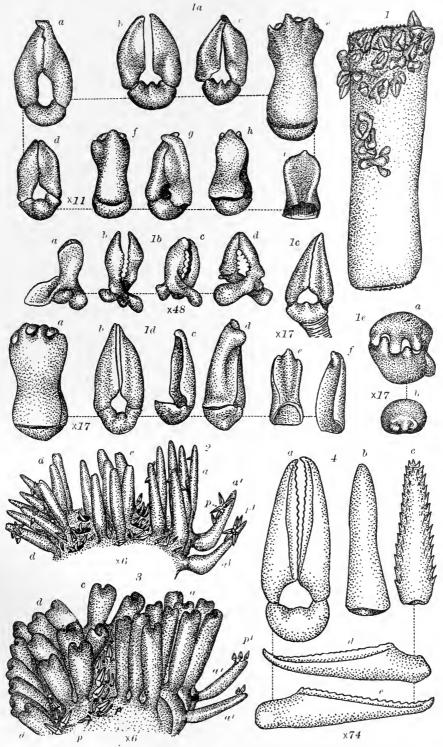


PLATE LXXVIII.

- Fig. 1. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Cotype. A dorsal spine and minor pedicellariæ from the largest specimen from Victoria; X 13. Prov. Mus. British Columbia.
- Fig. 1a. The same. Type. a-i, large dermal major pedicellariæ from the dorsal and lateral areas; X 11.
- Fig. 1b. The same. Type. a-d, minor pedicellariæ; \times 48.
- Fig. 1c. The same. A pedicelled adambularral major pedicellaria; X 17.
- Fig. 1d. The same. Type. a-f, major pedicellariæ from the dorsal and lateral areas; \times 17.
- Fig. 1e. The same. End views of two of the larger major pedicellariæ; X 17.
- Fig. 2. Allasterias rathbuni nortonensis Verrill. Adambulacral (a); peractinal (c); and inferomarginal (d, d) groups of spines; a', a', inner or furrow-spines on alternate plates; p, p, papulæ and dermal pedicellariæ; p', p', adambulacral pedicellariæ; × 6.
- Fig. 3. Allasterias anomala Verrill. Type. × 6. Lettering as in fig. 2.
- Fig. 4. The same. Major pedicellariæ (a) and detached valves (c-e); \times 74.



A HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO ROSTON

1-1e. Orthasterias columbiana Ver. Cotype
 Allasterias rathbuni nortonensis Ver.

3-4. A. Anomala Ver. Type

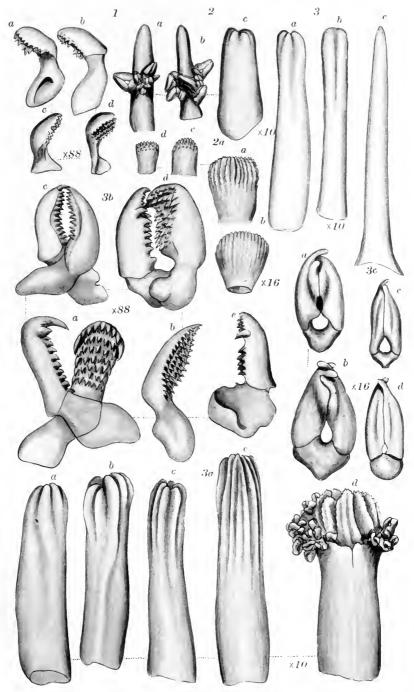




PLATE LXXIX.

- Fig. 1. Asterias polythela Verrill. Type. Detached valves of minor pedicellariæ mounted in balsam; a-d; × 88.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Spines and pedicellariæ; a, b, adambulacral spines; c, a marginal spine with pedicellariæ removed; \times 10.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen. a-d, larger and smaller dorsal spines; \times 16.
- Fig. 3. Orthasterias columbiana Verrill. Largest specimen from Victoria. Cotype. Spines, with pedicellariæ and skin removed; a, b, outer adambulacrals; c, inner one; × 10.
- Fig. 36. The same specimen. Spines cleaned of skin and pedicellariæ except d; a, b, dorsals; c, upper marginal; d, dorsal covered with a sheath bearing pedicellariæ near the tip; \times 10.
- Fig. 3b. The same specimen. Minor pedicellariæ mounted in balsam; c, d, entire; a, b, e, dislocated valves; × 88.
- Fig. 3c. The same specimen. Dermal major pedicellariæ from the dorsal and lateral areas; × 16.

PLATE LXXIX



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO., 806TON

1-2a Asterias polythela Ver. Type 3-3c Orthasterias columbiana Ver.

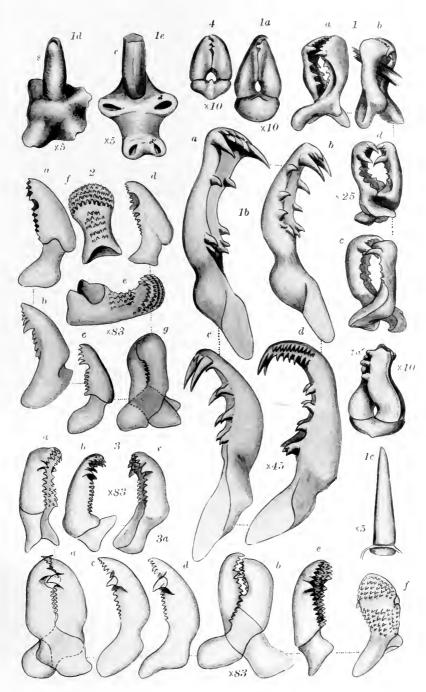




PLATE LXXX.

Fig. 1.	Orthasterias forreri (de Loriol) Verrill. Minor pedicellariæ, a, b, c, d, mounted in balsam; × 25.
Figs. 1a, 1a'.	The same specimen. Two large dorsal dermal major pedicellariæ; × 10.
Fig. 1b.	The same specimen. a-d, four detached valves of minor pedicellariæ, mounted in balsam; × 45.
Fig. 1c.	The same specimen. A cleaned dorsal spine; × 5.
Figs. 1d, 1e.	The same. Dorsal plates; \times 5. 1d, dorso-lateral with a spine; 1e, carinal seen from inner side; c, connective ossicle; d, d', facets for articulation of transverse connective ossicles.
Fig. 2.	Orthasterias dawsoni Verrill. Type. a-f, disarticulated valves of minor pedicellariæ mounted in balsam; g, one entire; ×83.
Figs. 3, 3a.	Orthasterias californica Verrill. Type. Minor pedicellariæ mounted in balsam; 3a, a, b, are entire; the rest, c, f, are disarticulated valves; ×83.
Fig. 4.	Pisaster papulosus Verrill. Type. Major pedicellaria; X 10.

H. A E, VOL XIV PLATE LXXX



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

1-1e. ORTHASTERIAS FORRERI (LOR.) Type

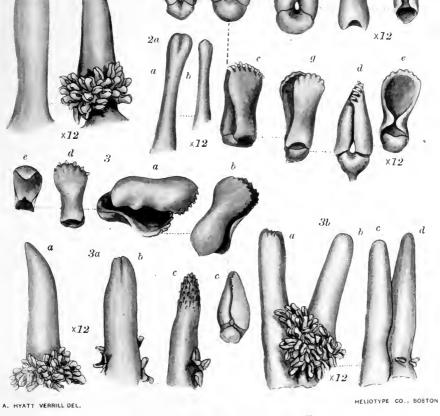
- 2. O. DAWSONI VER. Type
- 3-3a. O. CALIFORNICA VER. Type
- 4 PISASTER PAPULOSIS VER. Type





PLATE LXXXI.

- Fig. 1. Distolasterias chelifera Verrill. Type. Dermal major pedicellariæ; a, b, c, d, are elongate, strongly unguiculate forms; e is a stouter form, and not unguiculate; × 28. No. 1346, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.
- Fig. 10. The same specimen. One of the dorsal spines bearing a wreath of minor pedicellariæ, $P, P; \times 8$.
- Fig. 1b. The same specimen. Spines cleaned; a, marginal spine with pedicellariæ removed; b, outer adambulacral; c, inner adambulacral; e, f, adambulacral major pedicellariæ; × 28.
- Fig. 2. Orthasterias californica Verrill. Type. a, an inferomarginal spine, cleaned; b, a dorsal spine with a wreath of minor pedicellariæ; × 12.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen. a, outer; b, inner adambulacral spine; \times 12.
- Fig. 2b. The same specimen. Major pedicellariæ; a, b, c, d, e, dorsal; f, g, adambulacral; h, i, actinal interradial; × 12.
- Fig. 3. Orthasterias dawsoni Verrill. Type. Dermal major pedicellariæ; a, b, stout dorsal form; c, d, e, more slender spatulate or plataleiform sorts from the lateral area; × 12.
- Fig. 3a. The same specimen. Spines; a, b, c, dorsal spines treated with Javelle water to remove most of the pedicellariæ; × 12.
- Fig. 3b. The same specimen. Inferomarginal spines; a, b, a pair with pedicellariæ; c, d, a smaller pair cleaned with Javelle water; \times 12.



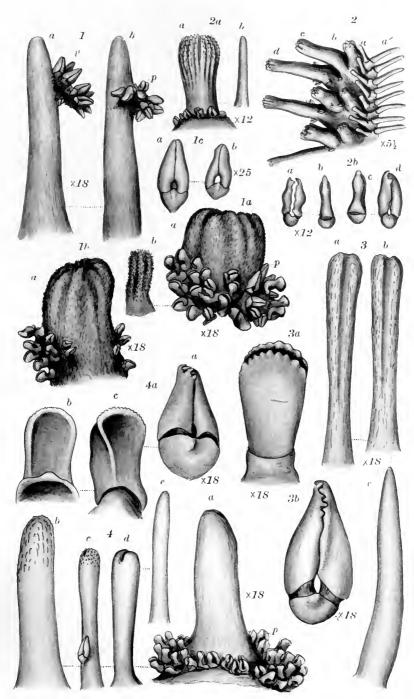
1-1b. Distolasterias chelifera Ver. Type 2-2b. ORTHASTERIAS CALIFORNICA VET. Type 3-3b, O. DAWSONI VER. Type



PLATE LXXXII.

- Fig. 1. Asterias victoriana Verrill. Type. a, b, adambulacral spines with epispinal clusters, p, p, of pedicellariæ of both sorts; × 18.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen. Dorsal spines; a, one of the larger, and b, one of the smaller sorts; P, minor pedicellariæ; \times 18.
- Fig. 1b. The same specimen. An inferomarginal spine and minor pedicellariæ; × 18.
- Fig. 1c. The same specimen. a, b, two of the major pedicellariæ; $\times 25$.
- Fig. 2. Orthasterias biordinata Verrill. Type. Group of spines of the actinal side; a', inner, and a, outer adambulacrals; b, peractinals; c, d, inferomarginals; × 5½.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen. a, dorsal spine; b, adambulacral spine; \times 12.
- Fig. 2b. The same specimen. Dorsal dermal major pedicellariæ, front and profile views; × 12.
- Fig. 3. Orthasterias gonolena Verrill. Spines cleaned with Javelle water; a, b, outer adambulacrals; c, marginal; × 18. No. 1825, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.
- Fig. 3a. The same specimen. A large denticulate dermal major pedicellaria from the lateral or intermarginal area; × 18.
- Fig. 3b. The same specimen. Major pedicellaria from the outer adambulacral spines; × 18.
- Fig. 4. The same specimen (No. 1825). Spines; a, one of the dorsal spines with a basal wreath of minor pedicellariæ; b, inferomarginal, cleaned; c, d, outer adambulacrals; e, inner adambulacral; × 18.
- Fig. 4a. The same; a, b, c, major pedicellariæ; details; \times 18.

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXXII



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

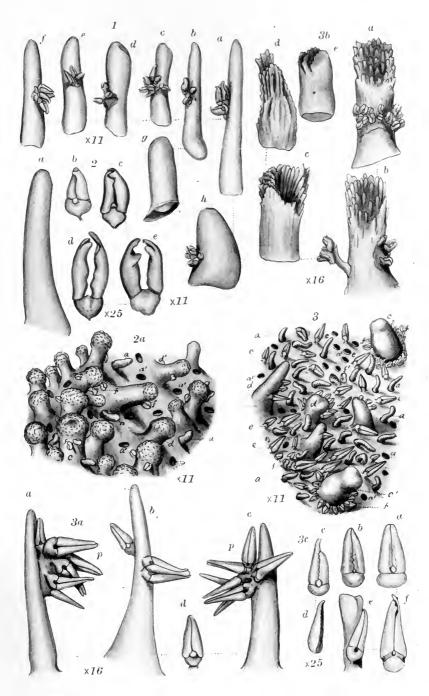
1-10. ASTERIAS VICTORIANA VER. Type 2-2b. Orthasterias biordinata Ver. Type 3-3b., 4., 4a. O. Gonolena Ver.



PLATE LXXXIII.

- Fig. 1. Asterias katherinæ Gray. Spines with pedicellariæ; a, adoral adambulacral; b, inner adambulacral; c, d, outer adambulacral; e, f, peractinals; g, h, inferomarginals; × 11.
- Fig. 2. Leptasterias arctica (Murdoch). Spines and major pedicellariæ; a, adambulacral spine; b, c, adambulacral major pedicellariæ; d, axillary or interradial one; e, unguiculate marginal one; × 25.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen. Finer spined variety. Portion of the dorsal surface showing spines, c, d, d'; papulæ, a, a; minor pedicellariæ, f, f; papular pores, a'; \times 11.
- Fig. 3. Allasterias forficulosa Verrill. Type. Portion of the dorsal surface, showing spines, c, d; papulæ, a, a; papular pores, a'; dermal major pedicellariæ, e, e; circumspinal minor pedicellariæ, f, f; dermal minor pedicellariæ, f' f'; × 11. Japan. No. 1183. Mus. Comp. Zoöl.
- Fig. 3a. The same specimen. Adambulacral spines, a, b, c, and attached major pedicellariæ, P, P; d, one of the same, detached; \times 16.
- Fig. 3b. The same specimen. a-e, marginal spines; \times 16.
- Fig. 3c. The same specimen. Major pedicellariæ; a, b, c, d, dorsal dermal; e, marginal; f, axillary; × 25.

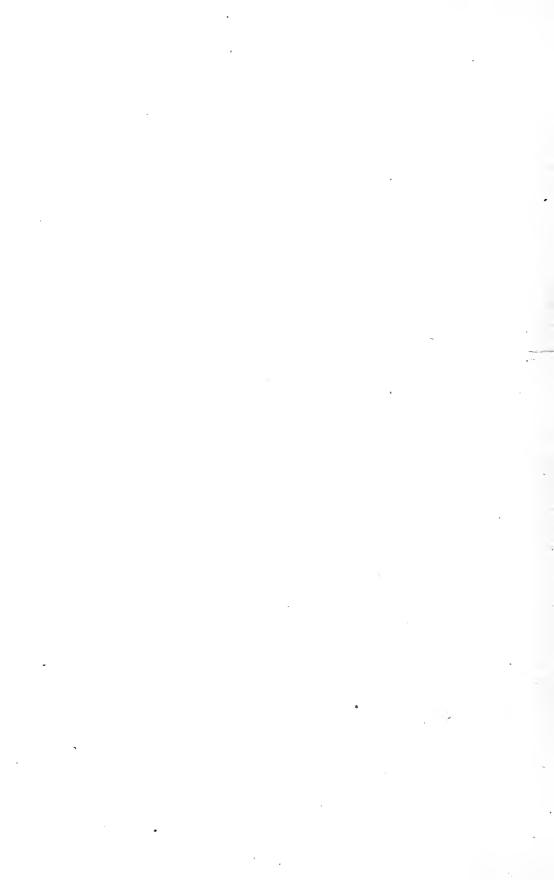
H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXXIII



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

Asterias katherinae Gray
 2-2a. Leptasterias arctica (Mur.)
 3.3c. Allasterias forficulosa Ver. Type



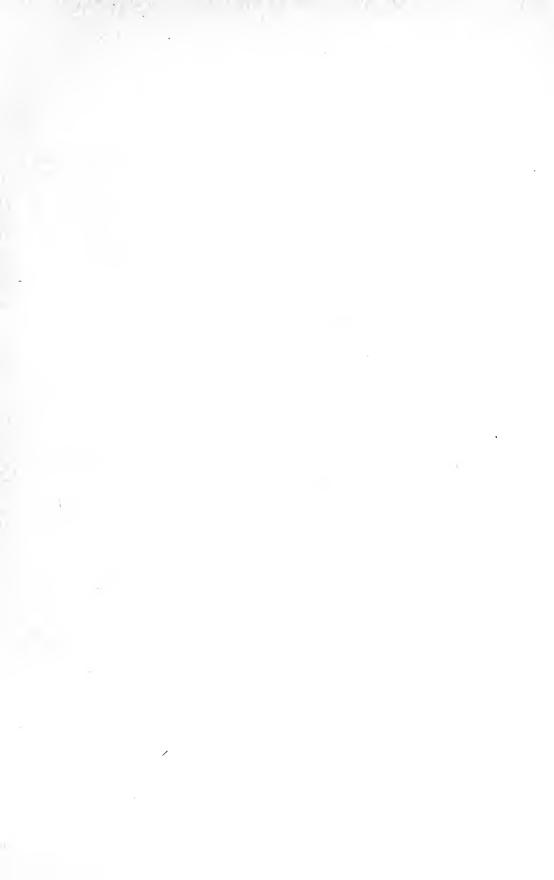
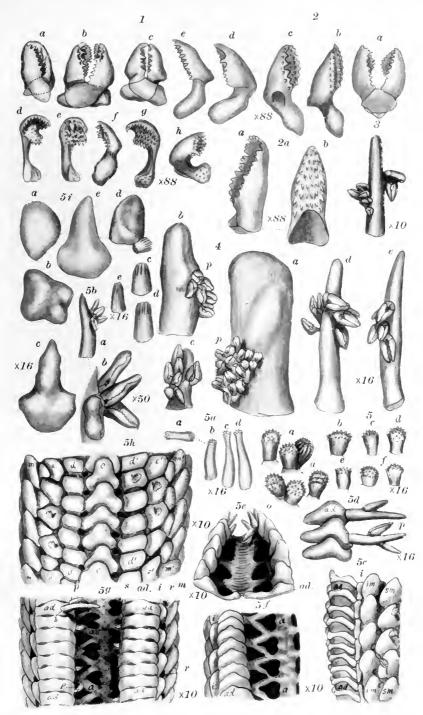


PLATE LXXXIV.

- Fig. 1. Allasterias forficulosa Verrill. Type. Minor pedicellariæ mounted in balsam; a, b, c, entire; d-h, detached valves; × 88. Japan. No. 1183, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.
- Fig. 2. Asterias multiclava Verrill. Type. Minor pedicellariæ in balsam; α, entire; b-c, separated valves; × 88.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen. Dermal dorsal major pedicellariæ; a, b, separated valves; × 88.
- Fig. 3. Asterias polythela Verrill. Type. Adambulacral spines and pedicellariæ; × 10.
- Fig. 4. The same specimen. Spines with adhering pedicellariæ; a, b, c, dorsals; d, e, adambulacrals with major pedicellariæ; \times 16.
- Fig. 5. Stenasterias macropora Verrill. Type. a-g, dorsal spines, mostly from bases of rays; × 16.
- Fig. 5a. The same specimen. Adambularral spines, a-d; \times 16.
- Fig. 5b. The same specimen. a, adoral spine with pedicellariæ; c, d, e, marginal spines, \times 16; b, oral pedicellariæ, \times 50.
- FIG. 5c. The same. Group of ossicles of actinal side; ad, adambulacrals; i, peractinals; im, inferomarginals; sm, supramarginals; \times 10.
- Fig. 5d. The same. Adoral adambulacral plates (ad), and spine with pedicellariæ (p).
- Fig. 5e. The same. Adoral portion of the groove, with large pores of sucker-feet; ad, adambulacral plates; o, oral spines; × 10.
- Fig. 5f. Portion of groove and plates from middle of ray; a, a, ambulacral plates and large pores; ad, adambulacral plates; i, peractinals; × 10.
- Fig. 5g. The same. Segment of actinal side of a ray deprived of spines; a, a, ambulacral plates and large sucker pores (s); a, d, adambulacral plates; i, peractinals; m, inferomarginal; b, a remaining adambulacral spine; p, p, adambulacral pedicellariæ; r, r, papular pores; \times 10.
- Fig. 5h. The same. Dorsal side of ray, with spines removed; c, c, median or carinal row of plates; d, d, and d' d', right and left secondary rows of plates; e, e', second pair of secondary rows of plates; m, m', superomarginal rows; single papular pores lie between the plates in rows; × 10.
- Fig. 5i. The same. Skeletal ossicles; a, peractinal plate; b, superomarginal; c, inferomarginal; d, adambulacral; e, superomarginal; × 16.



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

ΛLLASTERIAS FORFICULOSA VER. Type
 2-2a. Asterias multiclava Ver. Type

3. 4. A. POLYTHELA VER. Type

5-5i. Stenasterias macropora Ver. Type



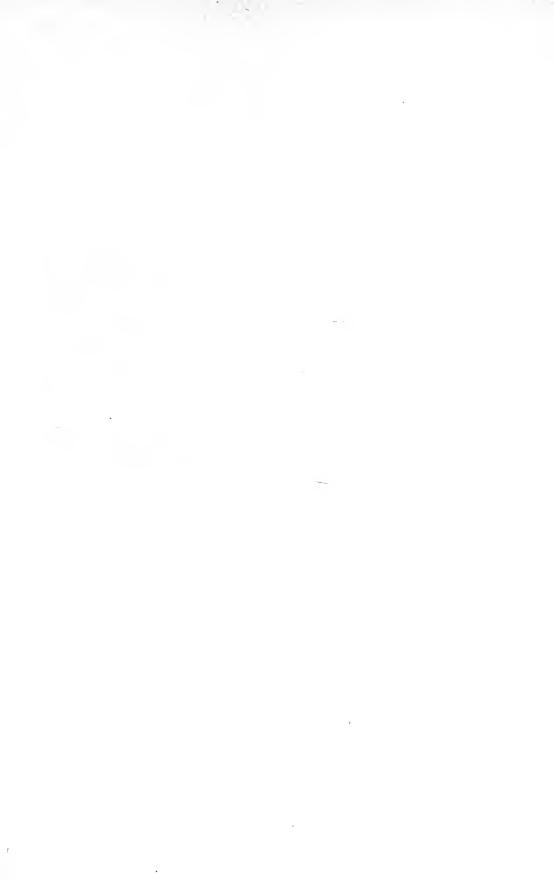
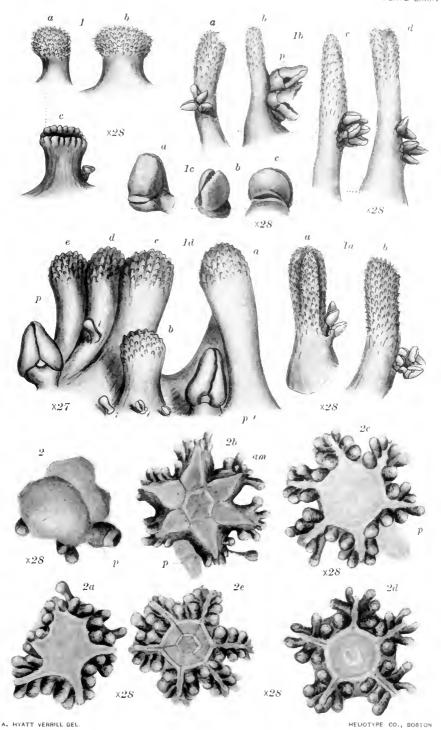


PLATE LXXXV.

- Fig. 1. Leptasterias epichlora alaskensis Verrill. Type. Dorsal spines, a, b, c, of different sorts; × 28. Dutch Harbor.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen; a, inferomarginal spine; b, superomarginal; $\times 28$.
- Fig. 1b. The same specimen; a, b, c, adambulaeral spines; d, peractinal; $\times 28$.
- Fig. 1c. The same specimen; a, b, c, large, erect, intermarginal major pedicellariæ; \times 28.
- Fig. 1d. The same specimen; marginal spines and pedicellariæ; a, superomarginal spines; b, c, d, e, inferomarginals; p, p', major pedicellariæ; i, i', minor pedicellariæ.
- Figs. 2-2e. The same. Young carried by parent, in different stages of growth;

 a, b, younger stages; p, pedicel for attachment; a, m, podia or
 ambulacral feet; × 28. In 2, the form is irregular, with few
 podia; in 2a, the form has become stellate, but with unequal
 rays. Later stages are regularly stellate; 2d is five-rayed; the
 others are six-rayed like the parent.

(172)



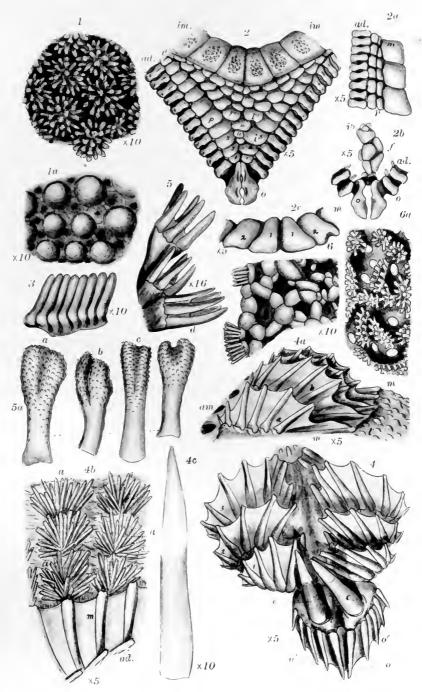
Leptasterias epichlora alaskensis Ver. Type, and young of the same



PLATE LXXXVI.

- Fig. 1. Bunodaster ritteri Verrill. Type. A group of dorsal parapaxillæ from the base of a ray; × 10.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen. A group of dorsal plates from the base of a ray, with spines removed; X 10.
- Fig. 2. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube). Young. One of the interactinal areas deprived of spines; ad, adambulacral plates, o, jaw plates; im, inferomarginals; p, p, first rows; P', P', second rows of interactinal plates; 1, 1 and 2, 2 and 3, 3, first three pairs of interactinal plates; u, u, odd or unpaired plates; ×5.
- Fig. 2a. The same specimen; ad, adambulacral plates from near base of ray;
 b, two rows of interactinal plates; m, inferomarginals; × 5.
- Fig. 2b. The same specimen; o, o, jaw-plates; ad, adoral adambulacrals; f, rudimentary plates, perhaps superambulacral; ib, interbrachial septum; × 5.
- Fig. 2c. The same specimen. Supramarginal plates, from inner side; 1, 1 and 2, 2, first and second interradial pairs; × 5.
- Fig. 3. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Type. One of the adambulacral combs of spines.
- Fig. 4. Pteraster tesselatus Ives. A jaw and adoral parts; o, o, apical oral spines; o', o', lateral oral spines; e, e, hyaline epioral spines; 1, 2, 3, first three pairs of adambulacral combs; × 5.
- Fig. 4a. The same specimen. Portion from near middle of radial area; am, ambulacral groove; a-d, four combs of adambulacral spines; m, m, actinomarginal spines; l, latero-ventral surface; × 5.
- Fig 4b. The same specimen. Part of an interbrachial area, rendered translucent by varnish; a, a, a, spinules of parapaxillæ as seen through the translucent skin; m, actinomarginal spines; ad, adambulacrals; × 5.
- Fig. 4c. The same. One of the hyaline epioral spines; X 10.
- Fig. 5. Henricia sanguinolenta var. rudis Verrill. A group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ from the base of a ray; × 16. Point Franklin. No. 7623.
- Fig. 5a. The same specimen. a-d, adambularral spines; \times 16.
- Fig. 6. Henricia tumida borealis Verrill. Type. A group of dorsal ossicles, mostly with spinules removed from the base of a ray; X 10.
- Fig. 6a. The same specimen. Group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ, with spinules and papular pores; X 10. Alaska, Harriman Expedition.

H, A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXXVI



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO BOSTON

1-1a. Bunodaster ritteri Ver. Type

2-2c. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube)

3. Solaster stimpsoni Ver. Type

4-4c. Pteraster tesselatus Ives

5-5a. Henricia sanguinolenta, var rudis Ver.

6-6a. H. Tumida Borealis Ver. Type

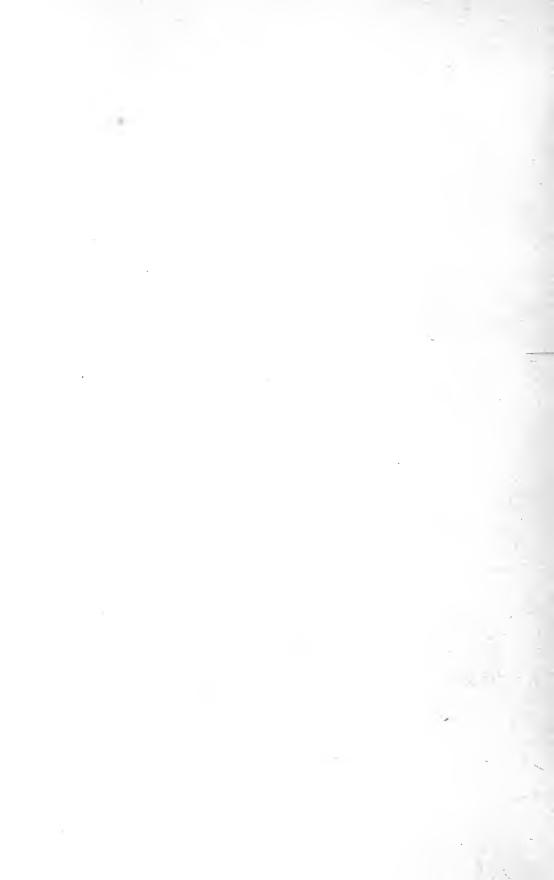




PLATE LXXXVII.

Fig. 1.

Fig. 1a.

Fig. 2.

FIG. 2a.

Fig. 6a.

Franklin.

X 10.

Henricia tumida Verrill. Type. Portion of dorsal surface;

The same specimen. Group of spines of actinal side; a', a', adambulacrals; b, b', peractinals; c, c', inferomarginals; \times 10. Henricia leviuscula spiculifera (Clark). Group of pseudopaxillæ

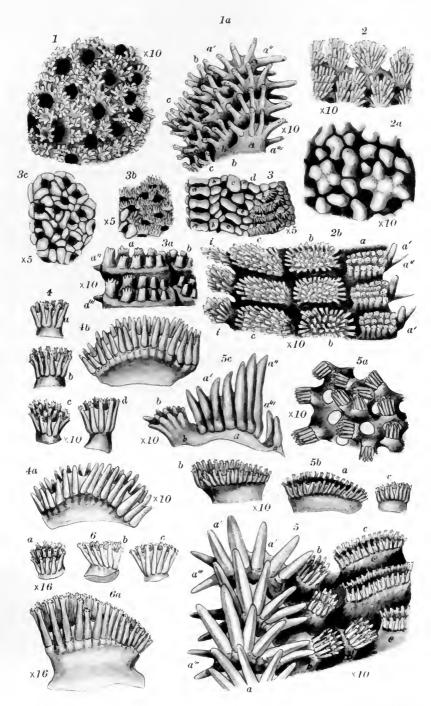
from the side of the base of a ray; X 10. Bering Sea.

The same specimen. Group of dorsal ossicles with spines re-

The same specimen; inferomarginal plate; X 16. From Point

	moved; × 10.
Fig. 2b.	The same specimen. Portion of actinal side; a , a' , adambulacral plates and spines; a'' , furrow-spine; b , b , peractinal pseudopaxillæ; c , c , inferomarginals; d , d , superomarginals; \times 10.
Fig. 3.	Henricia arctica Verrill. Type. Cape Lisburne. Portion of actinal side with spines partly removed; a, a, adambulacral plates; b, b, peractinals; c, c, inferomarginals; d, d, superomarginals; e, e, intermarginals; × 5.
Fig. 3a.	The same specimen. a, a, two adambulacral plates and spines; a', furrow-spine; b, peractinal.
Fig. 3b.	The same specimen. Group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ; × 5.
Fig. 3c.	The same specimen. Group of ossicles from base of ray; × 5.
Fig. 4	Solaster endeca (Linn.) Forbes. Typical from Atlantic; a, b, c,
	dorsal pseudopaxillæ from base of ray; d , superomarginal; \times 10.
Figs 4a, 4b.	The same specimen. Inferomarginal plates; 4a, adoral side; 4b, aboral side; × 10.
Fig. 5.	Solaster galaxides Verrill. Type. Portion of actinal side; a, a, adambulacral spines, actinal group; a', furrow-spines; b, b, b', peractinals; c, c, inferomarginals.
Fig. 5a.	The same specimen. Group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ and papular pores from the base of a ray; X 10.
Fig. 5b.	The same specimen; a , adoral, and b , aboral sides of inferomarginal plates; c , superomarginal plate; \times 10.
Fig. 5c.	Solaster galaxides Verrill. Cotype. a, actinal group of adambularal spines; a', furrow-spines; b, peractinals. No. 1897, Mus. Comp. Zoöl.
Fig. 6.	Solaster dawsoni var. arctica Verrill. Type. Dorsal pseudo- paxillæ, a, b, c, from base of ray; × 16.

H. A. E. VOL, XIV PLATE LXXXVIII



A. HYATT VERRILL DEL.

HELIOTYPE CO. BOSTON

1-1a. HENRICIA TUMIDA VER. Type

2-2b. H. LEVIUSCULA SPICULIFERA (CLARK) 4

3-3c. H. ARCTICA VER. Type

4-4b. Solaster endeca (L.) 5-5c. S. Galaxides Ver. Type

6-6a. S. DAWSONI ARCTICUS VER. Type

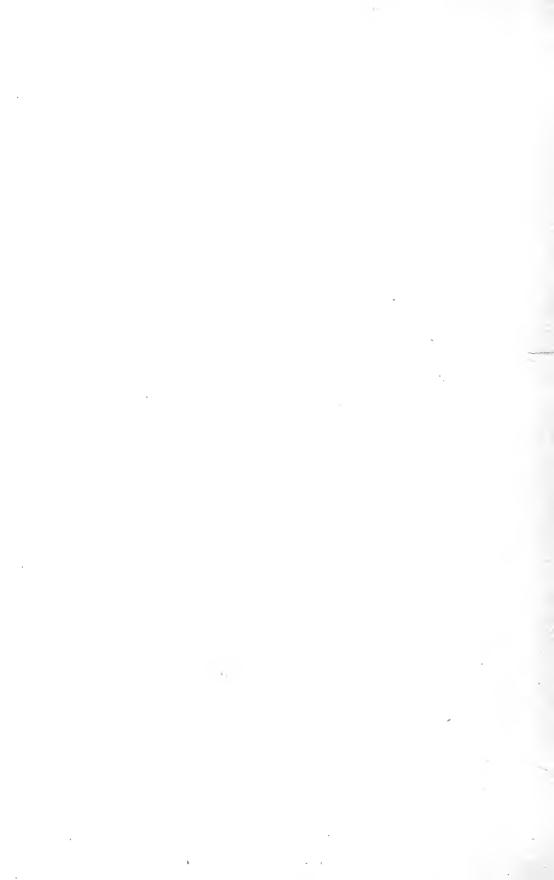




PLATE LXXXVIII.

Fig. I. Henricia leviuscula var. inequalis Verrill. Type. Portion of the actinal side of a ray; a, a, enlarged adambulacral spines; a', a', longer adambulacral spines on inner angle of plate; b, interactinals; c, second row of interactinal pseudopaxillæ; d, inferomarginal plates and spines; X 10. No. 5183, Yale Mus.

The same specimen. Group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ and papulæ from

Fig. 1a.

base of a ray; \times 10.

Henricia leviuscula var. lunula Verrill. Type. Group of dorsal FIG. 2. ossicles from the base of a ray, cleaned; × 5. British Columbia. Yale Mus.

FIG. 20. The same specimen. Plates of the actinal side of the middle of a ray, cleaned; a, a, adambulacrals; b, b, peractinals; c, c, inferomarginals; d, d, superomarginals; e, e, latero-dorsals; f, two adambulacral spines; × 5.

The same specimen. Plates of actinal side, more enlarged (X 10). FIG. 2C.

Lettering as in fig. 2a.

FGI. 2C. The same specimen; a, adambulacral spines; a', enlarged inner spine;

a", furrow-spine; b, peractinal spines; × 10.

Henricia sanguinolenta (Müller). Typical form from New England.

A jaw and adjacent parts; o, o, o', apical or peroral spines; o'', o'', lateral adoral spines; a', a'', adambulacral spines of first and according to plates; d', a'', adambulacral spines of first FIG. 3. and second free plates; d, d, exsert papulæ; \times 5. Eastport, Me. (coll., A. E. Verrill). Yale Mus., No. 5099.

The same specimen. Spines from the actinal side near the base of a ray; a, a, adambulacral plates; a', a'', adambulacral spines; a''', furrow spine; b, b', interactinal spines; d, d, papulæ; × 5.

Henricia sanguinolenta miliaris Verrill. Type. From a New Eng-Fig. 3a.

Fig. 4. land specimen. A portion of the actinal surface of the middle of a ray; \times 10. Lettering as in fig. 3a, with addition of c, c, the inferomarginal plates.

The same specimen. Group of dorsal pseudopaxillæ from near base of a ray; X 10. Eastport, Me. (coll., A. E. Verrill). Yale Mus. Henricia tumida borealis Verrill. Type. Portion of plates and spines FIG. 40.

Fig. 5. from the actinal side near the base of a ray; X 10. Lettering as in figs. 3a and 4. Dutch Harbor, Alaska, Harriman Expedition. Yale Mus.

The same specimen. a, a, ambulacral spines; a', a', larger spines on Fig. 5a.

edge of groove; b, b, peractinal spines; \times 10. The same specimen. Adoral adambulaeral plates and spines; \times 10.

Fig. 5b.

Lettering as in fig. 5a.
Orthasterias forreri forcipulata Verrill. Type. Larger dorsal, Fig. 6. dermal, major pedicellariæ of three sorts; a, b, stout, erect denticulate form; c, spatulate or plataleiform sort; d, lanceolate form; \times 43.

Fig. 6a. The same specimen. Minor pedicellariæ of different sizes, a-f; \times 43. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Brandt). Spines; a, b, c, dorsals with wreaths of minor pedicellariæ; d, the same, cleaned of the pedicellariæ; f, an adambulacral spine with a pedicellaria (P) attached to its base by a pedicel on the edge of the furrow; g, an FIG. 7. adoral spine, cleaned; X 10.

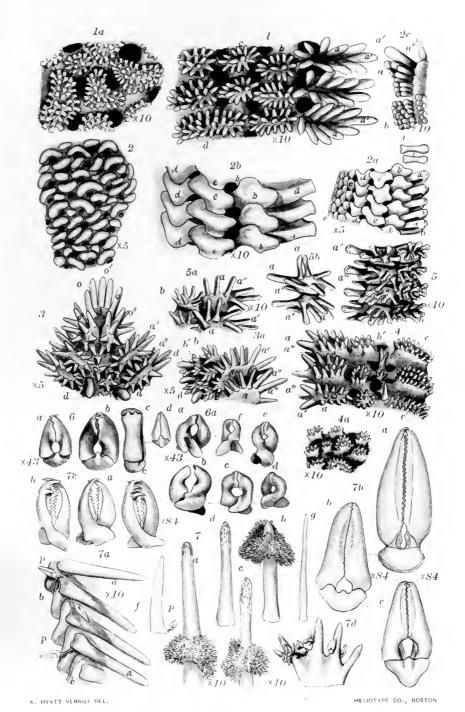
The same specimen. A group (b, b) of adambulacral overlapping plates; a, a, adambulacral spines; p, p, major pedicellariæ on Fig. 7a.

slender pedicels; × 10.

Fig. 7b. The same specimen. a, b, c, three forms of small lanceolate major pedicellariæ; × 84.

The same specimen. a, b, c, three of the minor pedicellariæ; × 84. The same specimen. One of the jaws with apical or peroral spines and pedicellariæ; × 10. Fig. 7c. FIG. 7d.

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE LXXXVIII



1-1a. HENRICIA LEVIUSCULA, VAR.

2-2c. H. LEVIUSCULA, VAR. LUNULA VER. Type

3-3a. H. SANGUINOLENTA (MULL.) Typical

4-4a. H. SANGUINOLENTA MILIARIS VER. Type

5-5b. H. TUMIDA BOREALIS VER. Type

6-6a. Orthasterias forreri forcipulata Ver. Type

7-7d. Pycnopodia helianthoides (Br.)

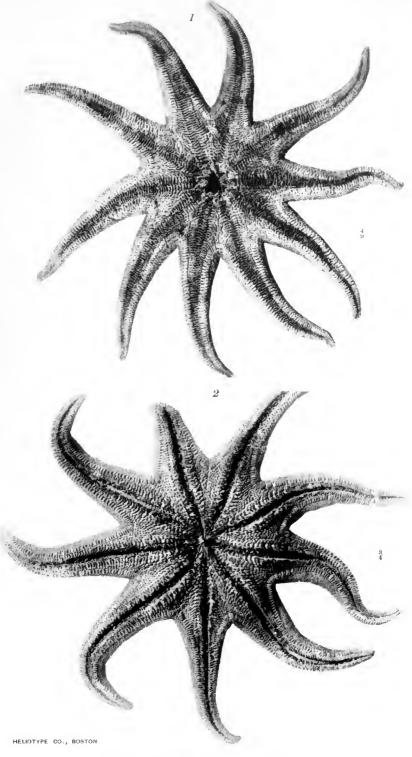




PLATE LXXXIX.

- Fig. 1. Solaster endeca (Linn.) Forbes. Typical. Actinal side of a large New England specimen; 4/9 natural size. Eastport, Me. Yale
- Fig. 2. Solaster galaxides Verrill. Type. 3/4 natural size. Vancouver Is.

(180)



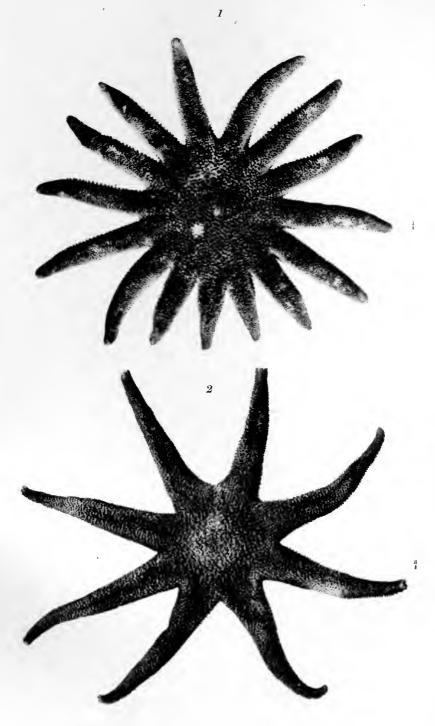
1. Solaster endeca (L.) Atlantic 2. S. galaxides Ver. Type



PLATE XC.

Fig. 1. Solaster dawsoni Verrill. Form with different rays; about natural size. Vancouver I., Surv. Canada. Fig. 2. Solaster constellatus Verrill. Type. About 3/4 natural size.

(182)



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- t. Solaster dawsoni Ver.
- 2. Solaster constellatus Ver. Type



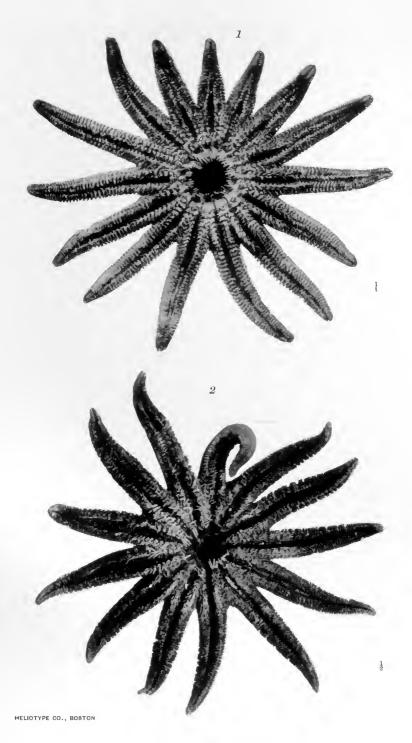


PLATE XCI.

Fig. 1. Solaster dawsoni Verrill. Form with fifteen rays. Actinal side; about natural size.

Fig. 2. Solaster dawsoni Verrill. Cotype. Actinal side; about ½ natural size. Powell Is. Geol. Surv. Canada.

(184)



1.2. Solaster dawsoni Ver.





PLATE XCII.

Fig. 1. Solaster dawsoni Verrill. Cotype. Same specimen as pl. xc, fig. 2. Actinal side; \times 23/3. Powell Is.

(186)

H. A. E. VOL, XIV PLATE XCII



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

Solaster dawsoni Ver. Cotype

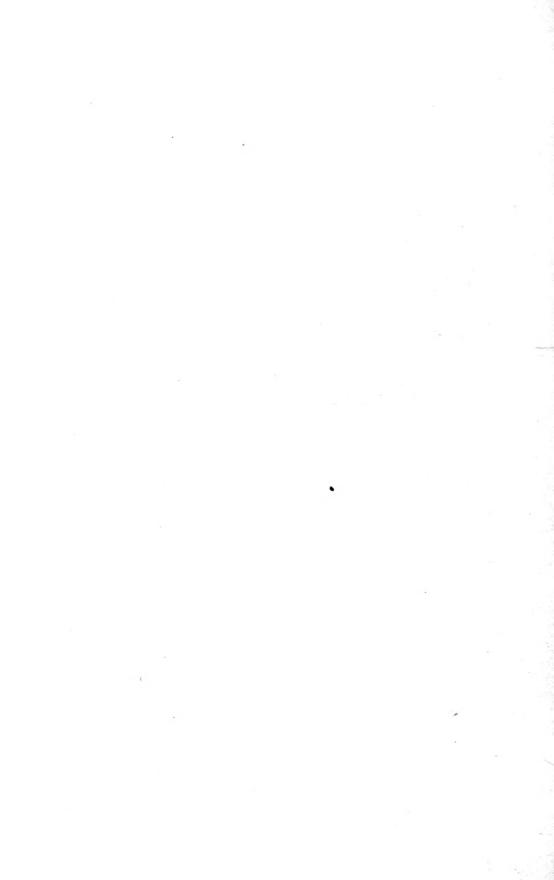




PLATE XCIII.

Fig. 1. Solaster constellatus Verrill. Type. Actinal side; × 5%. Puget Sound. Mus. Univ. of Wash.

(188)

H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XCIII



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

SOLASTER CONSTELLATES VER. Type

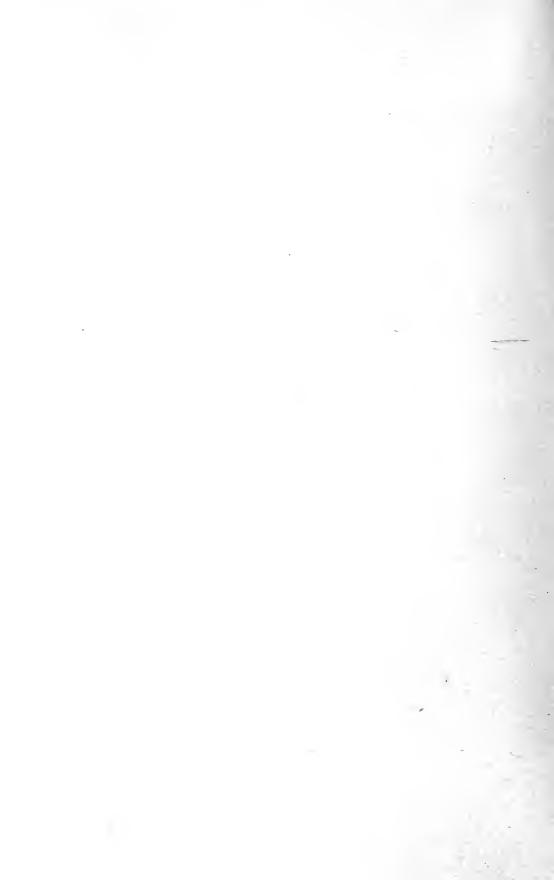
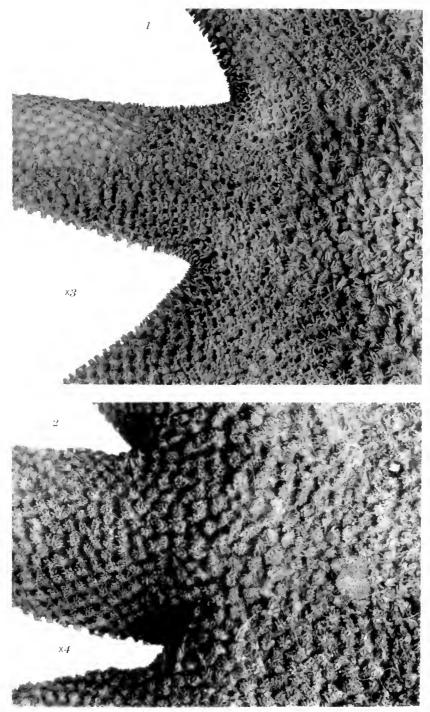


PLATE XCIV.

Fig. 1. Solaster constellatus Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; × 3.
Fig. 2. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; × 4.

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H. A. E. VOL. XIV PLATE XCIV



- 1. Solaster constellatus Ver. Type 2. Solaster stimpsoni Ver. Type



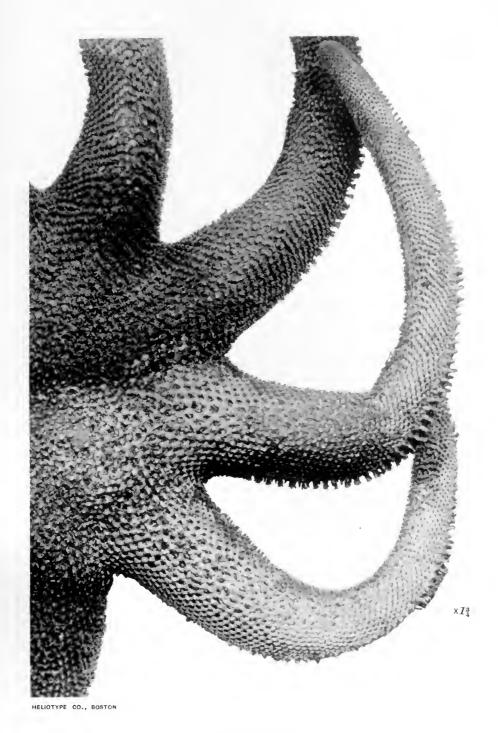


PLATE XCV.

Fig. 1. Solaster stimpsoni Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; X 134. No. 5407, Yale Mus.

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Solaster stimpsoni Ver. Type



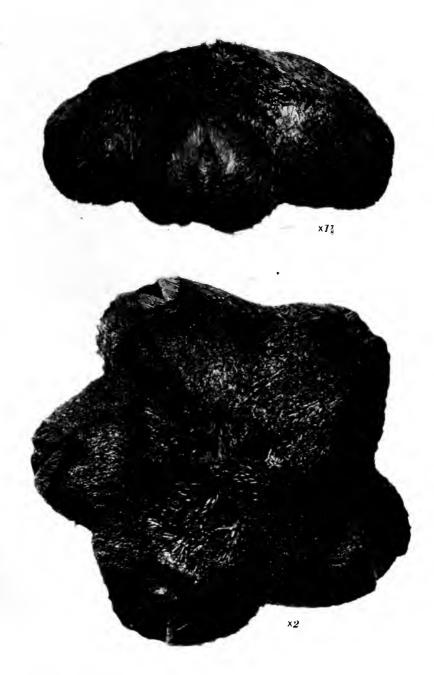


PLATE XCVI.

Figs. 1, 2. Pteraster hebes Verrill. Type. Profile and dorsal views; 1, × about 17%; 2, × 2. Departure Bay. Geol. Surv. Canada.

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H. A. E. VOL, XIV PLATE XCVI



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1.2. PTERASTER HERES VER. Type





PLATE XCVII.

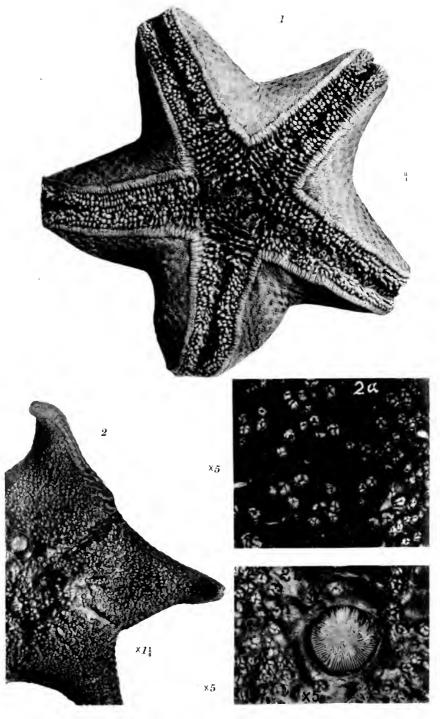
- Fig. 1. Pteraster tesselatus Ives. Actinal side of an alcoholic specimen from Alaska; about 3/4 natural size. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. Dermasterias imbricata (Grube), var. valvifera Verrill. Type.

 Dorsal side, showing abundant pedicellariæ; X 11/4. Yale

 Mus.
- Figs. 2a, 2b. The same specimen. Portions of disk; × 5. 2a, shows many three-valved pedicellariæ and some four-valved; fig. 2b, shows also the madreporite.

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Pterastek trsselatus Ives
 2-2b. Dermasterias imbricata valvulifera Ver. Type



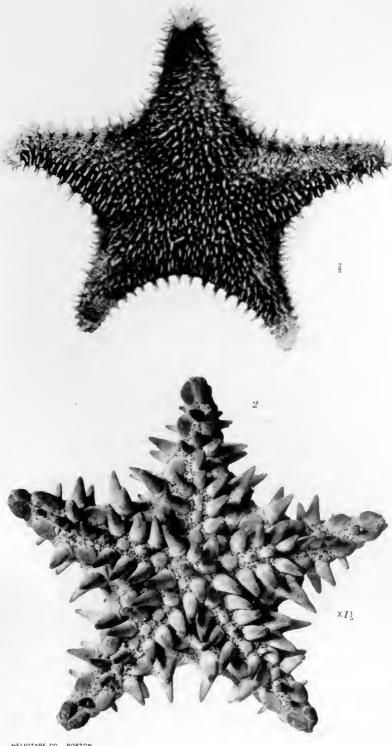
PLATE XCVIII.

Fig. 1. Hippasteria spinosa Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; 3/3 natural size.

Puget Sound. Univ. of Wash.
Fig. 2. Amphiaster insignis Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; X 11/6. La Paz, Lower Calif. Yale Mus.

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1. Hippasteria spinosa Ver. Type

2. Amphiaster insignis Ver. Type



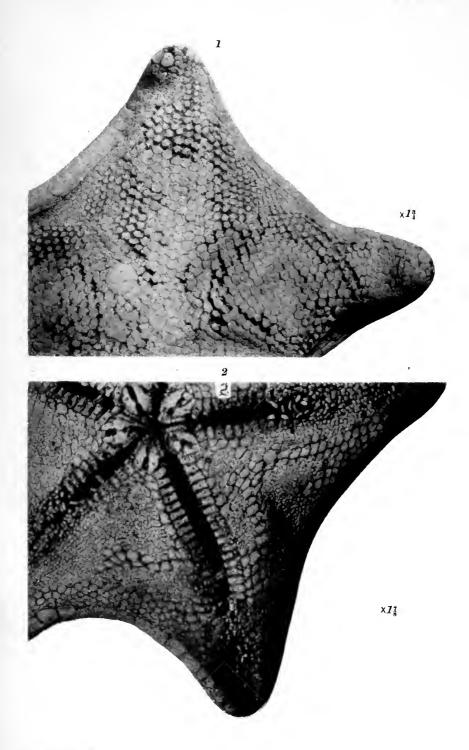


PLATE XCIX.

Fig. 1. Tosiaster arcticus Verrill. Dorsal side; X 13/4.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; X 17%. Bering Is. U. S. Nat. Mus.

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1.2. Tosiaster arcticus Ver. Type





PLATE C.

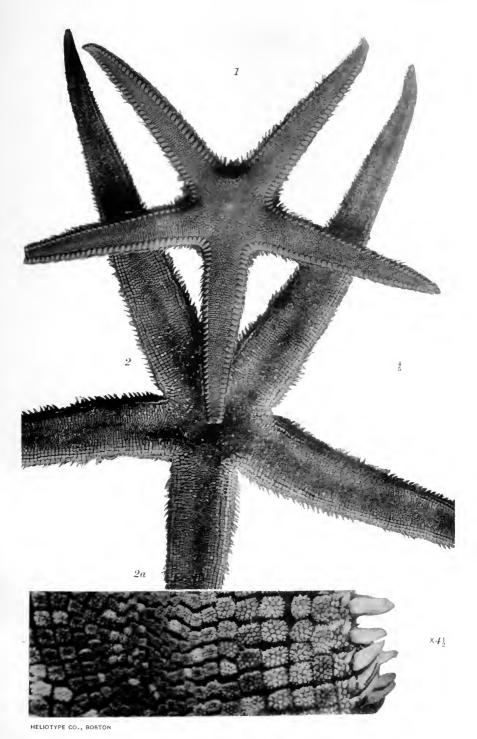
Fig. 1. Astropecten californicus Fisher; % natural size. San Francisco.

Fig. 2. Luidia foliolata (Grube). Dorsal side; 1/5 natural size. San Francisco.

Fig. 2a. The same. Portion of a ray; $\times 4\frac{1}{2}$.

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1. Astropecten californicus Fisher 2.2a. Luidia foliolata Grube

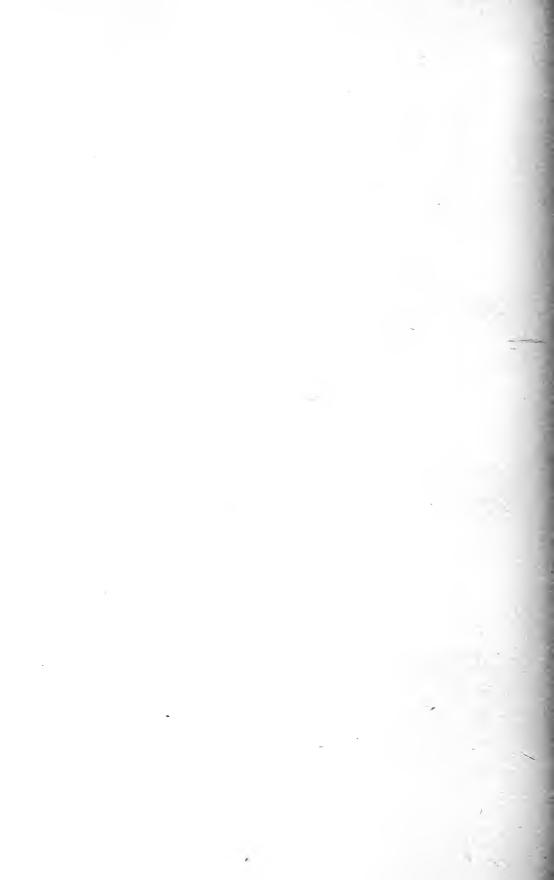




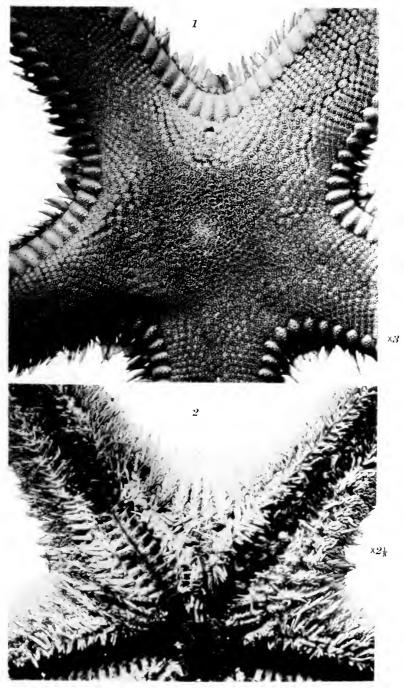
PLATE CI.

Fig. 1. Astropecten californicus Fisher. Dorsal side; X 3. San Francisco.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; $\times 2\frac{1}{3}$.

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H. A. E. VOL, XIV PLATE CI



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

Astropecten californicus Fisher



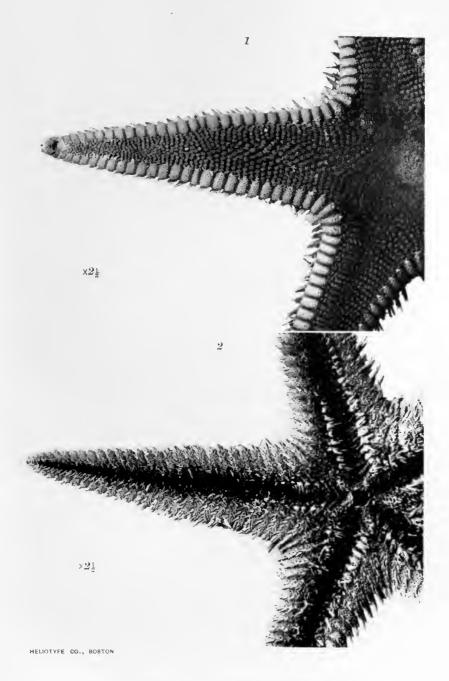
PLATE CII.

Fig. 1. Astropecten californicus Fisher. Young. Dorsal side; × 2½. Off San Francisco. Yale Mus.

Fig. 2. The same specimen. Actinal side; $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$.

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1.2. ASTROPECTEN CALIFORNICUS FISHER (YOUNG)

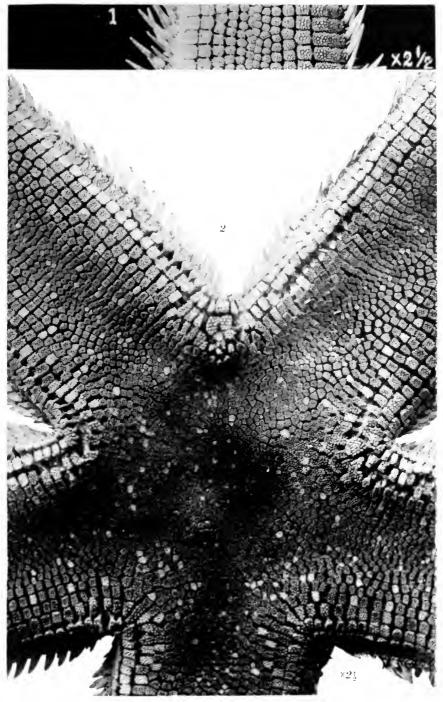




PLATE CIII.

Fig. 1. Luidia clathrata (Say). Dorsal side of ray; × 2½. Bermuda.
 Fig. 2. Luidia foliolata (Grube). Dorsal side; × 2½. San Francisco.
 Yale Mus.

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- 1. LUIDIA CLATHRATA SAY.
- 2. Luidia foliolata Grube



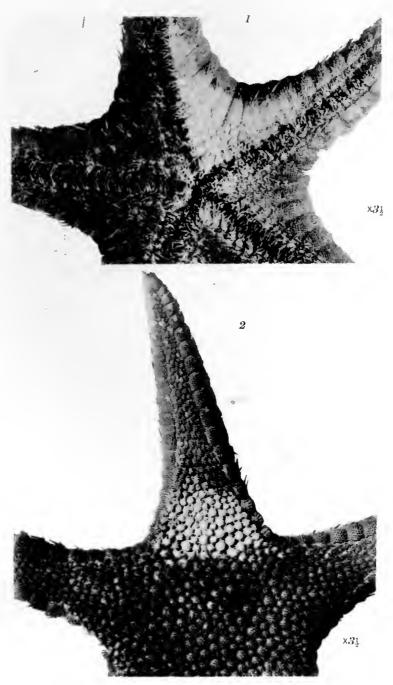


PLATE CIV.

- Fig. 1. Bunodaster ritteri Verrill. Type. Actinal side; × 31/3. Off San Francisco. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. The same specimen. Dorsal side with spines removed on base of one ray; $\times 3\frac{1}{3}$.

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BUNODASTER RITTERI VER. Type





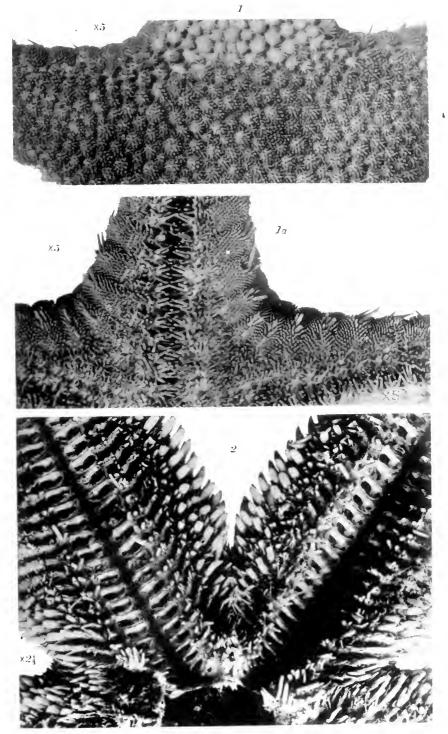
PLATE CV.

Figs. 1, 1a. Bunodaster ritteri Verrill. Type. Portions of the dorsal and

actinal surface; × 5. San Francisco.

Luidia foliolata (Grube). Same specimen as pl. c, fig. 2. Actinal Fig. 2. side; \times 2. Off San Francisco.

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1.1a. Bunodaster ritteri Ver. 2. Luidia foliglafa Grube

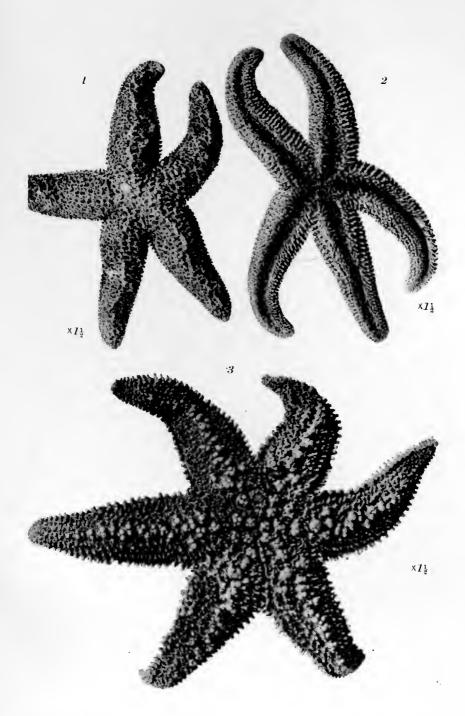


PLATE CVI.

Figs. 1, 2. Evasterias troschelii (Stimpson) Verrill. Young. Dorsal and actinal sides; × 1½. Sitka. Yale Mus.

Fig. 3. Asterias acervata Stimpson. A strongly acervate young specimen; \times 1½. Nazan, Alaska (Dall). U. S. Nat. Mus.

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1.2. Evasterias troschelii (St.) Young

3. ASTERIAS ACERVATA (ST.) YOUNG, VAR.





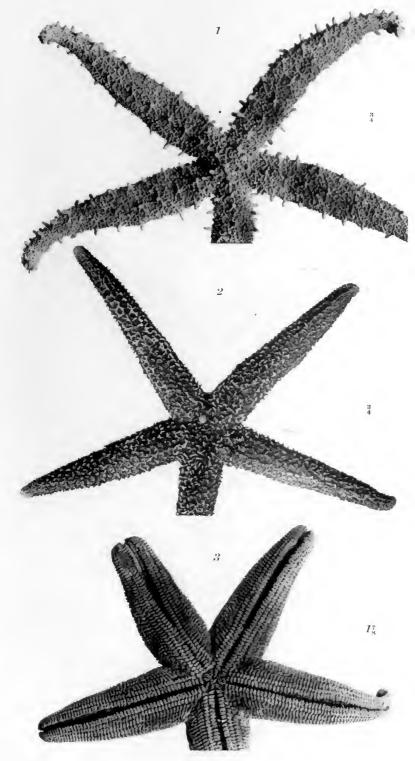
PLATE CVII.

- Fig. 1. Mithrodia bradleyi Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; 34 natural size. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 2. Echinaster tenuispinus Verrill. Type. Dorsal side; 3/4 natural size. La Paz. Yale Mus.
- Fig. 3. Henricia leviuscula spiculifera Clark. Actinal side; X 17%. Bering Island. U. S. Nat. Mus.

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PLATE CVII



HELIOTYPE CO., BOSTON

- 1. MITHRODIA BRADLEYI VER. Type
- 2. ECHINASTER TENUISPINUS VER. Type
- 3. Henricia leviuscula spiculifera (Clark)



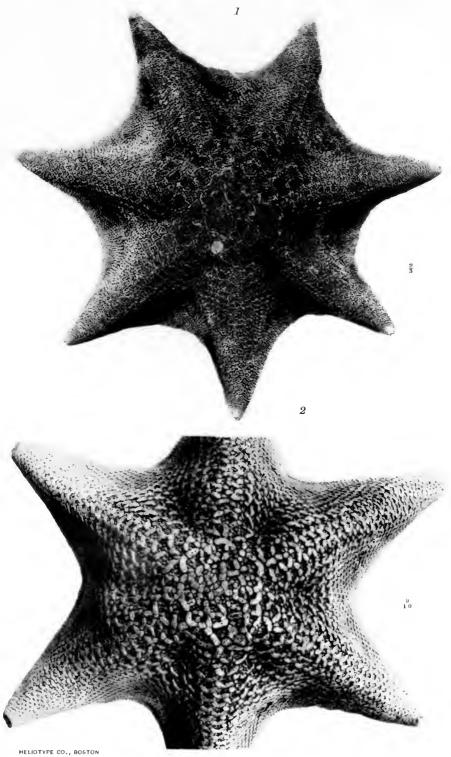


PLATE CVIII.

Fig. 1. Patiria miniata (Brandt). A seven-rayed specimen. Dorsal side; about 3/3 natural size. Departure Bay, Canada Geol. Survey.

Fig. 2. The same. A six-rayed specimen. Dorsal side; about 9/10 natural size. Departure Bay, Canada Geol. Survey.

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1. 2. Patiria miniata Ver Varieties

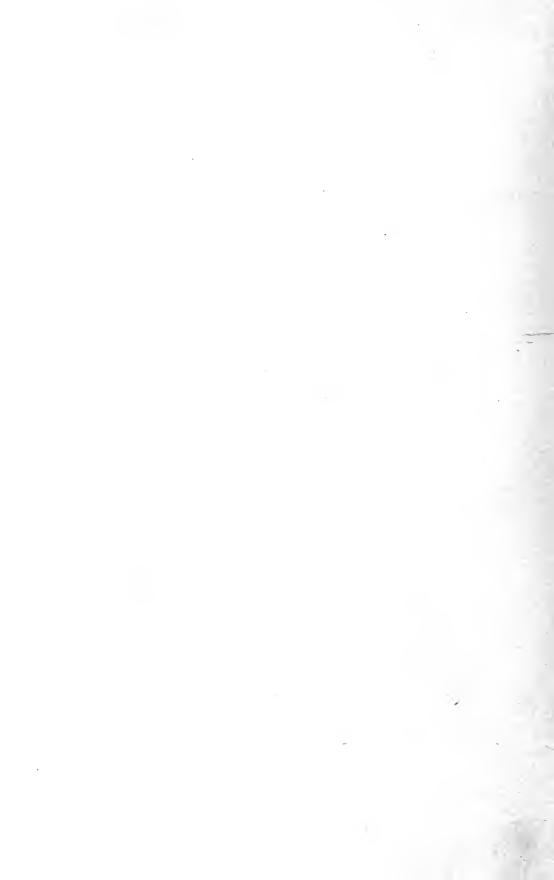


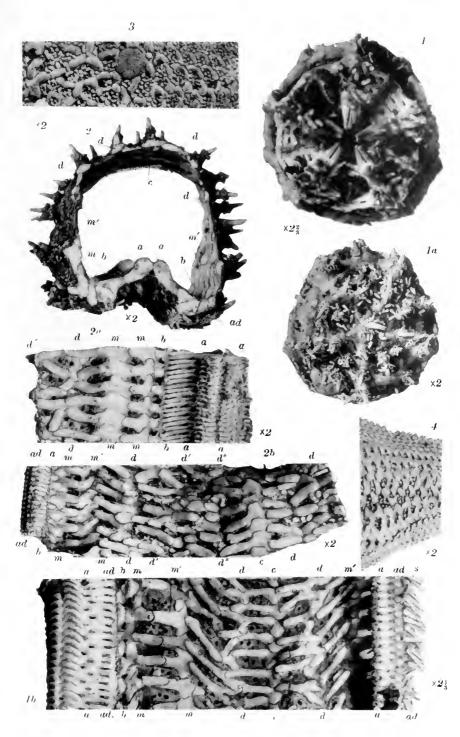


PLATE CIX.

- Fig. 1. Orthasterias tanneri Verrill. Cotype. Actinal side of disk, to show jaws and peroral spines; $\times 2\frac{3}{2}$.
- Fig. 1a. The same specimen. Dorsal side of disk, showing spines and pedicellariæ; × 2.
- Fig. 1b. The same specimen. Section of a ray, showing inner surface of skeleton; cut through ambulacral plates and flattened out; a, a, ambulacral plates; ad, ad, adambulacral plates; b, b, peractinal plates; m, m, inferomarginals; m', m', superomarginals; d, d, dorso-lateral plates and transverse connective ossicles; s, s, adambulacral spines; c, c, median radial or carinal plates; × 2½.
- Fig. 2. O. columbiana Verrill. Type. Transverse section of a ray;
 a, a, ambulacral plates; ad, ad, adambulacrals; b, b, peractinals; m, m, inferomarginals; m', m', superomarginals;
 d, d, dorso-lateral plates and transverse ossicles; c, carinals;
 × 2.
- Figs. 2a, 2b. The same specimen. Two parts of a transverse section of a ray, split through the ambulacral plates and flattened out, to show inner surface. Lettering as in fig. 1b, except that d, d; d' d'; d'', d'' show the three rows of dorso-lateral plates; × 2.
- Fig. 3. Patiria miniata (Brandt). Central part of disk and madreporic plate, with spinules removed; × 2.
- Fig. 4. Enoplopatiria siderea Verrill. Type. Dorsal view of middle of a ray with spinules removed; × 2.

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1-1b. Orthasterias tanneri Ver. Cotype

2-2b. O. COLUMBIANA VER. Type

3. Patiria miniata (Br.)

4. ENOPLOPATIRIA SIDEREA VER. Type

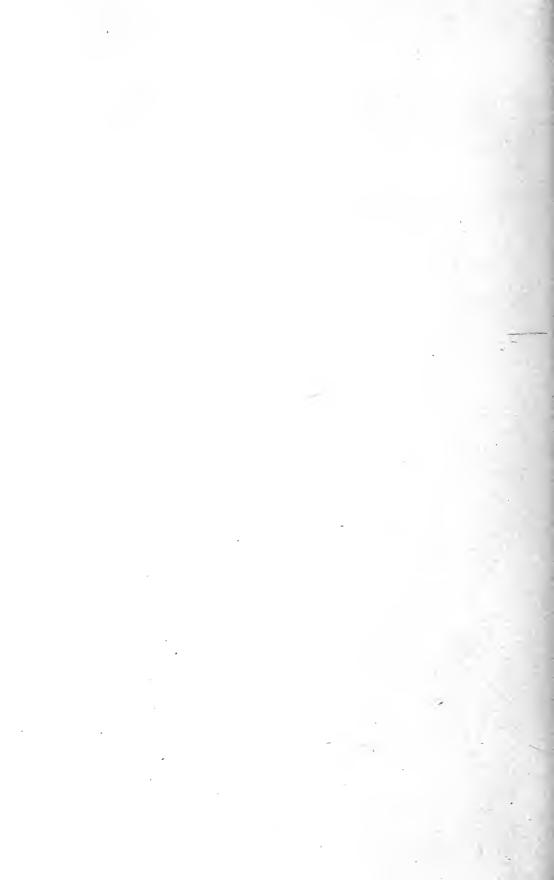
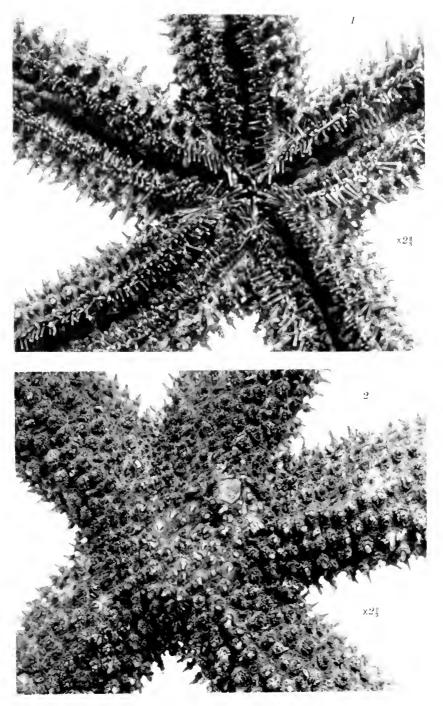


PLATE CX.

Figs. 1, 2. Distolasterias chelifera Verrill. Type. Ventral and dorsal views; × 2%.

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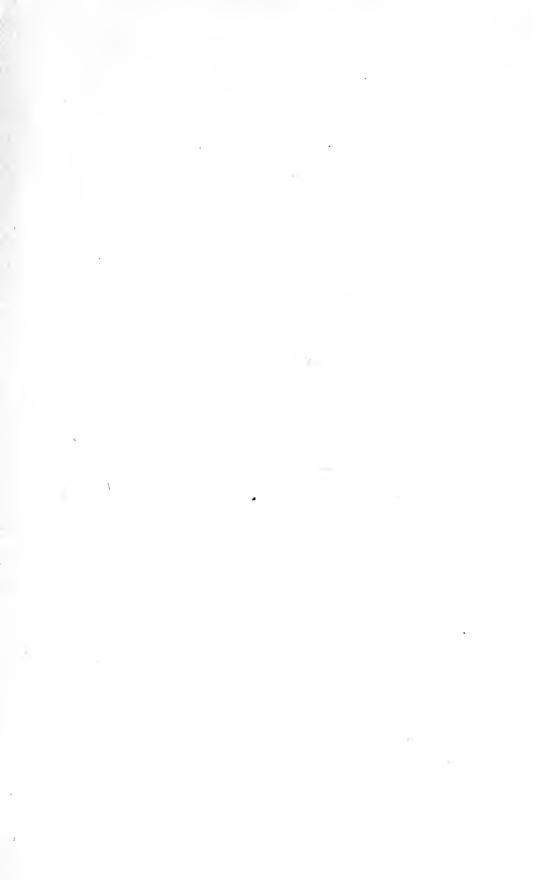
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1-2. Distolasifrias chelifera Ver. Type









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